This Transcript has not been proof read or corrected. It is a working tool for the Tribunal for use in preparing its judgment. It will 1 2 3 be placed on the Tribunal Website for readers to see how matters were conducted at the public hearing of these proceedings and is not to be relied on or cited in the context of any other proceedings. The Tribunal's judgment in this matter will be the final and 4 definitive record. 5 **IN THE COMPETITION** Case No.: see below list APPEAL TRIBUNAL 6 Victoria House, 7 8 Bloomsbury Place, London WC1A 2EB 9 10 22 November 2018 Before: 11 12 THE PRESIDENT: Mr Justice Roth 13 The Honourable Mr Justice Hildyard 14 **Hodge Malek OC** 15 (Sitting as a Tribunal in England and Wales) 16 17 18 Case: 1284/5/7/18 (T) Royal Mail Group Limited v DAF Trucks Limited & Ors 19 Case: 1290/5/7/18 (T) BT Group PLC & Ors v DAF Trucks Limited & Ors 20 Case: 1291/5/7/18 (T) Ryder Limited & Another v MAN SE & Ors 21 Case: 1292/5/7/18 (T) Suez Groupe SAS & Ors v Fiat Chrysler Automobiles N.V. & Ors 22 Case: 1293/5/7/18 (T) Veolia Environnement S.A. & Ors v Fiat Chrysler Automobiles N.V. & Ors

Case: 1294/5/7/18 (T) Wolseley UK Limited & Ors v Fiat Chrysler Automobiles N.V. & Ors

24 Case: 1295/5/7/18 (T) Dawsongroup Plc & Ors v DAF Trucks N.V. & Ors 25 26 Transcribed by **Opus 2 International Ltd**. 27 (Incorporating Beverley F. Nunnery & Co.) 28 Official Court Reporters and Audio Transcribers 29 5 New Street Square, London EC4A 3BF 30 Tel: 020 7831 5627 Fax: 020 7831 7737 31 civil@opus2.digital CMC - Day 2 32 IN OPEN COURT 33

1	Thursday, 22 November 2018
2	(12.09 pm)
3	CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE (continued)
4	(In open)
5	THE PRESIDENT: We are again being streamed through
6	to court 2.
7	So the question is where we go next. I think one
8	matter that was held over, for which we were keen in
9	everyone's interest to complete, is the question of the
10	confidentiality rings. I hope you have had a chance to look
11	at forms of order. Who is going to do that?
12	MR. WARD: I can explain as I understand it.
13	There is a text. There is a very large measure of
14	agreement. It is not complete agreement. I am told that
15	there is still room for discussion over lunch so that the
16	number of points the Tribunal has to consider can be further
17	narrowed.
18	THE PRESIDENT: Well, we are happy to deal with it
19	at whatever time is convenient, but we do think it should be
20	resolved today.
21	So in that case, is the next issue then
22	translation of documents before we get into other disclosure
23	matters? Can you give me just a moment to put some things
24	away?
25	(Pause)

1	Is it Mr. Harris or Ms. Demetriou?
2	MS. DEMETRIOU: Could I ask Mr. Harris to clarify
3	one matter, because I know he raised translation yesterday.
4	We have asked in correspondence whether his clients actually
5	have any convenience translations and would quite like to
6	know that before the Tribunal hears Mr. Harris' submissions
7	just to make sure that they are not entirely hypothetical.
8	THE PRESIDENT: Just to be clear, it originated
9	with your client's application.
10	MS. DEMETRIOU: That is correct.
11	THE PRESIDENT: You want there were two matters.
12	One is some arrangements so there can be for future
13	translations
14	MS. DEMETRIOU: I do not think that is in dispute.
15	THE PRESIDENT: rather than everyone incurring
16	the expense of doing it separately, when a document is
17	identified that is of value for more than one case or even
18	only in one case, if the two sides liaise and no doubt share
19	the costs.
20	There is a separate issue, which is translations
21	already made
22	MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes.
23	THE PRESIDENT: that you seek disclosure of those
24	where the original document is being disclosed, is that
25	right?

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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: That is correct. One or two of
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         the Defendants have confirmed they do have such documents.
 3
         Others have said they do not, but we have not heard from
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         Mr. Harris' clients whether Daimler do or do not have
         documents.
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                   THE PRESIDENT: Which of the defendants do?
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: DAF has confirmed it does have
         such documents. I think it is in our skeleton argument, so
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         we deal with it at -- so it is paragraph 64 on page-- sorry,
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         that is not the right one.
                   MR. MALEK: It is 47.
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Paragraph 47 --
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                   THE PRESIDENT: Paragraph 47.
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: -- of our skeleton argument.
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                   THE PRESIDENT: So Daimler -- just to be clear,
         Daimler has translations, but does not agree to disclose it.
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: This is resisted by DAF. We wrote
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         to Daimler asking whether they do have such translations.
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         I do not understand that we got a response. So we know that
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         it is an issue vis-á-vis DAF, but we do not know who else is
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         contesting it and indeed whether they have translations.
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                   THE PRESIDENT: Is the only company, the only
         Defendant group, that you know that actually has
23
         translations is DAF, is it?
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: I think that is right.
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Ι	THE PRESIDENT: Unless there has been some advance
2	MS. DEMETRIOU: Unless there has been some
3	advance. So my own point to start with is it would be
4	helpful if Daimler and the remaining Defendants can clarify
5	their situation now just so we know how much is in dispute.
6	THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Wait a minute. There is a
7	footnote 33.
8	MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes, we have had confirmation
9	from so DAF, Daimler and MAN DAF we know have got
10	translations.
11	MR. MALEK: If we could break it down. With DAF,
12	the translations, when were they made? Were they made
13	before the proceedings?
14	MR. PICKFORD: I can address that for Daimler
15	while Mr. Pickford is taking instructions. Subject to being
16	corrected, we did not produce other language translations of
17	documents from the file during the Commission's proceedings.
18	However, we have produced, that is to say the English
19	solicitors, for litigation purposes, this litigation, some
20	convenience translations of some or part of some documents
21	that came from the file, those documents.
22	MR. MALEK: So you produced translations for these
23	proceedings.
24	MR. HARRIS: For litigation purposes in these
25	proceedings, correct.

Τ	MR. MALEK: Those translations, have they been done
2	by lawyers?
3	MR. HARRIS: They have been done at the
4	requested direction of lawyers for litigation purposes,
5	which is one of the submissions I would like to develop. It
6	is fair to say that some of them have been done by outside
7	translating people. They have not all been done by a
8	multi-lingual polyglot Quinn Emanuel employee, but some of
9	them have.
LO	To pick up a point I would develop in due course,
L1	they are not official in the sense none of them are
L2	official in the sense
L3	MR. MALEK: I want to clarify. To what extent are
L 4	the translations by lawyers acting for your clients as
L5	opposed to people who are not lawyers?
L 6	MR. HARRIS: I think the minority are by
L7	actual lawyers.
L8	MR. MALEK: Okay.
L 9	MR. HARRIS: But all of them have been at the
20	direction of lawyers, even though the actual translation
21	might have been done by
22	THE PRESIDENT: Yes, we understand that. Only a
23	lawyer could ask for the translation, not anybody else.
24	MR. HARRIS: Yes, although the important point
25	vet to be developed is why?

1	THE PRESIDENT: Yes. No, we understand that. Just
2	again, we just want to get the factual framework. About how
3	many, not necessary to the nearest number, documents are we
4	talking about?
5	MR. HARRIS: Less than 1% of the file
6	documents.
7	THE PRESIDENT: In numbers. Is it the total file?
8	The file is I think some 37
9	MR. HARRIS: In the hundreds. Speaking only, of
10	course, for Daimler.
11	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
12	MR. MALEK: Yes.
13	THE PRESIDENT: A few hundred documents that
14	Daimler had translated for the purpose of these proceedings.
15	MR. HARRIS: Of these proceedings, correct.
16	THE PRESIDENT: So that is Daimler.
17	DAF, again, you have translations.
18	MR. PICKFORD: We have translations, yes.
19	THE PRESIDENT: They have been done by?
20	MR. PICKFORD: They have been done by both lawyers
21	and external translators.
22	MR. MALEK: When?
23	MR. PICKFORD: For the purposes of these
24	proceedings, but not for the purpose of the Commission
25	investigation.

1 THE PRESIDENT: Then the third company, I think, 2 that has translations is MAN. 3 MR. JOWELL: If I may take instructions. THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 4 MR. MALEK: What is the volume for you for DAF? 5 MR. PICKFORD: I do not know the answer to that 6 7 question. 8 MR. MALEK: You do not know. That is fine. 9 MR. HOSKINS: While Mr. Jowell is taking 10 instructions, can I give you the Volvo position, if that is convenient. I think there has been a misunderstanding. 11 12 Volvo does have convenience translations. I do not want 13 there to be any misunderstanding about that. They were 14 produced for the purposes of the Commission investigation. 15 They were produced by a variety of different people. Some 16 were by Contrast, who were a law firm acting for Volvo in 17 the Commission investigation, some by Eversheds, some by external translators, depending upon the languages involved. 18 There are around 2,600 of those convenience translations. 19 20 THE PRESIDENT: These are translations into 21 English? MR. HOSKINS: I cannot hear you, sir. 22 THE PRESIDENT: I am sorry. These are translations 23 into English, not in Swedish. 24

MR. HOSKINS: Correct. I want to make submissions

- 1 to you about our position in relation to the disclosure of
- 2 those.
- 3 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, we are just trying to get a
- 4 feel for who is involved and how much we are talking about.
- 5 MR. HOSKINS: Yes.
- 6 MR. HARRIS: Can I just clarify one matter?
- 7 I want to be complete.
- 8 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 9 MR. HARRIS: Some translations for Daimler were
- done on Commission file documents during the administrative
- 11 phase, but not into English. They were into German.
- MR. MALEK: I do not think anyone will be
- interested in those.
- 14 MR. HARRIS: Just because I said a minute ago
- I did not think any had been done.
- 16 THE PRESIDENT: The ones into English are for the
- 17 purpose of these proceedings.
- MR. HARRIS: Correct.
- THE PRESIDENT: Mr. Jowell.
- 20 MR. JOWELL: The position of MAN is that MAN
- agreed a language waiver with the Commission in
- October 2013, so it was not required to provide translated
- 23 documents to the Commission as part of their original
- 24 investigation.
- 25 So far as documents that have been disclosed in

- 1 these proceedings to date, Commission file documents that 2 have been disclosed, we are not aware of any translations 3 that have been made into English. We will have to 4 double-check that, but to the best of our information at the 5 moment, that is the position. THE PRESIDENT: Footnote 33 to the skeleton says 6 7 the other Defendants have confirmed they did not produce 8 translations, so we take it that that is correct, is it, as 9 regards your client? 10 MS. BACON: Yes, no translations. MR. KENNELLY: The same for Scania. 11 12 THE PRESIDENT: The same for Scania. 13 So Ms. Demetriou, this concerns Daimler, MAN and 14 Volvo. 15 MS. DEMETRIOU: That is very helpful. Thank you. THE PRESIDENT: So who is going to -- where there 16 is the application. Mr. Harris, you were starting to deal 17 with this yesterday. Have you agreed it between you? 18 19 MR. PICKFORD: We have not. If I can just 20 explain. There is a small issue which we need to address
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

first --

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MR. PICKFORD: -- which is that the application as
made by VSW is against my clients only. So in their
skeleton argument, paragraph 2, they seek to rely on the

- 1 witness statement of Anna Morfey and the orders that are
- 2 attached to her witness statement. If one goes to the
- 3 Veolia Suez bundle, bundle B, tab 2, we see their draft
- 4 order. If the Tribunal could please go to page 4 of the
- 5 draft order.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 7 MR. PICKFORD: That deals with file disclosure and
- 8 then at 8(C), it is addressed that DAF will provide
- 9 available convenience translations of documents disclosed
- 10 pursuant to the disclosure order.
- 11 It is consequential upon DAF providing inspection
- of the documents that it is providing, because, of course,
- that is the party who were sued first who has been providing
- disclosure of the decision and the file.
- 15 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MR. PICKFORD: Sir, perhaps it is sensible to
- 17 clarify this then because what it says in my learned friend
- Ms. Demetriou's skeleton is that VSW seek inspection of any
- 19 convenience translations made by DAF, Daimler and MAN. We
- 20 had understood the proposal of the Tribunal yesterday would
- 21 be, if it is to be produced subject to our submissions, that
- 22 it would be from all of the parties who had such
- 23 translations.
- 24 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Well, that was how
- 25 I understood paragraph 47 of the skeleton. I had not looked

- 1 at any draft orders.
- 2 Ms. Demetriou.
- 3 MS. DEMETRIOU: My learned friends make a fair 4 point. The order that we sought relates to DAF's disclosure 5 and the reason for that, of course, is because DAF is the 6 only party that has provided disclosure thus far. So the 7 request related to the file documents provided by DAF. So that is correct that the order that we sought related to the 9 disclosure already received. The Tribunal will perceive 10 that there is a point of principle here that will be 11 relevant going forwards once the other Defendants give 12 disclosure.
- 13 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

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- MS. DEMETRIOU: It is a technical matter. It is true that our application relates to the disclosure hitherto given by DAF.
 - THE PRESIDENT: But given that the documents in their original language have all been disclosed by DAF, you are not going to seek re-disclosure from other Defendants of documents you have already got in the file because you have got those documents. It is only the translations that you are going to want.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: It is the convenience
 translations. It is -- as drafted, it is a reasonably
 narrow application.

Τ	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
2	MS. DEMETRIOU: Of course, there is a wider point
3	of principle going forward in terms of convenience
4	translations that may be held by the Defendants insofar as
5	disclosures then ordered in relation to the Defendants.
6	THE PRESIDENT: Unless there is strong objection,
7	Mr. Harris clearly is not taken by surprise because he has
8	anticipated this.
9	MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes.
10	THE PRESIDENT: It seems to me that it is sensible
11	that we should give you permission to seek disclosure also
12	from Daimler and unless either Mr. Jowell or Mr. Hoskins, say
13	they are taken by surprise, from their clients of the
14	convenience translations they have of documents in the file,
15	which you have already got in the original.
16	MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, I am grateful.
17	THE PRESIDENT: Are you content?
18	MR. HARRIS: I am happy to deal with both
19	practical issues to begin with, so discretionary case
20	management issues which may, we respectfully contend,
21	dispose of the application.
22	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
23	MR. HARRIS: Then, as you know from yesterday,
24	there is an important point of legal principle too. I will
25	obviously constrain these submissions as much as I can, but

1 on the second limb, a legal part, there are one or two 2 material matters on which I want to show you a case or two. 3 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 4 MR. HARRIS: On a practical point, we say this is 5 really a question of balanced case management. As we understand it, everyone accepts that there should be, going 6 7 forward, one set of agreed translations. The reason for that is so that we are not forever arguing in a satellite 9 manner about what documents actually mean in English. 10 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. MR. HARRIS: So it makes good sense, just focusing 11 12 on the other part of this that we are all agreed, to agree a 13 translator, agree a cost, agree a process and a timescale 14 and agree some kind of sharing of the costs mechanism. 15 has the advantage --16 THE PRESIDENT: That is agreed by everyone. 17 MR. HARRIS: Yes. I just want to emphasise the 18 reason why that is important because it leads to 19 consistency, not only across these cases before you today, 20 but also for future cases which we all anticipate. 21 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Can you pause just a moment. 22 Sorry. 23 Yes. 24 MR. HARRIS: I am grateful. This echoes, if I may

respectfully put it like this, the remarks of you,

- 1 Mr. Chairman, yesterday on page 189 that:
- 2 "The real concern is that at no point should we be
- 3 presented with competing translations which are different."
- 4 We completely share that sentiment.
- 5 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

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MR. HARRIS: The difficulty now with the 6 7 application that is being proposed against MAN, Volvo, DAF 8 and my own client is it will give rise to the disclosure 9 where it to be granted, with multiple different copies 10 produced on a fairly ad hoc or any way differing basis of non-agreed translations. So there will be non-agreed 11 12 translations produced ad hoc at a degree of reliability or 13 otherwise from my client, potentially some from MAN, 14 potentially some from DAF and potentially some from Volvo. 15 What is more, it does not end there, because it would also, if these are to be disclosed, extend to translations that 16 are produced by the Claimants because they also go to the 17 same documents. 18

So the sentiment of the Tribunal yesterday about "avoiding being presented with competing translations" is exactly what would happen if there is to be disclosure now of this multiplicity of different translations.

I further emphasise the point that these are translations that are produced in different ways for different purposes, so it might be that there is a line in

1	the middle of the document that is translated, but in, say,
2	the DAF version, there might be three lines or three other
3	lines or it might be that some have been given a higher
4	grade translation and some have been given an informal
5	lawyers working only-type translation.
6	That by itself gives rise to questions about
7	accuracy and reliability. So not only will there be
8	different versions, but within them, if you like, there will
9	be different grades of different versions and that is
10	potentially from multiple different sources.
11	What we say is that that would swiftly degenerate
12	into exactly the mire of conflicting or competing
13	translations that both the Tribunal and we seek to avoid.
14	What we say is that that is not a sensible way, simply as a
15	matter of case management.
16	In this regard, I am going to be referring to
17	Sumitomo in the second part of these submissions in
18	any event, but could I invite your attention to it now on
19	this first part, just case management, please.
20	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
21	MR. HARRIS: It is to be found in authorities
22	bundle number 1, prepared by Hausfeld. It is at tab 13,
23	I believe. Sumitomo in the Court of Appeal.

I would just like, if I may -- I am going to be

coming back to it, as I said, but just on this first point

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1	of case management, the case concerned multinationals
2	disputing financial transactions, but you do not need to
3	know about the facts. The only issue is
4	THE PRESIDENT: It was the rogue copper trader, was it
5	not?
6	MR. HARRIS: It was a rogue, correct, sir. There
7	was a selection made by one of the corporations'
8	English-instructed lawyers of translation into English of
9	relevant documents, including, in some cases, and I am just
10	reading from the headnote here at (d), indicating a degree
11	of priority appropriate for each. Then the question was,
12	well, are they to be disclosed and what is the relevance of
13	privilege?
14	Privilege I am going to come back to, but just for
15	the moment on case management, we pick it up in paragraph 79
16	in the leading judgment, Lord Justice Parker, I believe.
17	What he says at 79 is he quotes from Lord Justice Bingham in
18	the well-known case of <i>Ventouris v Mountain</i> . What
19	he says is it is not a dichotomy. Perhaps I could invite
20	you to read the indented extract for Ventouris.
21	(Pause)
22	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
23	MR. HARRIS: It is a simple point, fairly trite,
24	but on the question of case management, just because
25	something might not be privileged it does not have to be

- ordered to be disclosed.
- 2 What we say is that for the reasons that I have
- 3 already outlined, and one or two more I will come on to in
- 4 the context of making the second part of these submissions,
- 5 there is no justification for ordering inspection of these
- 6 translations here. It gives rise to the very evil we
- 7 are all keen to avoid.
- 8 So that is the first set of submissions, I hope
- 9 nice and brief.
- 10 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 11 MR. HARRIS: Then there is another reason. This
- is an important reason of principle. Anything to do with
- this fundamental common law right of legal professional
- 14 privilege is potentially important. We say it arises here.
- 15 As in the Sumitomo case, there has, certainly in
- 16 the case of Daimler -- I cannot speak for the other
- Defendants, but certainly in our case and I venture to
- 18 suspect for the others -- there has been an exercise of
- 19 lawyers' skill and judgment in selecting for translation, in
- 20 the context of ongoing English litigation, documents for
- 21 translation into English.
- 22 The point that arises is that that exercise of
- 23 lawyers' skill and judgment, what the North Americans might
- 24 call attorney work product, is capable of betraying the
- 25 trend of a lawyer's legal advice and/or of revealing or

- indicating the substance of that advice. This is a well-known proposition.
- 3 So if I could go back to Sumitomo and
- 4 pick it up this time in paragraph 72 on the previous page.
- 5 I have not burdened the Tribunal with actually bringing
- 6 Lyell v Kennedy here because I want to keep the

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- 7 submissions short as I can, but you can see in paragraph 72
- 8 it is said in the second line, the second sentence.
- 9 "Lyell v Kennedy is undoubtedly authority

 10 for the proposition that where a solicitor has copied or

 11 assembled a selection of third party documents the selection

 12 will be privileged if its production would "betray the trend

 13 of the advice which he is giving the client"."

We suspect, before I develop that point and how it works as a matter of the law of privilege -- with great respect, we suspect that is what is really going on here.

We suspect that the Claimants really want to see these documents or parts of these documents, upon which they will then know that we, the lawyers, in the context of this litigation that they mount have being giving advice about those documents.

We say that that is plain, although I accept it is an inference. We say it is a plain inference because we know perfectly well that the Claimant firms, and this certainly extends to Hausfeld who mount the application, are

1	big, multi-jurisdiction firms with plenty of foreign
2	language capability of their own. For instance, Hausfeld
3	has a sizeable German office and conducts a lot of German
4	litigation. It conducts litigation around Europe. If you
5	went on to their website, which I did this morning, you will
6	see that they also have offices in Belgium, France and
7	Sweden. In fact, you can even access their site in those
8	other languages.
9	THE PRESIDENT: Can I interrupt you to ask for some
10	clarification? You told us it is a few hundred documents.
11	Are they documents that come from your client or are they
12	documents that originated with some of the other addressees?
13	MR. HARRIS: They are both, sir. I shall develop
14	that because I cannot mislead you. There are other parts of
15	Sumitomo that need to be
16	THE PRESIDENT: But the Court of Appeal makes that
17	distinction.
18	MR. HARRIS: It does. I shall expressly address
19	that in a moment. It is fair to say there are both.
20	I have just been handed a note that we have
21	909 pages that have been translated, which includes parts of
22	some documents. It is obviously for the reasons I have
23	already given, you do not necessarily translate all of the

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

document in its entirety.

Τ	MR. HARRIS: 30, the first point that I was just
2	developing is we suspect that what is really going on here
3	is precisely that they want to see, the Claimants one can
4	understand why if one were in the Claimants' shoes
5	documents that we have identified as being the important
6	ones and indeed the particular parts and the particular
7	degree and amount of translation, because it will start to,
8	and I am here quoting from Lyell v Kennedy,
9	"betray the trend of the advice" that we have been giving
10	our clients. That will be all the more so if it turns out
11	that my client has translated, say, a particular paragraph
12	of a particular document and every other Defendant has done
13	the same.
14	THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Whatever the motives, as
15	regards Lyell, in Sumitomo, the
16	Court of Appeal considers Lyell v Kennedy and
17	expresses its conclusion at paragraph 77.
18	MR. HARRIS: Yes.
19	THE PRESIDENT: In our judgment, therefore, the
20	Lyell v Kennedy principle should not and does not extend to
21	copies of translations which represent the fruits of the
22	selection made for litigious purposes from client-owned
23	documents.
24	MR. HARRIS: I shall address you on that.
25	MR. MALEK: It raises the issue of what you mean by

1	client-owned documents. Does it mean once the client has
2	possession of a document, you take a translation of that, it
3	is treated as client's own documents or is there a
4	distinction between documents that clients obtain from a
5	third-party or not? Then
6	MR. HARRIS: May I take both of those points
7	together straightaway? We agree that is what this
8	Court of Appeal judgment says. We also note there is a
9	clear distinction in this judgment between, on the one hand,
10	"own client documents" and, on the other hand, the phrase
11	that is used in paragraph 72 and 75, "third-party
12	documents".
13	Now, at the moment, we are arguing about
14	translations of documents that are somewhere on the
15	Commission file. It goes without saying that some of those
16	documents, and at least in ordinary parlance, would be
17	described as third-party documents. They are not
18	Daimler-produced or generated documents. A lot of those
19	documents are DAF documents or MAN documents or Volvo
20	documents, all of them.
21	So we would say that if nothing else, if nothing
22	else, we ought to be able to defend a disclosure order of
23	translations insofar as they are properly to be called
24	third-party documents of that kind.

We also note that -- it is only fair to draw your

1	attention to the final sentence in paragraph 76, because
2	I want you to know that there are other things going on in
3	this case. What it says there at the Court of Appeal is
4	that there is potentially not an ability on the part of a
5	client like mine to refuse discovery of documentary evidence
6	that was in the possession of that party before the
7	selection was made.

So there is yet another concept there. So there are two concepts here. There is own client versus third-party. I have two points there.

First of all, we do have what would ordinarily be called third-party and we would like to defend that.

Secondly, just so you are under no doubt, we do not accept that distinction. I know it is in a Court of Appeal case and I know it is expressed fairly clearly, but there are counterarguments. This is an important common law right.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, because one thing that is going through my mind, but I have not discussed it with my colleagues, is of course we will hear your argument, but if we were to conclude that -- I will not say the Court of Appeal was right. It is not for us to arrogate to ourselves such a conclusion. But if we felt we should follow or aim to follow what the Court of Appeal appears to say, is that each of the various Defendants that have translations would disclose translations of their own

1	documents. That would avoid multiple translations, the
2	point you made earlier, because obviously there would not be
3	overlapping documents. Then the Claimants can see what is
4	left.
5	I note that in Sumitomo, as a matter of
6	disclosure, all the translations were disclosed. What was
7	resisted was inspection on the grounds of privilege. So you
8	have to disclose them.
9	MR. HARRIS: Yes, that is not
10	THE PRESIDENT: So one would see and the Claimants
11	could see from a list actually how many other documents
12	remain that somebody had translated that were not their own,
13	which nobody else has translated.
14	MR. MALEK: If I could interrupt, my understanding
15	of the Palermo principle is, when they are talking
16	about third-party documents, they are talking about
17	documents held by a third-party. Once the client has got
18	copies of the documents itself, then they are treated as a
19	client's document. So I am not sure whether your
20	distinction is correct.
21	MR. HARRIS: Well, that, with respect
22	MR. MALEK: It may come into the discretion at the
23	end of the day whether we apply the Ventouris v Mountain

discretion, but I am not sure whether you are right

about the distinction between client and non-client

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1 documents.

You know, if the documents are at the Commission and someone goes and inspects them and translates them at the Commission, then that is a third-party document. But if someone gets copies from the Commission and then it is held by your client, they do become your client's documents.

MR. HARRIS: Well, let me take that by three answers. First of all, we say that that is not entirely clear in this case, third-party, what is meant, versus own client. In the context of these having come from Commission through access to the file, which is shrouded in all kinds of limitations --

MR. MALEK: Yes.

MR. HARRIS: -- these are not own client documents that we have always had and we can do with them what we choose, including disclosure and allowing inspection. As we know from other matters that have been going on at the CMC, some of which I have not been in, there are all kinds of limitations and all kinds of involvements by other parties, including the Commission. That is the first point.

Two points so far. Not entirely clear and in any event, there is a factual nuance here, the second point, about how and where we got these documents and what we can do with them.

The third point is, going back to directly related

to what Mr. Malek says, at the end of 76, where it says

"were in the possession of the party before the selection

was made", taken literally, yes, we had some Commission file

documents, including documents from other people. They had

to be in our possession before we could make the convenience

translations. But it is important to understand what the

rationale is for that case.

You can pick it up from paragraph 76 itself. What it is talking about is circumstances in which there have been underlying disclosable documents, but then they get destroyed or mislaid. The particular example given in paragraph 76 is imagine that the remainder of the disclosable documents were destroyed in a fire.

In those circumstances, can the person who holds either the copies or the translations, say, "Well, hold on a minute. You are not having them because of this attorney work product privilege." In those circumstances, one can see that possibly the interests of justice are such that, notwithstanding there has been an application of attorney skill and expertise, without them, the other side will not have anything.

That was driving -- that is driving paragraph 76 in what leads to the final sentence, but that is expressly not the position here. The position here is that the Hausfeld Claimants and, for that matter, the other Claimants

- have the underlying documents. What they want is further
 versions of the underlying documents that they have already
 got and that they can read, they ought to be able to read,
 they have this multi-lingual capability. Indeed, what on
 earth have they been doing so far if they have not used that
 multi-lingual capability?
- But it is not a case in which there is any danger

 of these underlying documents suddenly disappearing now.

 They are well and truly out there. So none of these

 question marks about fire or other destruction or

 misleading, which is the other case -- I cannot go through

 all of them, but those are the other cases referred to -
 that simply does not arise.

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- THE PRESIDENT: I mean, in Sumitomo as

 well, the documents were disclosed in their original. So

 they got them, the Claimants' lawyers -- sorry, the

 Defendants' lawyers, I think it is, got the Japanese

 version. What they wanted was the translation that Sumitomo

 had of the same documents.
- MR. HARRIS: Sir, I accept that. I accept that on
 the facts of *Sumitomo*, that is what happened. But
 nevertheless, that is what is driving the reference to
 possession and we say it feeds into the distinction between
 own client and third-party documents.
- 25 MR. MALEK: Am I right in understanding, and I may

be wrong about this, that in Sumitomo the 1 2 translations were not made for the purposes of those 3 proceedings? It was actually for the earlier stage when 4 they had the subpoena stage. 5 MR. HARRIS: I have to check that. 6 MR. MALEK: I can see one thing, which is if 7 someone has pre-existing translations and you can ask them 8 to produce it, if, for the very proceedings you are 9 fighting, you are making translations all the time, so 10 Hausfeld Claimants will be making translations of the documents as they go along, does that mean if they translate 11 12 a document, they are under a duty to disclose it to you 13 subject to a court order? 14 MR. HARRIS: This can be checked while I am on my 15 feet. My understanding is that the selection for translation into English of relevant documents was for the 16 regulatory investigations. That can be checked because 17 18 I certainly cannot --19 MR. MALEK: The question is: were they prepared for 20 the actual proceedings which were on foot in England? My 21 recollection is that they were not, but maybe --MR. HARRIS: That is my recollection and it will 22 23 be checked. What I can absolutely guarantee you, and I am expressly not waiving privilege --24

MR. JOWELL: It is a mixture.

Τ	MR. MALEK: Is it a mixture?
2	THE PRESIDENT: I think it is a mixture. I think
3	in paragraph 8, what they refer to as the Paul Weiss
4	documents, which was the bulk of them, which were for the
5	purposes of an FTC subpoena. Then Ashursts, that is
6	paragraph 8, some more documents for translation. Last
7	sentence of paragraph 8, all that was done for the purpose
8	of the present action.
9	MR. MALEK: Right, fair enough.
10	MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: It is not altogether easy to see what
11	the fire thing has do with the price of cheese, accept the
12	Court of Appeal says it does, because privilege is absolute.
13	Once you have established legal professional privilege,
14	necessity will not deny the right.
15	What is interesting is the last sentence of 76,
16	which goes to the question of why was Dubai Bank v Galadari
17	wrongly decided? That is the central thing.
18	Mr Justice Morritt in <i>Dubai v Galadari</i> said you
19	cannot have these because they offer a window into the
20	strategy or legal advice which has been given. You can see
21	that from the selection made, whether internally or of the
22	documents.
23	But the Court of Appeal says that is wrong, but
24	wrong in what context? Wrong in the context of documents
25	which were in their possession prior to litigation privilege

1	being a thing or, Baldock, and that is including
2	those documents, translations made, in the context which
3	otherwise you might think might give rise to litigation
4	privilege. That is the central point, is it not?
5	MR. HARRIS: With respect, ves. What we say is

MR. HARRIS: With respect, yes. What we say is that that is -- I will take that one right on the head. We do not agree. There are powerful arguments that can still be mounted that we would wish to mount because the documents that we are talking about from my client are without doubt selected by the exercise of exercise of expert skill and lawyer's judgment for these proceedings. That is what we are arguing about.

We say that that is capable under the Lyell test of betraying the trend of the advice and potentially the advice, particularly when one then combines them with other OEM's documents. That would need to be -- if that is to be ordered against me, that would need to be set out clear so, if necessary, we would take it further before any actual inspection takes place, because we do not accept that that is right.

Interestingly, and to develop this point a little bit further, we had, Mr. Malek, sir, regard to your helpful test prior to yesterday's intervention and seen the Han v Cho case. If I could just hand up now both an extract from your -- I think you, members of the

- 1 Tribunal, already have that. If I could hand out some
- 2 copies of the very short extract from your book and the
- 3 $Han\ v\ Cho\ case\ that\ you\ cite.$
- 4 We draw further support from that case. We accept
- 5 it is only persuasive, but I have got this case and one
- 6 other from Canada. Sorry, whilst we are passing things out,
- 7 I will pass out the other one as well. They are quite
- 8 short, these extracts. (Same handed)
- 9 There are several copies here for the Tribunal.
- 10 You should have three short handouts. The first is a short
- 11 extract from Mr. Malek's disclosure book that I will take
- 12 first. Then there is the $Han \ v \ Cho$ case to which
- his book refers. Then there is a supplemental point from
- 14 the Bilfinger Berger case in Canada in the
- 15 BC Supreme Court.
- 16 So taking it first with the extract from the book
- 17 under the section G translations, there is reference of
- 18 course to Sumitomo. Then in footnote 126,
- 19 reference to the *Han v Cho* case in the
- 20 British Colombia Supreme Court, where it is suggested that
- 21 unofficial translations done in-house as a result of the
- 22 legal team's effort were privileged. This is a common law
- 23 jurisdiction and builds upon, expressly upon, the Lyell
- line of authority.
- 25 The case itself, it does it not really add

- anything to the footnote, but just so you have got it, the relevant passage is at paragraph 10 where the learned judge of the Supreme Court BC says:
- "I do not agree that if a party has an unofficial translation of a document prepared in-house as part of its legal team efforts, the in-house translation must be produced pursuant to [disclosure]."
- 8 MR. MALEK: The problem is *Sumitomo* was 9 not cited there.
- MR. HARRIS: I do accept that. It has been

 followed in further cases, one of which I will show you. It

 is expressly a common law professional privilege

 jurisdiction where it is treated as a fundamental common law

 right.

15 What is interesting here is that it is essentially 16 a reflection, if you go on to read the next page, she declines to follow a Master's decision in Ontario. The 17 reason that she declines to follow it is because she is 18 19 concerned about the proposition of a lawyer's work product 20 losing privilege simply because it is a translation. That 21 is essentially my point. This is genuine lawyers' work 22 product, exercise of skill and care, that is capable of 23 betraying the trend and potentially even the substance of the advice. That is a truly fundamental right. 24

25 Just to finish it off, additional points come out

1	from it is in fact the same judge in the Bilfinger Berger
2	case. I only need to take you to two passages.
3	She cites her own case of Han v Cho in
4	paragraph 11. Then the only passages I would like to draw
5	your attention to are additional points at number 15:
6	"The problem with requiring the Bilfinger Berger
7	parties to translate documents is that it can give rise to a
8	whole new area of issues arising out of whether or not the
9	translation was accurate or deliberately misleading."
10	I hope that is not the case here, but
11	nevertheless, you can see the point. It could be
12	inadvertently misleading or inaccurate. I have essentially
13	made the point.
14	What she says is:
15	"It has the danger of raising a subcategory of
16	collateral issues in the litigation."
17	That is exactly our case. We could have all
18	manner of disputes about how Daimler have disclosed, is it
19	accurate, has it been reliable, is it the same as somebody
20	else?
21	MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: That is a Ventouris v Mountain
22	point, not a privilege point. On the privilege
23	point, does it come back back to 76 and the last bit when
24	the Court of Appeal says:
25	"A lawyer's advice is privileged from discovery

- should not result in the right of a party to refuse

 discovery of documentary evidence that was in the possession
- 3 of that party before the selection was made, or copies or
- 4 translations of such evidence."
- 5 Does that last phrase cover any documents whenever
- 6 made and for whatever purpose?
- 7 MR. HARRIS: Well, if it does, we say it is wrong
- 8 and we had like to be able to argue that point before the
- 9 cat is out of the bag. I do not resile from taking that
- 10 position.
- 11 THE PRESIDENT: So you say then the procedure would
- 12 be that, as we are bound by the Court of Appeal, that we
- give our judgment and give you permission to appeal.
- 14 Arguably, you have to go all the way.
- 15 MR. HARRIS: In the ultimate instance, were I to
- fail on the case management point, in the ultimate instance,
- 17 yes.
- THE PRESIDENT: No, because you say your position
- is this is wrong, what the Court of Appeal says.
- MR. HARRIS: If it to be decided on that point,
- 21 yes, we say that is wrong. We cannot let the cat out of the
- 22 bag before that is re-ventilated.
- THE PRESIDENT: Well, the cat, in the other sense,
- is bound by the Court of Appeal. Indeed, so, in a sense, is
- 25 the Court of Appeal. So we cannot -- we are not in a

position to give you a certificate to go straight to the

Supreme Court because we have not got the jurisdiction. So

that would be the course you have to take if you want to say

that we should not follow Sumitomo.

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MR. HARRIS: If that is right, then yes. That is at one extreme. What I would endeavour to persuade you is this is all making a bit of a mountain out of a molehill, because we do not need do it in the first place. The reason you do not need to do it in the first place is because of the case management reasons that I have already given and the discretions available to the CAT.

12 I just add this. You see there is another level 13 of expenditure, time and resource that is required if this 14 was to be done properly. I would have to have the 15 opportunity, as was done in Sumitomo by the 16 Paul Weiss lawyer and the Ashurst lawyer, to put in evidence about what I say is -- and it would include at least the 17 18 following categories: what is an own client document as 19 opposed to a third-party? Whether I genuinely have 20 possession, at least possession as a matter of fact in the 21 sense that is contemplated in the Sumitomo case, 22 bearing in mind how I got it and what my limited degree of control is over those documents, access to the file. Then 23 I have to provide evidence without waiving privilege -- it 24 is careful document, as they say in this case -- why either 25

- some or all of those translations are capable of betraying the trend or the content of the legal advice.
- Then I have to have regard, to do that properly,

 to the translations that are or capable of or are

 potentially going to be disclosed by the people because it

 might be all of a piece rather than looking at in isolation.
- 7 Then the court has to decide, "Right, well, are your points 8 made good on that evidence?"
- 9 MR. MALEK: We may have competing translations.
- 10 MR. HARRIS: You may have competing translations.
- MR. MALEK: You may have three translations of the same document.
- 13 MR. HARRIS: On top of that, the additional category is I would certainly endeavour to persuade this 14 15 Tribunal with the evidence, let alone a higher court if that ever arose, that I could avail myself of the $Han\ v\ Cho$, 16 if you like, further point. Are they in-house? 17 18 Are they properly to fall within the meaning or, at any 19 rate, the principle behind those words that are used? 20 I would say definitely yes in my case. Although they are 21 not in-house in the sense that every one of them has been 22 done by a lawyer who works for Quinn Emanuel or one of the 23 other Daimler instructed firms, some of them were, so they are all square. But they are certainly all unofficial, as 24

I understand that word to be used in Han v Cho.

1 None of them have been produced, that translation, 2 in court or in a formal court document or in a pleading. 3 I would like to address you, if you are against me 4 on the case management point, on all of those five points in 5 evidence before the decision is taken. Then, if I were to lose because of the final sentence of paragraph 76 about 6 7 having them in possession, then we say that that is wrong. We say there are a number of hurdles to go through before 8 that. It is lot of expense and time and effort and a trip 9 10 to a higher court potentially which simply is not necessary. It is all a sideshow. 11 12 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, just a moment. 13 [The Panel conferred] 14 MR. PICKFORD: Sir, can I just check that the 15 Tribunal is not deliberating on what the decision is? 16 THE PRESIDENT: No, no, no. Mr. Pickford, we would not deliberate on the decision without the pleasure of 17 listening to you and, indeed, also Mr. Hoskins, whose 18 19 clients are affected by this, and I think Mr. Jowell said 20 his client is not aware that they have any, so maybe not 21 Mr. Jowell on this occasion. 22 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: The essence of what you are saying is 23 look, Tribunal, there is an easy and a difficult way. easy way is to deal with this as a matter of necessity or 24

proportionality. If you are not going along with that, you

- are going to get into a load of evidence and probably the

 Supreme Court.
- 3 MR. HARRIS: It --
- 4 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Putting it brutally, which is, in a 5 way, what you are doing.
- MR. HARRIS: In my submissions I hope to have been 6 7 forcefully putting that blunt point. But actually, at the risk of being even more blunt, this is an exercise in 9 futility for this reason. If you were to be against me, 10 I would obviously have to at least have the right to try to persuade a higher court otherwise. That would take however 11 12 long it takes. In the meantime, we could simply have got on 13 with the agreed set of translations across the board. So 14 this is all utterly pointless. The cat cannot be let out of 15 the bag, my favourite phrase, until I have had the 16 opportunity to take it higher. What would be the point? It would be dealt with in any event. For that reason, we say 17 18 this is not good case management or right in principle.
- 19 THE PRESIDENT: Well, give us just a moment,
 20 because we are due to rise for lunch in any event, but we
 21 will just take a moment.
- MR. HARRIS: Thank you.
- [The Panel conferred]
- 24 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Ms. Demetriou, we have heard 25 what Mr. Harris says. None of these translations, as we see

- it, as it were, will be the official translations for the purposes of any hearing, if they are relevant.
- 3 It is not just a question of whether it is 4 disclosable. There is also now a question of just the 5 proportionality of how we approach this. We can see that it gives rise to certain difficulties of law, even before you 6 7 get any question of evidence. The languages involved, you 8 are obviously capable of getting your own informal 9 translations in the meantime at a cost which, in the context 10 of the costs of this case, are not really very significant. So what is really the point of pursuing this all of the way 11 12 now?
- MS. DEMETRIOU: I have a number of points I would like to make. In a sense, it is our application.
- Mr. Harris was so keen to get going, I did not have a chance to open the application. I would like to be able to reply properly to the application.
 - THE PRESIDENT: No, you can. But before -- we appreciate your application. What I am saying is we then will hear Mr. Pickford and Mr. Hoskins and you will then have a right to reply to all three.

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MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes. Well, may I in a nutshell -THE PRESIDENT: Obviously, it is not going to
happen now, but what we would like you to reflect on over
lunch is, in any event, even if the point on privilege turns

- 1 out to be bad, there is a discretion in the Tribunal on
- disclosure and whether really, as it were, this game is
- 3 worth the gamble in the context of everything else.
- 4 MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, I am going to address that
- 5 point. May I in a nutshell tell before that just tell you
- 6 our answer and develop it afterwards?
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 8 MS. DEMETRIOU: In a nutshell, we say all of these
- 9 so-called disproportionate concerns and degeneration into
- 10 chaos submissions are grossly overblown. When one analyses
- 11 Sumitomo, it is plain they have absolutely no
- argument on privilege that these documents are to be treated
- as disclosable documents.
- 14 Of course, the court always has a discretion
- whether to permit inspection. We accept that. In the kind
- of case that was discussed in Sumitomo, for
- 17 example, where that might give rise to intimidation of
- 18 witnesses and so on, it is a discretion that the court
- 19 enjoys.
- 20 But there is no compelling reason here, in
- 21 circumstances where the courts treat these documents as
- 22 essentially the same as the original document, so the
- 23 principles that apply are identical. There is no good
- 24 reason here why the Tribunal should exercise its discretion
- 25 against our client. In a nutshell, what we are seeking here

- 1 is that the descent into chaos simply will not arise.
- THE PRESIDENT: Well, we have got your summary.
- 3 The other problem is that even if you are right
- 4 about Sumitomo, and it binds us, Mr. Harris made
- 5 clear that he wants to argue in another place that Sumitomo
- is wrongly decided, even though one does note it is
- 7 by what can be fairly described as a strong Court of Appeal.
- 8 But they want that opportunity. So there will be
- 9 considerable delay in any event --
- 10 MS. DEMETRIOU: Well, sir, Mr. Harris will have to
- 11 persuade you that it is right to stay your judgment.
- 12 Assuming you are with me, Mr. Harris will have to persuade
- 13 you it is right to stay your judgment.
- 14 THE PRESIDENT: Well, to stay implementation.
- 15 MS. DEMETRIOU: To stay implementation. He will
- have to persuade you of that.
- 17 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, may I make this point before
- 19 you rise, which is it is all very well to say there is going
- 20 to be a process for agreed translations and I think we are
- 21 all on the same page with that. What we are talking about
- 22 here is review of many thousands of file documents, many of
- 23 which are in different languages. It may be that many of
- those documents will not be documents which are not
- 25 important in the case which merit an agreed translation.

What we are talking about now is something to help us and to render less costly the exercise of reviewing them to see whether they are documents we indeed wish to rely on. It is a different point.

We completely agree that once we have determined which documents we seek to rely on and those are documents in the case for trial, we will have to agree translations with the other sides. So this chaos simply will not materialise. This is a pragmatic suggestion designed to avoid costs. We are not saying we cannot produce the translations. It is just that many of them may be documents which are not and do not turn out to be important documents in the case. We want a simple and straightforward way of reviewing them.

MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: What you have to identify, as I understand the cases, is a legitimate litigious advantage to you which would result from inspection of these documents and that litigious advantage has to be such as to outweigh what may be another factor, which is the disproportion of what is involved.

MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, with respect, we do not accept that is the test, because I want to take you to Sumitomo, to other passages in Sumitomo, afterwards. We do not accept that the burden is on us to show some overwhelming litigation advantage. We say

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         these are to be treated in the same way as the original
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         documents and that it is really for Mr. Harris to identify a
 3
         compelling reason why they should not be provided. We say
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         there is no disproportionality.
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                   MR. MALEK: Ms. Demetriou, do you accept as soon as
         your clients start translating documents, those translations
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 7
         themselves are disclosable?
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: We accept that when you look at
         the last paragraph of -- the last section --
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                   THE PRESIDENT: Without going into the case, just
         the simple point is: is it sauce for the goose? In other
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12
         words, if you are now seeking that disclosure, if you have
13
         been translating documents or start translating documents,
14
         well, will you disclose your translations?
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes, I think that must follow.
         But can I mull that over lunch? I think that must follow.
16
         I want to develop my submissions a little bit more.
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                   THE PRESIDENT: Very well. 2.05.
18
19
         (1.08 pm)
20
                            (The Short Adjournment)
21
22
         (2.10 pm)
                   THE PRESIDENT: Mr. Harris, I think you had
23
         finished your submissions.
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                   MR. HARRIS: Not quite, sir. Two short final points.
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- One is there is no evidence, of course, from the Claimants
- on the translation point that they need these translations.
- Indeed, just before the short adjournment, Ms. Demetriou
- 4 said, and I wrote this down:
- 5 "We are not saying that we cannot review the
- documents without the Defendants' translations."
- 7 That goes into the question of the case management
- balance, in my respectful submission.
- 9 One way of putting that is the other Claimant
- 10 firms, they have not needed translations in order to move
- forward. Although I was not present this morning,
- 12 I understand a review has been undertaken of some file
- documents, indeed to the point they can be pleaded. They
- 14 are international law firms and it has not proved an
- impediment to them.
- The main point is there just no evidence. The way
- it is presented is it is to reduce costs. For the reasons
- I have given, it will generate more costs.
- 19 Although I do not need to detain you with them
- 20 now, there are some more detailed points about were I to
- fail and you were to order these documents against me, this
- 22 disclosure and inspection against me, there are some
- 23 mechanics about what exactly you have had disclosed. So for
- 24 instance, there are different versions of the file. We have
- 25 a different version of the DAF version to the MAN version

- and we have translated things from their file. It does not follow that should automatically go to a Claimant.
- Likewise, we would have to analyse each document

 one by one to see whether it was a document that had been

 disclosed, even from the DAF version of the file. That is

 more cost and expense and that goes into the case management

 balance.
- Finally, we do not, subject to reviewing every

 single one of them, even know whether it is an original

 Daimler document or not. That would have to be a one by one

 exercise. Then, as you heard me before, I would say that

 I would have to be given, I respectfully suggest, the

 opportunity to provide evidence on that.
- 14 So those are -- those are the additional points.
- 15 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MR. HARRIS: Thank you very much.
- 17 THE PRESIDENT: Ms. Demetriou, I think it would be
 18 helpful -- we appreciate that Mr. Pickford and Mr. Hoskins
 19 may have further submissions to make. But if we were to
 20 assume that you are right on Sumitomo, which binds
 21 us, and that these are not privileged documents, we would
 22 like to hear you on the question of the proportionality of
 23 ordering disclosure.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: May I do that now?
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes, please.

1	MS. DEMETRIOU: May I just lay down a marker,
2	which is to say that if I were making full submissions
3	I take it from the premise of your question, sir, that you
4	would accept my submission that Sumitomo is in my
5	favour and binds the Tribunal. There are other parts of the
6	Sumitomo judgment I would wish to take the Tribunal
7	to if I were opening my application in full, but since you
8	have asked me to deal with discretion
9	THE PRESIDENT: I am not saying we have necessarily
LO	taken the view that the result of Sumitomo is that
L1	they are not privileged. It certainly binds us. That is
L2	clear. But just assuming in your favour that that is the
L3	right construction of Sumitomo, in which case,
L 4	there is no privilege objection. Even on that footing, why
L5	would it be we want to hear whether it would be
L 6	proportionate.
L7	MS. DEMETRIOU: Well, sir, may I suggest, just in
L8	the interests of fairness, because I have not opened my
L9	application
20	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
21	MS. DEMETRIOU: that Mr. Pickford and
22	Mr. Hoskins make their submissions now and I deal in the
23	round with everything? Because I do want if you are not
24	with me on Sumitomo or may not be with me, I do
25	want to make submissions on both things. So I want to make

- 1 the point that -- I want to make a point about the status of
- 2 what is meant by own client and third-party.
- 3 THE PRESIDENT: What is concerning us is this.
- 4 Even if you are right on Sumitomo and there is no
- 5 privilege objection, we will only order disclosure in any
- 6 event for inspection if it is proportionate.
- 7 MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes, sir --
- 8 THE PRESIDENT: So if you cannot persuade us it is
- 9 proportionate, we need not spend a lot of time on what may
- 10 be difficult legal issues on Sumitomo.
- 11 MS. DEMETRIOU: Very well. Let me make my
- submissions on proportionality. So Mr. Harris' submissions
- on proportionality start with the premise that we are right
- 14 on Sumitomo. Indeed, that is the premise that you
- are taking now. He relies on -- he relied at the outset on
- paragraph 79 of Sumitomo, which sets out a citation
- 17 from the *Ventouris* case.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 19 MS. DEMETRIOU: You can see in that citation the
- 20 type of circumstance the court had in mind there when it
- 21 comes to exercising its discretion against inspection in
- 22 respect of documents that are otherwise disclosable. So
- 23 that could lead to violence, intimidation, interference with
- 24 witnesses, destruction of documents. The first point I make
- is we are not in that territory at all.

1	So what we have to do is look at the reasons given
2	by Mr. Harris for departing from the normal rule, which is
3	that these documents are disclosable and should be open to
4	inspection.
5	THE PRESIDENT: I am sorry. The normal rule is you
6	are only going to get disclosure where it is proportionate.
7	You have to satisfy the Tribunal that it would be
8	proportionate.
9	MS. DEMETRIOU: Let me then start with the points
10	made by Mr. Harris. The points he made essentially five
11	points that we wrote down. So in his submissions in support
12	of his contention that this would be disproportionate, he
13	advanced five points.
14	He said that, firstly, that he would need evidence
15	as to whether the translations were his own client documents
16	or third-party documents.
17	Sir, we say that does not arise because on a
18	proper reading of Sumitomo, these are all we are
19	only talking about own client documents.
20	THE PRESIDENT: Right, but that distinction is only
21	relevant if there is any privilege on Sumitomo. If
22	there is no privilege, which is the assumption we put to
23	you, then that distinction does not matter.
24	MS. DEMETRIOU: Well, what we say is that the only
25	reason that the distinction arises, so the only reason why

1	he says that that distinction matters and that he needs
2	evidence to say whether they are own client documents or
3	not, is because of his reading of Sumitomo. That
4	is the only possible basis on which there would be a need to
5	provide evidence.
6	We say that he is wrong on Sumitomo
7	because these are all own client documents and,
8	therefore, he does not need to produce a witness statement
9	going into that issue. So that is one point that could be
10	discounted from the proportionality analysis.
11	Can I take the Tribunal briefly back to Sumitomo
12	to make the substantive point good?
13	THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think we can see the point
14	but what is the next point?
15	MS. DEMETRIOU: So the next point so we say the
16	first point does not arise.
17	The next point is he says he would need to adduce
18	evidence as to whether the fact of translation, the fact
19	that these documents were selected for translation, betrays
20	legal advice. Again, we say that that point is dependent on
21	him showing that Sumitomo is wrong.
22	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
23	MS. DEMETRIOU: So, we say that that is not an
24	admissible concern and he would not need to do that because

we say Sumitomo knocks that point on the head. So

- 1 it does it not matter whether or not these betray legal
- 2 advice. That is not an admissible concern. He would not
- 3 need to adduce evidence to that effect.
- 4 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Insofar as they are own documents.
- 5 MS. DEMETRIOU: We say that all of this only
- 6 applies to own documents.
- 7 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: He says he has to investigate that.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: We say no. This is my point on
- 9 Sumitomo, and this is why I do really want to
- 10 develop my points on *Sumitomo* because we say when
- 11 Sumitomo talks about own client documents, they are
- 12 talking about something quite broad. We say that the
- 13 category of own client documents in *Sumitomo*
- 14 applies to all the documents we are looking at
- here, which are the file documents.
- 16 MR. MALEK: If you look at other cases, it is
- fairly clear that own client documents are referring to
- documents in the possession of the client as opposed to
- 19 documents held by a third-party and you go to the
- third-party's offices and then take a copy from them.
- 21 MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, that is precisely our point.
- 22 So we say --
- 23 MR. MALEK: We were not taken to those authorities,
- 24 but you can take it as read.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: I am grateful for that. We say on

1	that basis, they simply do not need to go and conduct this
2	investigation because there is no dispute. If we are right
3	on that point of law, there is no dispute that these are all
4	own client documents, because we are talking about the
5	Commission file that was in their possession. That is
6	simply an avenue of exploration and investigation they
7	simply do not need to conduct.

The same applies to the second point, which is whether the fact of translation betrays the legal advice.

That, again, is an exercise which is wholly dependent on Mr. Harris showing that *Sumitomo* is wrong and should be departed from.

The third point he made falls into the same category. The third point is he said he would need evidence as to whether the translations were produced for the purposes of litigation or not. But again, we know that the translations at issue in *Sumitomo* itself covered both translations that were produced for the purposes of the litigation and pre-existing translations.

We say again that the third point does not arise because of *Sumitomo*. So none of these three avenues of investigation arise at all. They are simply points that are made for forensic purposes to try and persuade the Tribunal that this is an onerous exercise.

The fourth point was a little difficult to

understand. We took a note. Mr. Harris says we need to investigate whether these translations are in the possession of his client -- my client as a matter of fact. We do not understand that point because Mr. Harris purported to answer it at the outset. He said, "We have X number of translations". Obviously, if there is a question, if they do not have translations in their possession or control, they do not fall to be disclosed. So that is not a legitimate concern.

The fifth and final point that Mr. Harris made essentially came down to an in terrorem argument where he said, "Well, we will be off to the Court of Appeal and, in fact, Supreme Court if you apply Sumitomo against us". Again, we say that the Tribunal should clearly determine the point on its merits. And if Mr. Harris' client wants to challenge the Sumitomo decision, they can do that. They will then have to argue that the Tribunal's order should be stayed whilst they go off and try and persuade the Court of Appeal that they should grant permission.

So none of Mr. Harris' reasons stack up. This is simply not a disproportionate exercise and he did not offer anything else. We say as against that, as against that, this is a straightforward exercise. These translations exist and they can simply produce them. They are in

- relation to file documents that they have had for a very long time. It will save costs.
- Now, of course, we do not say that we are incapable of carrying out translations ourselves in order to review the documents. Plainly, we are. But it would be expensive and this would save costs and save time.

Now, there is a distinction to be drawn between the review of these file documents and eventual translations which will have to be agreed. But the reality of the matter is that there are a lot, many thousands of file documents, many in foreign languages. There are translations which will help my clients to review -- the legal team behind me to review these documents more swiftly and at a reduced cost.

At the end of that process, there will be a process of agreement between the parties, between all the parties in this litigation, as to which documents are going to be relied on by either side at trial. There will then be a process for agreeing translations of those documents. We anticipate those will be fewer in number than the initial — the initial number of many thousands of file documents that we are currently reviewing.

We say proportionality is entirely in our favour.

There is no good reason at all why this should be onerous.

In fact, it is straightforward. It will save costs. It is

- 1 a straightforward application. We say that there is no good 2 reason to refuse it. 3 May I say this as well? All of Mr. Harris' 4 reasons why this would be onerous and disproportionate come 5 down, on proper analysis, to a quarrel with Sumitomo 6 because they all depend on Sumitomo. 7 My submission to the Tribunal is that if the 8 Tribunal refuses disclosure as a matter of discretion on the 9 basis of considerations which assume that Sumitomo 10 is wrong, that is effectively tantamount to not giving effect to the Court of Appeal's judgment in Sumitomo. 11 So one has to assume in my favour that Sumitomo 12 13 is against Mr. Harris. None of these -- none of 14 these allegedly disproportionate steps that he says he will 15 need to engage in, in terms of investigating what the 16 purpose was of the translation, whether or not it is own client documents, none of them arise on a proper reading of 17
- I am available to assist the Tribunal on *Sumitomo*itself and on the principles that apply, if you

 would like me to do that.

19

Sumitomo.

proportionality.

MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: I know you do not like the language,

but it is language that you see in the authorities, which is

that it is to be demonstrated that there is some proper and

That, in a nutshell, is my submission on

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         proportionate litigious advantage to be had. Would it be
 2
         fair to summarise your submission as being that the proper
 3
         and proportionate litigious advantage is the possible saving
 4
         of costs by having an unofficial translation of a limited
         number of documents?
 5
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes. We deal with this in
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         evidence. It is not correct that we do not have evidence.
 8
         We have Ms. Morfey's witness statement, which, for your
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         note, is at Hausfeld volume B, tab 3. She deals with it at
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         paragraph 105. Sir --
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                   THE PRESIDENT: Just one minute.
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Is that not it?
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                   THE PRESIDENT: Tab 5.
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Sorry.
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                   THE PRESIDENT: No, it is not tab 5.
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Tab 3 is --
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17
                   MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Yes.
                   THE PRESIDENT: Ms. Morfey's second witness
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19
         statement.
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Sorry, I think I may have the
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         wrong reference, so I am going to be assisted by a junior in
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         finding the right reference.
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                   MR. HARRIS: Paragraph 105.
24
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: That is right. This has been
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dealt with in correspondence. It is true that this just

- summarises the points that have been made in correspondence and I think it is dealt with in our skeleton argument in a little bit more detail.
- Sir, you are right that the convenience that

 underlies this is we have -- there are something like 25,000

 file documents of which I think only 8,000 are in English.

 There are lots of foreign language documents. What the

 solicitors have to do is, obviously, review all of these

 documents to see to what extent they are relevant to the

 issues in this case.
 - Insofar as there are ready-made translations, convenience translations, it is obviously much quicker and cheaper to be able to use those to see if this is a document that is worth carrying forward in the case.
 - Now, we say that is -- that does represent a convenience and a cost saving and efficiency saving. Of course, I do not say that we cannot do it without the translations, but we say that the Tribunal should, insofar as it can, assist the parties to save costs.
- MR. MALEK: Ms. Demetriou, surely there will be a lot of documents which have not been translated, for example in German.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes.

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MR. MALEK: Surely your clients will get a German speaker to look at those documents and see if they are worth

1 translating.

MS. DEMETRIOU: That may well be possible, but
that will not necessarily be the same lawyer as the lawyer
who is reviewing the documents in the case. There will need
to be a process of liaising with German speakers. We do not
say -- I do not want to put this too high. We are not
saying that it would be impossible to carry this out without
these translations, but we do say it will materially assist

What we also say is weighing on the other side of the proportionality equation is no good reason and that is as a result -- that is in light of the submissions I have made. Nothing Mr. Harris has said amounts to a good reason why this should be disproportionate.

and help reduce costs and make the process more efficient.

Now, he referred to a lot of things and tried to convey the impression it would be a lot of work. In fact, none of these stands up, for the reasons that I have given.

None of these investigations that he postulates arise at all.

THE PRESIDENT: You still -- you say 8,000 only are in English. So of the other 17,000 that are in a foreign language, out of those 17,000, even if you got this disclosure, you would get less than 3,500 of them.

MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes, sir. It is not a complete -THE PRESIDENT: So it will not get you very far.

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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: It is not a complete answer, but
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         we say it does materially result in a reduction of costs.
 3
                   MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: On your in terrorem point, do you say
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      it
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         is an inadmissible consideration in determining whether this
         adventure would save costs for us to bear in mind the
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         dislocation of the case and the costs incidental to that if
         this matter has to go forward on a point of privilege in
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         that context?
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: We say that the Tribunal should
         give that consideration no weight and --
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                   MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: No weight.
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                   MS. DEMETRIOU: No weight. The reason I say no
         weight -- may I explain?
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                   MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Yes.
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: We say that for a number of
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         reasons. We say, first of all, we do not know what
         Mr. Harris' client is going to do. It is true that for
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         forensic reasons, he says he is going to go to the Supreme
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         Court. But whether in fact that is a realistic suggestion
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         remains to be seen.
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                   Secondly, we say that this point of principle will
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         have ramifications going forward in the case and so even if
         this did go forward to the Supreme Court and it were
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determined, you can see the timescales that are being

- 1 suggested in this case for trial. No trial has currently
- been listed. This is a point that will crop up going
- 3 forwards in the case and it will be convenient for the
- 4 parties to disclose convenience translations they make.
- 5 That will be an important point going forwards and it will
- 6 lead to convenience and cost savings in the case.
- 7 It is not a one-off point, sir, which will -- the
- 8 practical consequence of which ends today. It is a point
- 9 which is of significance going forward, even if this does go
- 10 further.
- 11 We say essentially whether or not it goes further
- is a matter for the Court of Appeal to determine and the
- 13 Tribunal should determine the matter on its merits without
- 14 regard to that submission.
- 15 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Just to be clear, you say that
- 16 because
- it may have other ramifications, it would not be a proper
- element in our discretion to take this into account, this
- 19 possibility into account.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: We say of course the Tribunal can
- 21 take any consideration it wants into account. I say that
- 22 you should give it no weight. The reason we say that is
- 23 because even if Mr. Harris manages to get permission from
- 24 the Supreme Court to argue the case, even if the point does
- 25 go to the Supreme Court, it does not prevent -- it does not

1 result in dislocation of this case because we will in the 2 meantime, assuming that he gets a stay of the order, be in 3 exactly the same position we were before the application was made. So there is no dislocation. 4 5 But if we succeed in persuading the Supreme Court that it should follow -- it should apply Sumitomo, 6 7 then we will achieve a practical benefit going forwards. So it will not be all for nothing. 8 9 We say, on any view, there is no dislocation that 10 results because we are not going to be in any different position than the position we are at to start with, which is 11 12 we are not getting the translations. 13 THE PRESIDENT: You will probably be translating them in the meantime. 14 15 MS. DEMETRIOU: I am so sorry? THE PRESIDENT: You will probably translate them 16 yourself in the meantime. 17 MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, there may be an ongoing 18 relevance to this in terms of further disclosure in the 19 20 case, because we have had very limited disclosure so far of the file documents. 21 THE PRESIDENT: I see that. I mean, the court's 22 23 discretion is indicating that the court has to take a pragmatic view as to the cost benefit analysis which is 24

going to result from all of this. You accept it is a valid

- 1 part of the exercise of our discretion to take into account 2 the complications which may, you say less likely, on the 3 other side, it is said more likely, to arise. But it is 4 simply a pragmatic balance, is it not? 5 MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, may I make two points about 6 that? 7 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Yes. 8 MS. DEMETRIOU: We say usually where it is evident 9 that a document or a category of documents is disclosable 10 and one party says, "Well, it is disclosable, it falls 11 within the scope of disclosure, it is not privileged, but we 12 think it would be disproportionate to produce", you normally 13 have an exchange of evidence on that. You have a proper 14 witness statement explaining precisely why it would be 15 disproportionate to produce it. We do not have that from the Defendants in this case, but we do have Mr. Harris' 16 submissions. So we have Mr. Harris' submissions and he has 17 advanced five factors in favour of his submission, in 18 19 support of his submission, that this would be 20 disproportionate. I say that none of them stacks up at all. 21 We simply do not accept on the facts that this would be 22 disproportionate. Now, of course, as a matter of principle, if they 23
 - Now, of course, as a matter of principle, if they were coming here with compelling evidence, saying --

25 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: You know, we have to remember we

thought this could be dealt with as a matter of principle
almost, or across the board, but the application was only
made against that. It is not very surprising there was not
evidence in response. So I think, you know, I understand
the forensic purpose of that point, but it is not, I think,
an entirely fair one.

- Back to the issue of pragmatism. As a practical matter, if there is that possibility, and as the President has said, you are bound, are you not, to be undertaking your own translations whereby to put yourself in a proper position to fight out the case on the basis of the evidence that you have got, which will include the sourced material?
- MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, what I say about that, and leaving aside the forensic point, is that the Tribunal will have to decide whether indeed it is disproportionate to order disclosure or inspection of these documents. You have heard from Mr. Harris and we say that they have provided no reason why it would be disproportionate. None of that stacks up.
- On the other side of the equation, we have identified cost savings that would result. It is no answer to that to say, well, they will not be complete cost savings, because it is obvious, we say it is obvious, that it will assist.
- 25 Now, if I were to be faced -- I would be in a more

1	difficult position if I were faced with coherent submissions
2	or evidence as to why this is disproportionate. But an
3	in terrorem argument that we have to carry out X , Y and Z
4	investigation, when on analysis those lines of investigation
5	do not arise, will not do, we say.
6	THE PRESIDENT: Will you give us a moment?
7	[The Panel conferred]
8	THE PRESIDENT: Mr. Pickford, your clients are
9	actually respondents to this application, as made.
10	MR. PICKFORD: Yes.
11	THE PRESIDENT: Can you also just address us,
12	because we are very conscious of time, just on
13	proportionality. So assume that Ms. Demetriou is right and
14	that the documents are sorry, assume that Ms. Demetriou
15	is right and that the documents are not privileged. There
16	is clearly then nonetheless a discretion in the Tribunal.
17	We will only order disclosure and inspection when it is
18	proportionate. We ask you to address us on that point
19	rather than on the privilege point.
20	MR. PICKFORD: Sir, that was indeed my intention
21	anyway. I have no submissions to make on the privilege
22	point.
23	On the proportionality issue, we do say that this
24	proposed order has the ability to spiral into a highly
25	onerous, cost-generating and document proliferating

- 1 exercise. It is not ultimately going to assist either the 2 Tribunal or the parties. 3 My instructing solicitor Ms. Edwards explains in her witness statement that we would need to collate the 4 5 documents that have been sought from a variety of different sources. If I could expand a little on that in terms of 6 7 what that will actually mean in practice. THE PRESIDENT: Could you just give me the reference to the witness statement, please? 9 10 MR. PICKFORD: Sir, the witness statement is sixth 11 Edwards. Sorry, it is not sixth Edwards, it is third 12 Edwards. The reference is Hausfeld volume B, tab 8, 13 paragraph 85. 14 On instruction, I had some further points that 15 I would like to advance to the Tribunal, but I will explain 16 that in more detail because obviously this issue has morphed somewhat from the way the application was put, when our 17 18 principal point is this very unfair to be singling us out. 19 MR. MALEK: What paragraph of Edwards is it? 20 MR. PICKFORD: It is 85 and towards the bottom. 21 THE PRESIDENT: Tab 8. 22 MR. PICKFORD: Tab 8. As I say, sir, I wish to 23 expand and explain what lies behind that, on instruction.
- MR. PICKFORD: So the position is that the

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

- 1 available translations that we could be being required by
- 2 this order to disclose could derive from a number of
- 3 sources, including, firstly, external translations.
- 4 I explained to the Tribunal at the outset that we have some
- 5 of those. Lawyers' translations, by either of the two
- 6 instructing firms, Travers Smith and De Brauw. The
- 7 particular one I will come back to, this is absolutely
- 8 critical in this case, computer-generated translations,
- 9 because my firm, and, as I understand it, all of the firms,
- 10 will have software that enables them to generate rough and
- 11 ready Google Translate-style translations. There will be
- 12 very large numbers of those because you can simply generate
- them at the touch of a button.
- 14 MR. MALEK: So you are saying that Hausfeld can do
- 15 exactly the same.
- MR. PICKFORD: Yes.
- 17 MR. MALEK: They can get the documents and do the
- 18 equivalent of a Google Translate.
- 19 MS. DEMETRIOU: Can I just clarify that. We are
- 20 not looking for that, because of course we can do that. We
- 21 are looking for convenience translations that have been put
- together by someone, not automated.
- 23 THE PRESIDENT: I think you told us, Mr. Pickford,
- 24 when we asked you before, that --
- 25 MR. PICKFORD: We did not give you a number.

1	THE PRESIDENT: You did not give me a number.
2	MR. PICKFORD: No. We simply do not know. We
3	have not scoped that exercise. Because we have been in this
4	litigation for the longest, that is likely to be a much
5	larger number for us than for some of the other parties.
6	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
7	MR. PICKFORD: Of course, those three different
8	sources could give rise to full translations or partial
9	translations.
LO	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
L1	MR. PICKFORD: Obviously, particularly the latter
12	category of computer-generated translations will be
13	snippets.
L 4	THE PRESIDENT: Well, those are not being sought.
15	MR. PICKFORD: Well, that is obviously that is
16	an assistance to know that, but it still remains the case
L7	that the lawyers' translations themselves will also tend to
L8	be partial. I understand that they will have also been
19	produced by both the Dutch and German lawyers working for
20	DAF in relation to the European-wide litigation that we are
21	facing, not just in this jurisdiction.
22	So we say that there is a considerable search
23	exercise to be undertaken merely to find and locate the
24	existing translations. Then there was the question of what

happens on a continuing basis, as was put to Ms. Demetriou?

- Are we then expected, whenever we produce a new translation, to provide that as well?
- 3 So against that, there are obvious costs involved.
- We have to consider what the benefits in the weighing
- 5 exercise really are. We say that they are very hard to
- 6 identify. We have already heard from Ms. Demetriou that
- 7 Hausfeld have their own multi-lingual team and that they are
- 8 able to do their own translations, just as we do. Indeed,
- 9 they can obviously use software, just as we do.
- We understand that Royal Mail has itself already
 retained external translators, presumably with a view to
 producing some official translations. So we have those
 currently in the pipeline. I am not making an application
 against them now. Obviously, I am simply responding to
- Ms. Demetriou's application.
- It might be thought a more sensible solution,

 along the lines of what the Tribunal appear to be envisaging

 originally when talking about an agreed set of translations,

 perhaps to follow-up on what Royal Mail has done and might
- do by way of official translations.
- I beg your pardon. I have to correct one point
- I made. We do not have translations for the other
- 23 jurisdictions. It is simply the lawyers have been producing
- them in other jurisdictions. I am afraid I misspoke
- earlier.

1	One has to then finally come back to, well, what
2	is the objective of all of this? Ultimately, what we want
3	is official, agreed translations. We will have to incur the
4	costs of obtaining those. That is ultimately what will be
5	required.
6	We have probably already in debating this
7	particular application for about two hours, by my
8	estimation, probably expended about £100,000 or more in
9	costs. We then have the costs of the disclosure application
LO	itself and potentially the costs of a trip to the Supreme
L1	Court in relation to the privilege issue.
L2	We say that is all of that is wholly
L3	disproportionate in the context of obtaining convenience
L 4	translations which, if the Hausfeld Claimants wish to
L5	generate, they can generate easily themselves, even using
L 6	software.
L7	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
L8	Mr. Hoskins.
L9	MR. HOSKINS: I have four points to make on
20	proportionality.
21	First of all, Hausfeld received the Commission
22	file documents on, I believe, 1 August. They have had them
23	for some months. I believe from what I have seen that they

indicated they have been engaged in review of the Commission

file documents that have been disclosed.

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1	A very pertinent to question to ask, which we do
2	not know the answer to, is to ask Hausfeld how many
3	translations, if any, they have already done. They will
4	know the answer, because it would be surprising in a case of
5	this magnitude if they had been sitting on those documents
6	and had done nothing with the foreign language ones. That
7	is my first point.

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The second point is a short one. It has been made before. No other Claimant is making this application. When you are looking at proportionality, the question of utility is obviously at the forefront. Nobody else says this is necessary.

The third point is that VSW says that the documents will save the costs of the Hausfeld's review of the Commission file documents. But as is quite clear, you have to take account of costs on all sides. On all sides, you have that potential saving, on the Hausfeld side. On the other side, you have all of the Defendants' costs who are the targets of this application.

Now, I do apologise for not producing evidence on this point, but it was not an application that was made against us. So on instruction, I am told the following. You know, because I told you earlier, we have around 2,600 convenience translations.

MR. MALEK: You mean separate documents or pages.

1	MR. HOSKINS: Separate documents is my
2	understanding. You know, because I told you earlier, the
3	documents were translated by different people, depending on
4	the language involved. I told you it was Contrast,
5	Eversheds and some external translators.
6	The second point on this, the documents are not
7	currently uploaded to a usable review platform, so it would
8	be a mechanical exercise to be gone through to collate and
9	put them in an appropriate form.
10	The third point is the documents we have, the
11	translations, are not marked with Commission file
12	references, so they would need to be matched to the
13	Commission file documents.

The fourth point is, of course, that not all the Commission file materials have been disclosed pursuant to the order of Mrs. Justice Rose and the President. There are extracts from the file that have gone across. So a further matching exercise would have to be done to match the convenience translations to the documents that have been disclosed.

The fifth point is that the translations were done on pre-redaction documents. The practical import of that is that the translation, convenience translations, will themselves have to be redacted in terms of privileged, confidential material, et cetera.

Τ.	so it is not simply, as you may have had the
2	impression from the submissions you have heard, a case of,
3	"Here is a pile of documents and I am handing them over".
4	I am told it would be a material amount of work.
5	My fourth and final point is that VSW have
6	accepted that if this order is to be made, all parties going
7	forward would have to disclose any convenience translations
8	that they made. Clearly, in our submission, that is
9	undesirable because it will result in a proliferation of
10	translations and that is what we are trying to avoid.
11	Those are the four submissions I would like to
12	make.
13	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
14	MR. JOWELL: With the Tribunal's permission,
15	I would like to add one very brief point.
16	THE PRESIDENT: I am not sure you are having any
17	translations.
18	MR. JOWELL: No, that is correct. We do not
19	currently have any we believe we do not currently have
20	any English translations of the Commission file, those parts
21	of the Commission file that have been disclosed. But that
22	does not mean that we do not have an interest in this
23	application.
24	The reason for that is because the way it has been
25	put is that and it is logical enough this will have an

- effect also going forward on any future translations that
 the parties do choose to make of documents falling into that
 category.
- 4 That, we say, will be undesirable not just for the 5 reason that Mr. Hoskins has mentioned, but also because it 6 is likely to have a severely inhibitory effect upon the 7 parties in deciding whether to conduct those translations at 8 all, because every time -- because disclosure is, of course, 9 an ongoing duty, if this order is made, they would then have 10 an obligation, every time a translation is made, to hand it over to the other side, thereby providing a sort of running 11 12 commentary of their own document review. That is not 13 desirable in litigation of this nature and nor is it 14 necessary, in our submission.
 - MS. BACON: Just to say I have been asked to make the same point too. I do not need to repeat it. But for the same reason, I would request that whatever order is drawn up, we would have an opportunity to comment on it because we are effectively in exactly the same way that MAN is affected. We absolutely endorse what my learned friend Mr. Jowell has just said.
- MR. HARRIS: May I reply on one point from Ms. Demetriou?

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24 THE PRESIDENT: I think, no, first Ms. Demetriou 25 should be given a chance to respond to the points made by

- 1 counsel for the other Defendants.
- 2 MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes, not to shut anyone out, but
- 3 I am not sure they have a right of reply.
- 4 THE PRESIDENT: Never mind. We want to hear from
- 5 you.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: So dealing with the last points 6
- 7 made by Mr. Hoskins and Mr. Jowell and Ms. Bacon first.
- 8 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 9 MS. DEMETRIOU: We do not accept that there would 10 be any disadvantageous consequence from an order that convenience translations be provided or disclosed going
- 11
- 12 forward. On the contrary, we think it would facilitate this
- 13 litigation. If the Tribunal had any concerns about that and
- 14 wished to hear further argument on that as a matter going
- 15 forward, then of course you could draw up the order in a way
- 16 that left that open for the next CMC and simply deal at this
- stage with our application that relates to the file 17
- 18 documents.
- 19 Now, in relation to the file documents, there was
- 20 a certain conflation, I think, on the part of my learned
- 21 friends, Mr. Pickford and Mr. Hoskins, as to -- so they
- 22 said, "Well, this is going to lead to a proliferation of
- 23 translations and that is not in anyone's interests. We need
- one set of agreed translations." Of course, we agree with 24
- that. I have made this point already. We agree with that 25

1	when it comes to the documents that are going to be used in
2	this case, but there is a review process that goes on first
3	to determine whether those documents are documents which
4	anyone wants to rely on at all.
5	So it would be it would be wasteful of costs to
6	be agreeing translations in advance of a whole host of
7	documents that no-one ends up relying on. What we are
8	talking about is convenience documents to enable us to
9	conduct the first review.
10	In relation to the factual points made by
11	Mr. Hoskins, it is not correct that the file documents were
12	disclosed on 1 August. We got them on 25 September. We
13	have not had them for the amount of time that Mr. Hoskins
14	has indicated.
15	The position is that although there has been a
16	first-level review of the documents, we have not, the
17	Hausfeld team have not, produced yet any translations of the
18	foreign language documents.
19	Moreover, the documents are provided to us in PDF
20	format, which means that it is difficult to obtain
21	computer-generated translations because of the format in
22	which they are provided, so that is the catch-all position.
23	Now, Mr. Hoskins made a number of points
24	specific

THE PRESIDENT: Can they not be converted from PDF

- 1 into Word?
- MS. DEMETRIOU: No, because they are scanned.
- I think they are scanned. It is scanned. They were
- 4 provided with scanned documents. It is not as simple as
- 5 getting computer-generated -- it is very, very unreliable.
- 6 So that is not an easy thing and it is not a reliable thing
- 7 to do.
- 8 Now, Mr. Hoskins said that -- both Mr. Pickford
- 9 and Mr. Hoskins talked about review. We see from
- 10 Ms. Edwards' statement, from the very limited evidence in
- 11 Ms. Edwards' statement about the disproportionality of this,
- 12 that she talks about the need to review the documents
- including for privilege. We say that just does not arise on
- 14 Sumitomo. So the real cost, if there is any cost,
- is in locating them and collating them. There is no need to
- 16 review them.
- Now, Mr. Hoskins made a point on review. He said
- some of the file documents are redacted. If there are a
- 19 category of redacted documents which have been translated
- and if his client thinks that would be a disproportionate
- 21 exercise to do, then they can come back and say, "Well, we
- are going to exclude those because it would be
- disproportionate".
- 24 But, sir, where we have got to is that we made our
- 25 application. It was an agenda item. It has been very

Τ	faintly opposed in the skeleton arguments. There is almost
2	nothing on it in the skeleton arguments of my learned
3	friends. There is certainly no substantial evidence about
4	disproportionality. We say this has all now been overblown.
5	The reality of the situation is that we are
6	talking at the moment about the file documents, the
7	documents on the file. They know how many translations they
8	have got because they have told the Tribunal. They
9	presumably know where they are. Otherwise, they would not
10	have been able to count them. All they have do is produce
11	them.
12	Sir, unless I can assist further, those are my
13	submissions in reply.
14	MR. PICKFORD: There is one minor point of factual
15	correction. I am instructed that we have disclosed OCR text
16	files, not merely PDFs.
17	THE PRESIDENT: Sorry, what?
18	MR. PICKFORD: The files are available in more
19	than one format, not merely as PDFs, but also as text files.
20	They can be searched as text files, I am instructed.
21	MR. HARRIS: Mine is also a point of correction.
22	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
23	MR. HARRIS: Ms. Demetriou took aim at missing
24	largely the point of the proportionality point that
25	Mr. Pickford and Mr. Hoskins and my learned friends to my

- left have made, she took aim solely at the nature of the
- 2 evidence that I wanted to put forward. But there is a
- 3 complete answer to that. It is just wrong. It is a bad
- 4 point.
- 5 She says, "Oh, well, Sumitomo is in my
- favour, so none of your points will work". I have already
- 7 explained to the Tribunal I want to have the opportunity to
- 8 run those points at a higher level.
- 9 THE PRESIDENT: We have got that point.
- 10 MR. HARRIS: That means I will necessarily need
- 11 the evidence, whether you agree with it or whether she
- agrees with it or not, because I will need that at the
- higher level. Otherwise, I will be told, "Oh, you want to
- 14 run all these points about how own client documents should
- 15 be treated in a different way than third-party, in-house
- should be treated in a different way from external, whether
- it is in your possession and what degree of control, but
- where is your evidence, Mr. Harris?" I will say, "Oh, well,
- I have not got any."
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 21 MR. HARRIS: That is impossible. I have to put
- forward the evidence now. Even though it is a largely
- 23 misdirected complaint, it is bad as well. I will have to do
- 24 that.
- 25 Then it is not fair, just before I sit down, to

1 say we should have put in evidence. It was not until we saw 2 Ms. Demetriou's skeleton argument on Monday morning that we 3 knew this point was being pursued against us. 4 [The Panel conferred] 5 THE PRESIDENT: We shall rise for about 6 five minutes. 7 (2.59 pm)8 (A short break) 9 10 (3.05 pm)11 THE PRESIDENT: For reasons that the Tribunal will 12 set out in writing, we refuse this application essentially on the basis that even if it is assumed that none of the 13 14 documents involved are privileged, to order disclosure and 15 inspection would be disproportionate having regard to the 16 Tribunal rules and paragraph 2.3 of the Tribunal's Practice 17 Direction on disclosure. We are a bit concerned about time. There are two 18 19 matters we are very keen to complete today if at all 20 possible. One is the confidentiality ring and the second is 21 at least the disclosure applications which cut across the 22 board with regard to the other documents on the Commission file that were held back in the disclosure to Ryder and will 23 24 affect disclosure to Dawson and to the VSW Claimants. 25 Can we deal with confidentiality rings now? Have

- 1 we got an order?
- 2 MR. PICKFORD: Sir, there is a version that has
- 3 been going around behind the scenes at a very rapid rate, it
- 4 is marked up in at least five different colours. As
- 5 I understand it, it has not yet been marked up by Ryder or
- 6 Hausfeld when they have had it. All of the parties have had
- 7 it and it has been marked up by all of the Defendants and
- 8 also by Royal Mail, BT and Dawsongroup.
- 9 There are, as I understand it, two main issues
- 10 that seem to still be live, albeit it is fair to say that
- 11 there are some very -- there are some minor points still
- 12 being worked through. This is very much subject to someone
- else to tell me that I am wrong and in fact there are far
- 14 more issues than this. But doing my best on behalf of --
- 15 THE PRESIDENT: Would it help us to see it, because
- we have not?
- MR. PICKFORD: Yes.
- 18 THE PRESIDENT: Just look at the guide at the
- 19 front. Yes, what you will have to help us with is really
- what is being objected to, as we go through it.
- 21 MR. PICKFORD: Yes. So I am not really -- this is
- as new to me as it is to the Tribunal.
- THE PRESIDENT: I see.
- MR. PICKFORD: But particularly in an advantageous
- 25 position to speak to most of it, the two items I am aware of

1	where there is still some dispute is in relation to the
2	reclassification of documents so that they are no longer
3	confidential at all. That goes back to an issue that was
4	canvassed before the Tribunal yesterday, namely that we say,
5	on behalf of certainly DAF and some of the Defendants say
6	the same thing, that the Commission and CMA should be
7	involved in any question of whether documents that were
8	provided initially from their files should be there is a
9	mechanism for them to become wholly non-confidential. I can
10	obviously develop submissions on that. That is not my point
11	now. That is the issue.
12	THE PRESIDENT: If you identify first the points.
13	So there is an issue on that, on whether the Commission/CMA
14	need to be, what, consulted?
15	MR. PICKFORD: Yes, the Commission and the CMA
16	and. That is, I think, the grey. I am just receiving
17	8.6, as far as I understand it.
18	THE PRESIDENT: Yes, on page 9, yes, and following.
19	MR. PICKFORD: Then there is a question the
20	second question, as I understand matters, is a debate about
21	the inclusion of in-house counsel within the inner
22	confidentiality ring. Now, that, as I understand it, should
23	not really matter for the time being for anyone apart from
24	for us in relation to the BT disclosure because no-one else

is yet getting on to economic disclosure. We are providing

1 some economic disclosure to BT because we are providing them 2 with effectively the equivalent of what was received by 3 Royal Mail. 4 THE PRESIDENT: BT would like its in-house counsel 5 in the inner confidentiality ring, is that right? MR. PICKFORD: Its in-house counsel and 6 7 economists, I am instructed. It is both. THE PRESIDENT: The economist always, but the outside economist? 9 10 MR. PICKFORD: In-house. So BT's own lawyer, in-house counsel and BT's own economists. There is 11 12 currently a dispute, as I understand it, between my clients 13 and BT about that particular issue. Now, it may be that that is capable of being revolved, but as of now at 3.10, 14 15 that has not been resolved. 16 THE PRESIDENT: I would suggest we park the second issue. Either it can be resolved -- if necessary, it can be 17 18 dealt with either in writing or by a further hearing which 19 will involve only two parties and which can be heard by 20 myself alone. We do not need to constitute a full Tribunal just on what would be a pretty short point anyway. 21 22 MR. WARD: Can I make an effort, I am conscious of the time, to persuade you? Our concern about that is we 23

were ordered yesterday that the file will be disclosed in

24

25

the BT/DAF case.

1	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
2	MR. WARD: The reason why there is an argument
3	about having in-house counsel in the ring is to have them in
4	the part of the ring where the file is disclosed into. So
5	that is the case in Royal Mail's case, the file went into
6	the inner ring and, therefore, it was agreed that some
7	in-house lawyers from Royal Mail would go into the inner
8	ring. That is the concern. For precisely the same reason
9	in the BT case, it is desirable to have at least in-house
LO	lawyers in the ring, economists too because BT has their own
11	in-house economists.
12	THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I understand.
13	MR. WARD: It is a question of putting the
L 4	in-house lawyers in wherever the file is going to go. If it
L5	is just deferred to another day, that then actually builds
16	in some quite appreciable delay, in our eyes, in the file
L7	that has now been ordered.
L8	THE PRESIDENT: The file at the moment, under the
19	order made
20	MR. WARD: In Royal Mail's
21	THE PRESIDENT: in Royal there was Royal Mail
22	and then there was an order made in Ryder. In which part of
23	the ring did the file go?
24	MR. WARD: In Royal Mail, it went into the inner

25 ring. So the in-house counsel followed the file into the

- 1 inner ring. That was the effect of it.
- 2 THE PRESIDENT: It has never been -- so what you
- 3 are saying is if the file went into the outer ring, this
- 4 would not be an issue of such concern.
- 5 MR. WARD: Providing those same people could go
- 6 into the outer ring.
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: I think the in-house counsel and
- 8 economists --
- 9 MR. WARD: I think that is what is intended.
- 10 THE PRESIDENT: If there is no outer ring, there is
- 11 no point to the inner ring.
- 12 MR. PICKFORD: It is agreed yesterday that the
- Commission file was going to go into the outer ring. It is
- 14 going there, but we simply have to review it first.
- THE PRESIDENT: That was my understanding.
- MR. PICKFORD: If that is the point, it is a
- 17 non-point.
- MR. WARD: If it is a non-point, that is the
- 19 point.
- THE PRESIDENT: We do not have to defer it because
- 21 the disclosure is going into the outer ring and you are then
- content that the in-house counsel and economists need to not
- 23 be in the inner ring.
- MR. WARD: Yes.
- 25 THE PRESIDENT: So we are left with the one point.

1 Would it be sensible to address that one point, which may be 2 a point of more principle now, to leave all other drafting 3 over to give you more time, as you have been trying to deal 4 with this while also being in court, and to invite you to 5 submit by whatever you think is reasonable, Tuesday of next week --6 7 MR. WARD: At the latest. 8 THE PRESIDENT: -- what we hope will be a largely agreed version. 9 10 MR. WARD: Yes. THE PRESIDENT: Is there anyone not content with 11 12 that? So that is what we will do. We will just address the 13 first point identified by Mr. Pickford, namely is it 14 necessary in order to have what are described as 15 confidential Commission documents, consent of the Commission -- not consent, but observations from the 16 17 Commission. Where is the definition of Commission confidential 18 19 document? It is on 1.1. Yes, so it does not include, on my 20 reading of that, the confidential version of the decision 21 itself. Is that right? MR. WARD: That is my reading too. 22 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 23 24 MR. WARD: It is really the documents on the file.

THE PRESIDENT: It is documents on the file.

1	MR. WARD: From the Claimants perspective, I think
2	I am speaking actually I know my learned friends on the
3	Claimants' side have the same point. This protection is
4	unnecessary and unwieldy. You will see it allows for a
5	28-day period in effect for a response from those
6	THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I understand all that.
7	Mr. Pickford, why is it necessary to consult the
8	Commission at all?
9	MR. PICKFORD: Because of the basis on which the
10	Commission originally made its submissions in relation to
11	the confidentiality order. Can I take you, please, firstly,
12	to the damages directive?
13	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
14	MR. PICKFORD: It provides the legislative
15	context. If you go to the authorities bundle, volume 4,
16	tab 59. If we could go, please, to article 5 on disclosure
17	of evidence.
18	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
19	MR. PICKFORD: So one sees at article 5.3 that:
20	"Member states should ensure that national courts
21	limit the disclosure of evidence to that which is
22	proportionate. In determining whether any disclosure
23	requested by a party is proportionate, national courts shall
24	consider the legitimate interests of all parties and third
25	parties concerned. They shall in particular consider."

Τ	Sub-C:
2	"Whether the evidence, the disclosure of which is
3	sought, contains confidential information, especially
4	concerning any third-parties, and what arrangements are in
5	place for protecting such confidential information."
6	So, we say, on the basis of that, that
7	confidential the protection that is afforded to
8	confidential information is bound up in European law with
9	the question of the proportionality of making any disclosure
LO	order.
L1	Now, the order that was made in the present case
L2	was one on which the European Commission was given an
L3	opportunity to comment. We did have some copies of the
L 4	European Commission's observations to hand up, but I only
L5	have I seem to only have been given one or two copies at
L 6	the moment.
L7	THE PRESIDENT: They are not in any of these files.
L8	MR. PICKFORD: They are not. Sir, this is the
L 9	application that was heard before you, sir.
20	THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I remember it.
21	MR. PICKFORD: There is literally one sentence
22	that I would like to read from their observations, if I may.
23	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
24	MR. PICKFORD: It is that they observed that:
25	"The Claimants seek the disclosure of documents in

1	a confidentiality ring. Draft disclosure orders have been
2	notified by the Claimants to the European Commission."
3	So, that was an observation made by the Commission
4	when it was explaining its position in relation to
5	disclosure to, as it then was called.
6	Of course, the Commission had to be notified at
7	that point to be able to give its observations on
8	proportionality. There is no dispute about its involvement
9	at that point in the disclosure process.
10	THE PRESIDENT: That was under the CPR.
11	MR. PICKFORD: Yes.
12	THE PRESIDENT: It was CPR Practice Direction.
13	MR. PICKFORD: That is correct.
14	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
15	MR. PICKFORD: So the situation we have then is
16	that the observations of the Commission were sought. It
17	gave them. It noted that there was to be confidential
18	protection afforded to the documents and ultimately, that
19	was that was the basis on which it made its observations.
20	It was also a lawyers-only ring, as I understand it.
21	Now, what we say cannot now happen properly within
22	the scope of that framework is that the Hausfeld Claimants
23	now move the goalposts, indeed, all of the Claimants, as
24	I understand it, move the goalposts and say, "We gave the
25	Commission notice on the basis there was going to be one

scheme that disclosure was going to be -- it was all going
to be fine because it was going to go into a confidentially
ring. Now let us get rid of that wholesale and have a
mechanism whereby we can simply redesignate documents
altogether, but let us not tell them."

We say that cannot properly happen within the scheme under which the Commission is allowed to make observations on the proportionality of disclosure. It is changing the rules. It is moving the goalposts.

We are not saying that redesignation cannot happen, that the documents cannot ultimately be made non-confidential. We are not saying there could not even be a mechanism for doing it in which the Commission was not involved in each redesignation itself. All we are saying is if we are going to change the rules of the scheme that fundamentally where there is potentially no longer confidential protection afforded to a large swathe of documents, then properly under the damages directive, read together with the relevant Practice Direction, which I have not taken you to because I think it is common ground, there needs to be notification to --

- 22 THE PRESIDENT: Would you take us to the Practice 23 Direction?
- MR. PICKFORD: I can do that, yes. Sir, the
 easiest way to address this, the quickest way, is actually

1	if you go to the Hausfeld skeleton where they conveniently
2	summarise the relevant arguments. If one goes to tab 6,
3	paragraph 26. So tab 26 sets out the argument that we made
4	in correspondence with VSW. It says:
5	"We contended they have adopted the wrong approach
6	in seeking modifications to the confidentiality orders.
7	Instead, they should have made a fresh application in
8	respect of the file disclosure that has already been given."
9	So the Commission has the opportunity to make
L 0	representations in accordance with the application to vary
11	the July 2018 order.
12	Then they go on to say:
13	"Paragraph 5.2 of the Practice Direction states
L 4	that in determining applications of file disclosure, the
L5	Tribunal will have regard to any observations of the
L 6	Commission authority in represent of proportionality of the
L7	application."
L8	They go on to make the argument that that
L9	provision reflects the terms of article 6.11 of the damages
20	directive. It does not envisage the Commission submitting
21	observations on the detailed workings of confidentiality
22	rings.
23	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
24	MR. PICKFORD: What we say is overlooked there is

that, of course, the question of proportionality depends in

T	part on the protection that is going to be arrorded. It was
2	explained to the Commission that a certain type of
3	protection was going to be afforded, namely that these
4	documents would always be within a confidentiality ring.
5	That was the basis. One of the complaints, of course, that
6	is made
7	THE PRESIDENT: As I recall, the Commission
8	notwithstanding that, their letter suggested that, in their
9	view, disclosure should not be ordered and I took account of
10	that and I ordered disclosure contrary to their views.
11	MR. PICKFORD: There was obviously a scope
12	argument there, but what is
13	THE PRESIDENT: Well, no, they were basically
14	saying that on that application, disclosure should not be
15	ordered under the directive. I looked at their arguments
16	and I did not accept it. I said it was proportionate to
17	disclose. So they have made their observations on
18	proportionality. Rightly or wrongly, they did not find
19	favour with the court.
20	MR. PICKFORD: But what they did not do is they
21	may well have had observations that they would have wished
22	to have made had they known that the disclosure regime and
23	confidentiality regime was going to be an entirely different
24	one from the one that they were being notified about.

THE PRESIDENT: Has someone written to them,

- 1 I thought, in any event?
- 2 MR. PICKFORD: Not that I am aware of. That is
- 3 what we are asking to happen.
- 4 THE PRESIDENT: Am I wrong? I thought someone has
- 5 now written to the Commission. Is that not correct?
- 6 Perhaps I am wrong.
- 7 MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Is it your submission that the
- 8 Commission would not have envisaged that the confidentiality
- 9 rings established by the Tribunal could be varied by the
- 10 Tribunal?
- 11 MR. PICKFORD: Well, I am not in a position to
- 12 speculate as to what the Commission did or did not or may or
- may not have envisaged. My point is that they were notified
- of a particular regime by which the documents would always
- 15 remain in a confidentiality ring.
- MR JUSTICE HILDYARD: Always.
- MR. PICKFORD: Yes, because -- well, they were
- given the terms of the ring and under that ring, there was
- 19 no way of de-designating. What is said is that is
- 20 deficient.
- 21 THE PRESIDENT: Look, if everything is based on
- 22 that this would in some way be going behind what the
- 23 Commission expressed a view on, we ought to look at their
- 24 view. We need to see their letter. It is not a very long
- 25 letter. From memory, it is about three or four pages.

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1
                   MR. PICKFORD: Sir, I have a copy here. Somewhere
 2
         in this Tribunal room, apparently somebody has 30 or 40 more
 3
         copies, but --
 4
                   THE PRESIDENT: Well, if you say, as you did a
 5
         short while ago, that every hour here costs £50,000 or
         £60,000, I think we can make a few copies in the Tribunal
 6
 7
         and hand them around.
 8
                   MR. BREALEY: Sir --
 9
                   THE PRESIDENT: Am I wrong in recalling from
10
         somewhere that someone recently wrote to the Commission?
11
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes.
12
                   THE PRESIDENT: I thought it was your solicitors.
13
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes, if you turn to our skeleton
         argument, paragraph -- footnote 14 on page 8.
14
15
                   THE PRESIDENT: That is at?
                   MR. MALEK: Tab 6.
16
17
                   THE PRESIDENT: Tab 6, thank you. Page 8,
         footnote 14.
18
19
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes, that is what we said.
20
                   MR. MALEK: They sent their application.
21
                   THE PRESIDENT: It has been sent to the Commission.
22
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes, that was in the context
23
         of the third excluded categories. There was a fresh
         application.
24
25
                   THE PRESIDENT: That is about the excluded
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1 categories from the disclosure. 2 MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes. 3 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, but not about the 4 redesignation. 5 MS. DEMETRIOU: No. THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I see. That is what 6 7 I misremembered. I see. Yes. MR. BREALEY: Sir, can I make one point on the directive? 9 10 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. MR. BREALEY: It all seems to be predicated on the 11 12 directive. Mr. Pickford did not take you to recital 28 of 13 the directive, which I think is the point that was made in almost the first couple of minutes of yesterday. So we are 14 15 talking about primarily pre-existing documents. THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 16 17 MR. BREALEY: The scheme under the damages directive is clearly set out at recital 28: 18 19 "National courts should be able at any time, at 20 any time, to order in the context of an action for damages 21 the disclosure of evidence that exists independently of the 22 proceedings of a competition authority pre-existing information." 23 24 There is no need to seek the views of the

Commission as to whether they are confidential. The damages

- directive clearly gives a right of a national court in a
 damages case to order disclosure of pre-existing documents.
- If this was a breach of contract case, all of
 these emails would clearly not be confidential. It is real
 irony that these documents relate to a secret cartel and in
 some sense, the Defendants are trying to keep them secret.
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MR. BREALEY: They are pre-existing documents.

 They exist independently of any investigation and the

 directive clearly states that the court at any time can

 order their disclosure.
- MR. PICKFORD: Sir, that is --
- 13 THE PRESIDENT: Well, Mr. Pickford --
- MR. PICKFORD: That is wrong.

25

information.

15 THE PRESIDENT: Well, 8.6 is not ordering that matters cease to be in the confidentiality ring. It is a 16 17 mechanism whereby either the parties can agree that 18 something is no longer confidential, or if they cannot 19 agree, the Tribunal will have to decide. If a matter is 20 properly confidential, it remains within the confidentiality 21 ring. If it is not confidential, in the decision of the Tribunal, then it is not. If it is not confidential, then 22 there is no need to have arrangements protecting such 23 24 confidential information because it is not confidential

1	MR. PICKFORD: Well, it envisages that it is
2	effectively up to the parties and the Tribunal to decide for
3	themselves, potentially allowing wholesale reclassification
4	of a file that they understood at least that was the
5	basis on which representations were evidently made to them
6	initially would be protected by a confidentiality ring.
7	They may have no objection. The point is we do not know
8	because they have not been told.
9	[The Panel conferred]
10	I have also now been told we have further copies
11	of the letter, if that would assist. I can hand those up.
12	(Same handed)
13	THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I mean, the Commission was
14	asked about this, expressed its views, was concerned about
15	over-broad and non-specific disclosure and relevance. Is
16	there anything in the letter that expresses concern about
17	confidentiality?
18	MR. PICKFORD: Well, sir, there would not be
19	because it was provided with it notes I mean, it
20	certainly is live to the issue of confidentiality because it
21	expressly notes that the disclosure will be into a
22	confidentiality ring, the terms of which it has seen. That
23	is the sentence that I read out.
24	THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
25	MR. PICKFORD: Sir, that is indicative of a

- 1 concern about confidentiality. It does not tell us what
- 2 their position would have been had the order allowed for
- 3 wholesale designation. They may have told us, "No, that is
- 4 very problematic to us. We would like to be able to explain
- 5 why that is the case."
- 6 THE PRESIDENT: It certainly does not indicate that
- 7 it is inviting or welcoming being consulted on disclosure,
- 8 because it says the opposite.
- 9 MR. PICKFORD: Well, sir, I do not think we can
- 10 conclude, not having asked them, that the Commission would
- 11 have no view.
- 12 THE PRESIDENT: Well, it says that it takes the
- 13 view that for it to submit observations would be wholly
- 14 exceptional.
- MR. PICKFORD: Which they then did.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes, but they certainly do not
- indicate they are anxious to do so in the future.
- MR. PICKFORD: Sir, you heard my submission. We
- 19 simply do not know if we do not ask them. I think it boils
- down to that.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Thank you.
- 22 So that is DAF's option. I am not clear from the
- 23 colouring as to who else from the Defendants is objecting to
- 24 8.6.
- 25 MR. HOSKINS: There is some red, which is Volvo,

- 1 but that was just to make the clause work if --
- THE PRESIDENT: Mr. Pickford has very clearly
- 3 expressed his concerns and objections. Any other counsel
- 4 for the Defendants.
- 5 MR. HARRIS: Sir, we simply ask, if it is to be
- ordered in 8.6A, over the page at (b), we have 21 days, not
- 7 14. We agree with Mr. Pickford's submission in principle.
- 8 We think 14 days is too little and 21 is more reasonable.
- 9 THE PRESIDENT: More reasonable. Thank you.
- 10 Ms. Bacon.
- MS. BACON: No objection.
- 12 MR. JOWELL: No further submissions.
- 13 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, we will just take a moment.
- 14 [The Panel conferred]
- 15 Yes, thank you. Again, in the interests of time,
- we will give short written reasons subsequently. We will
- not require any notification to the Commission as regards
- that aspect of the draft. We do not think that is in any
- 19 way required of the directive.
- There remains the question at paragraph (b) of 14
- 21 or 21 days. Without hearing from anyone, and we can hear
- from you if necessary, it seemed to us that 21 days is not
- 23 unreasonable. We are minded to change the time for response
- 24 to 21 days, given the size of the teams involved in this
- 25 case and the fact that some of the parties are largely based

1 abroad. 2 Is there any -- are you concerned about the 3 14 days? 4 MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, can I lay down a marker. 5 is not for now, but we are concerned by the nature of the process that the onus should be on the Claimants under 8.6 6 7 to seek redesignation. We think the reality of the matter is that the vast majority of these documents are not going 9 to be confidential at all. 10 THE PRESIDENT: Well, we said we would consider that next time. 11 12 MS. DEMETRIOU: We will consider that next time. 13 THE PRESIDENT: At the moment, they are in the 14 inner or outer ring. Maybe the outer ring now. 15 MS. DEMETRIOU: Yes. THE PRESIDENT: Therefore, that is the way they 16 17 have been disclosed. So the onus must be on the party to whom they have been disclosed saying, "We would like to 18 19 remove them". 20 MS. DEMETRIOU: We will revisit them next time. 21 THE PRESIDENT: We will revisit the general question of whether they are confidential. There will be 22 future documents, no doubt, to be disclosed that may well 23 start being disclosed into an inner ring. We cannot rule on 24

that without knowing what they are. This a mechanism for

- sorting it out and, if not, to the Tribunal, 21 days seems reasonable. On that basis, that deals with that point.
- 3 Yes. Ms. Bacon.
- MS. BACON: Yes, if we are on the question of

 Commission file disclosure, I know it is an application

 against me. I thought it would be helpful to just outline

 where we have got because I have a pragmatic proposal in

 light of the time.
- 9 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MS. BACON: So, sir, there are numerous

 applications by Hausfeld and Ryder. Most of them have

 fallen away. Just for the Tribunal's note, there was an

 issue regarding documents relating to prices charged in

 countries other than the UK.
- 15 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 16 MS. BACON: We have agreed that with Hausfeld.
- There are various points that are made in our

 skeleton argument which are not disputed and particularly

 the addition of one word to the order, which I understand

 from discussions with my learned friend, Ms. Demetriou, is

 not opposed. That is dealt with.
- On pragmatic grounds, we have agreed to disclosure of documents in four categories, which were requested, I, N, O and O.
- 25 THE PRESIDENT: This is out of the Commission's

1 files, is it? 2 MS. BACON: Yes. So perhaps I should preface this 3 by saying, as your Lordship knows, pursuant to the order of 4 Mrs. Justice Rose, a version of the Commission file was 5 created which excluded various documents on leniency and privilege grounds, which I will come to in a minute. 6 7 That sub-version of the Commission file was the one 8 that in principle was to be disclosed in Hausfeld and Ryder, 9 subject to Iveco and DAF's review for relevancy. That 10 resulted in a number of further exclusions which -- those exclusions have mainly been the subject of this dispute. 11 12 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 13 MS. BACON: Those exclusions were set out in various lettered categories in a disclosure statement, which 14 15 I do not think I need to take you to. THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think actually, it would be 16 helpful to have that, those categories, because different 17 people have consented and, equally, some categories are no 18 19 longer being pursued. 20 MS. BACON: Yes, I am about to tell you about some of them. 21 THE PRESIDENT: If we can look at that. 22 MS. BACON: The disclosure statement --23 24 THE PRESIDENT: Where do we find it?

MS. BACON: I think it is -- yes, it is in

- 1 Hausfeld volume C/3, behind tab 8. This is in the exhibit
- 2 to the witness statement of Mr. Rowan. He exhibits to
- 3 Rowan.
- 4 THE PRESIDENT: Mr. Rowan.
- 5 MS. BACON: It may be elsewhere as well.
- 6 MR. PICKFORD: I should probably point out that
- 7 this document is in the outer ring.
- 8 THE PRESIDENT: Well, it is in the outer ring, but
- 9 you can take us to the lettered categories.
- 10 MS. BACON: The descriptions are not confidential,
- 11 I understand.
- 12 THE PRESIDENT: I think I have got it.
- MS. BACON: It is C/3. It starts at page 258.
- 14 THE PRESIDENT: So this is a witness statement, is
- 15 it?
- 16 MS. BACON: No, it is the exhibits to the witness
- 17 statement of Mr. Rowan.
- 18 THE PRESIDENT: The second witness statement of
- 19 Mr. Rowan.
- MS. BACON: Exactly.
- 21 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Just a minute.
- 22 MS. BACON: The category descriptions are not
- 23 confidential. We have all been referring to them in open
- 24 court.
- 25 THE PRESIDENT: Just a moment. Yes, it is

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1
         Hausfeld.
 2
                   MR. MALEK: C/3, tab 8.
 3
                   THE PRESIDENT: At page?
                   MS. BACON: 258.
 4
                   MR. BREALEY: It is a rather complicated --
 5
         really, one needs to go to Mr. Levy's witness statement
 6
         where it is all set out in much more easier form.
 7
 8
                   MS. BACON: I was asked by the Tribunal to show
         where Mr. Rowan's statement is and that is where it is.
 9
10
                   THE PRESIDENT: Yes, it might be helpful to go with
         that because, to have it more compendiously, if you go to
11
12
         Mr. Levy's witness statement, which is in Ryder bundle B, at
         tab 2.
13
14
                   MS. BACON: Yes.
15
                   THE PRESIDENT: Page 13.
16
                   MR. BREALEY: Paragraph 31.
17
                   THE PRESIDENT: There are set out on two adjacent
         pages the withheld categories numbered A to R.
18
19
                   MS. BACON: Yes.
20
                   THE PRESIDENT: We appreciate that this is a
21
         confidential witness statement and, for reasons not entirely
22
         clear to me, the summary of the categories is said itself to
         be confidential.
23
24
                   MS. BACON: Well, I think matters have moved on
         and we have agreed between ourselves, and I will be
25
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- 1 corrected if anyone disagrees with me, that we can refer to
- 2 the descriptions of the categories.
- 3 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, as long as we do not look at
- 4 the underlying documents.
- 5 MS. BACON: Yes, exactly.
- 6 THE PRESIDENT: Well, that is sensible. So we will
- 7 treat this paragraph 31 as not confidential.
- 8 MS. BACON: Yes. If I can tell you that the
- 9 categories, before today, we had agreed between ourselves
- anyway.
- 11 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 12 MS. BACON: We had agreed, given the number of
- documents and on pragmatic grounds, that we would
- 14 un-withhold, if you like, categories N, O and Q, as well as
- 15 I. So those are the subjects of dispute and we have agreed
- 16 to provide those.
- 17 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MS. BACON: I will come back to category M in a
- 19 minute.
- 20 Ryder asked for further explanations of
- 21 categories A, E and R, which we have given in Rowan 2. My
- 22 understanding is that Ryder does not pursue any further
- 23 request for explanation in this hearing. That leaves --
- 24 THE PRESIDENT: So just to be clear, this A, O, Q
- 25 and I, because not everyone has claimed against Iveco -- you

- 1 represent Iveco, do you not?
- 2 MS. BACON: Iveco. Which category are we talking
- 3 about?
- THE PRESIDENT: No, you are saying you have agreed
- 5 A, O, Q and I.
- 6 MS. BACON: No, we agreed to provide N, Q, O and
- 7 I. Those were within our withheld categories.
- 8 MR. BREALEY: Can I just interrupt. I am not
- 9 going to stop Ms. Bacon because she is going to try to be
- 10 helpful, but Ryder B, Ryder bundle B, tab 6A has a copy of
- 11 DAF's, because obviously this application is made against
- DAF, not Iveco. So Ms. Bacon can try and assist, but
- bundle B, Ryder, 6A, that is page 116.2, to 6A. There
- 14 should be a 6A.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes, there is.
- 16 MR. BREALEY: This is a DAF draft order. At the
- bottom of page 116.2, the Tribunal will see at 3A:
- 18 "DAF shall provide inspection of those four
- 19 categories."
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MR. BREALEY: Given the time, obviously we would
- 22 ask the Tribunal at least to make that order today because
- 23 that is agreed. Some of them have occurred very recently.
- 24 THE PRESIDENT: Well, just to be clear, Iveco has
- agreed to provide N, O, Q and I. We can order that. The

- 1 main difference -- they are the same documents, but do we
- 2 take it then that DAF is prepared to provide I, N, O and Q.
- 3 MR. PICKFORD: We are.
- 4 THE PRESIDENT: You are.
- 5 MS. BACON: So the order does not need to be made.
- 6 If I can carry on with the --
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: Just a moment.
- 8 MR. BREALEY: Yes. But can I ask that all the
- 9 documents that were withheld in those categories, because
- 10 there are nuances here, all the documents that were
- 11 previously withheld in those documents are indeed being
- 12 disclosed.
- THE PRESIDENT: So --
- MR. BREALEY: That is not --
- 15 THE PRESIDENT: So those were not disclosed in
- those categories.
- MR. BREALEY: No.
- MS. BACON: No, these were withheld documents.
- 19 There is no objection to any of the documents in those
- 20 categories being disclosed and we reached that position
- 21 before court yesterday. So I can --
- THE PRESIDENT: Thank you.
- MS. BACON: I can carry on explaining where we get
- 24 to with the others and sort this. A, E and R, in relation
- 25 to those, there was no application for them to be disclosed.

1 There was an application that we provide further 2 explanations. We gave further explanations of those 3 categories, insofar as necessary, in Rowan 2. Then there 4 is, as I understand it, no further request we give yet 5 further explanations. 6 MR. BREALEY: No application today about those 7 categories. THE PRESIDENT: That is true of your client and also VSW, is it? 9 10 MS. BACON: VSW never asked us. Ryder did. THE PRESIDENT: It is purely Ryder. 11 12 MS. BACON: That leaves three categories. I will 13 start with category M. Category M was the subject of a 14 Ryder application. This is -- as you will see from this 15 list, it is documents --16 THE PRESIDENT: Corporate structures. 17 MS. BACON: Corporate structures, but not the individuals. Now, before today, we had agreed to give 18 Iveco's corporate structure documents within that category. 19 20 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 21 MS. BACON: There were also some corporate structure documents for other OEMs which we did not consider 22 to be relevant, but we had further discussions today and we 23 are willing to provide all of the documents on category M. 24

There are not a large number of other documents.

- 1 THE PRESIDENT: So that is now agreed.
- 2 MS. BACON: I am telling you this on instructions
- now. Until I stood up, Mr. Brealey was aware we were
- 4 providing at least some of them. I would like to clarify we
- 5 are willing to provide all of the documents in category M.
- 6 So that leaves two categories alone.
- 7 MR. BREALEY: Can I interrupt? Sorry.
- 8 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 9 MR. BREALEY: I think that is Iveco's position,
- 10 but not DAF's position.
- 11 THE PRESIDENT: Well, if Iveco provides you with --
- it is a file that everybody has got.
- MS. BACON: DAF has to provide the disclosure, but
- 14 it was Iveco's relevance ground that led to category being
- 15 withheld.
- 16 THE PRESIDENT: They both went through the
- 17 documents.
- MS. BACON: Mr. Pickford can make submissions on
- 19 whether he thinks something in a category can continue to be
- 20 closed.
- 21 THE PRESIDENT: Let us do it by category. I am
- 22 sorry, Ms. Bacon.
- 23 Mr. Pickford, are you seeking to -- so Iveco's
- 24 corporate structure clearly comes. Are you seeking to
- withhold anybody else's?

1 MR. PICKFORD: No. 2 THE PRESIDENT: No. 3 MR. HARRIS: I am sorry to rise, but this is an 4 order in, I think, our action for Daimler as well. I think 5 the position is we -- the Defendants were consulting with each other insofar as the documents related to another 6 7 Defendant, with an opportunity for the other Defendant to 8 provide comments. For all I know, we do not object. I have been told this has been very fast moving and we have not yet 9 10 been consulted on those corporate structures that relate to 11 us. Before they actually get disclosed, we need to have a 12 reasonable opportunity to be consulted on them. That may 13 result in us not objecting. I see the other two object, but we have not had that opportunity because it has moved too 14 15 fast. THE PRESIDENT: We make the order that all be 16 disclosed, with liberty for Daimler to apply within 14 days 17 18 if it objects. 19 MR. HOSKINS: We should have the same liberty to 20 apply. 21 THE PRESIDENT: They will have to make a specific 22 application explaining why. MS. BACON: I think that is very fair because --23 24 THE PRESIDENT: That is the order we make. It is good to know you think it is fair. Can we move on, please? 25

1 MS. BACON: Yes. So that leaves two categories, B 2 and L. 3 Now, B is still pursued by Ryder. The status of 4 that is we are resisting because we say that the material in 5 that is completely irrelevant. If you like, I am happy for Mr. Brealey to make his submissions on that. I just wanted 6 7 to give you a summary of where we are on everything. That 8 is still resisted. 9 THE PRESIDENT: Just pause a moment. I may have 10 misunderstood paragraph 19 of your skeleton argument dealing with -- you say that is only in countries --11 12 MS. BACON: No, this is a different paragraph. 13 is one of the issues that was agreed with Hausfeld before we 14 got here. 15 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, and that is --16 MS. BACON: The relevant -- yes, the relevant paragraph is 30/B. Mr. Rowan has given examples of the 17 documents in this category, which include, for example, a 18 19 dealer application form for a truck purchase in Russia. So 20 this is documents that do not relate to any of the 21 jurisdictions in the Hausfeld or Ryder claims. We have 22 explained in our evidence that we are not holding --23 withholding in this category anything that focuses upon the workings of the alleged infringement. You can --24

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

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1
                   MS. BACON: So this is purely --
 2
                   THE PRESIDENT: No, there is one Russian Claimant,
 3
         the Hausfeld Claimant.
                   MS. BACON: Yes, but I am not sure -- well,
 4
 5
         Hausfeld have not pursued this, I do not think. I do not
         believe that this is sought on that basis, because if there
 6
 7
         were any documents relating to the countries sought by
 8
         Hausfeld, that has already been wrapped up.
 9
                   THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
10
                   MS. BACON: We have agreed to hand over those.
                   THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
11
12
                   MS. BACON: So in our submission, these are
13
         relevant and that is why we are continuing to resist
14
         disclosure.
                   Now, L is a bit of a strange animal. This is a
15
         Ryder application and you might want to just see how Ryder
16
         put it originally. That is behind tab 3 of the Ryder file.
17
                   MR. BREALEY: I am sorry.
18
19
                   THE PRESIDENT: Well, it is very, very helpful,
20
         Ms. Bacon, to have this list, to see what is agreed and what
21
         we are left with. We understand from this we are left with
22
         two categories, B and L.
23
                   MS. BACON: Yes, I was about to explain L.
24
                   THE PRESIDENT: I think then if they are opposed,
         if you say a bit of L is agreed, you can tell us which
25
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- 1 parts.
- 2 MS. BACON: I was about to explain to you what has
- 3 happened on L.
- 4 THE PRESIDENT: You do that, but I think then it
- 5 must be for the applicants to make the application.
- 6 MS. BACON: Yes, of course. Of course. I wanted
- 7 to just explain where we have got to.
- 8 This does come down to an application that we
- 9 thought was about category L. What it has now become is an
- 10 application, we understand it, essentially for the Rose
- order of December to be varied, because what is said is that
- we have not disclosed Commission RFIs, which, from the
- original application, I think there was a suggestion that
- 14 these were category L. They are not in category L. The
- 15 Commission RFIs and our responses to those were always
- 16 excluded under the Rose order.
- 17 THE PRESIDENT: So they have not been disclosed to
- 18 Royal Mail.
- 19 MS. BACON: No. I think it is important that you
- 20 have this clarification as to where I understand things have
- 21 got to and Mr. Brealey can make his application. What I was
- 22 going to say is that has always been withheld. The
- 23 Royal Mail version of the file did not get these documents.
- 24 I understand that Mr. Brealey now wants to see those
- 25 documents and this is --

1	THE PRESIDENT: So what is left in category L?
2	MS. BACON: So category L contains OFT RFIs. I am
3	not sure if that is pursued, but it is, in any event, RFIs
4	that do not contain any factual information relevant to the
5	case.
6	The focus of Mr. Brealey's complaint now seems to
7	be the Commission RFIs and responses. I needed to make this
8	clear because we did not understand this until the eve of
9	the CMC. What I was going to make as a pragmatic suggestion
10	was that this is a new point that has only just arisen. We
11	were not aware that what was actually sought was effectively
12	a variation of Mrs. Justice Rose's order as it applies to
13	the disclosure in these proceedings. In other words,
14	Mr. Brealey is asking for something that goes beyond
15	Royal Mail's file. My pragmatic suggestion is that should
16	be deferred until the next CMC and the Tribunal can make an
17	order in relation to category B if there is time.
18	THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Can you also tell me: is
19	category B a category that was disclosed to you were not
20	involved in that disclosure, DAF was, to Royal Mail.
21	MS. BACON: Yes.
22	THE PRESIDENT: Mr. Pickford.

MR. PICKFORD: Sir, two points. Firstly, just to
make very briefly the point that we have made a number of
concessions. They were purely for pragmatic reasons because

1 of the need to get through this. We do not -- nothing 2 further should be read into that at all --3 THE PRESIDENT: We appreciate that. 4 MR. PICKFORD: -- because of the very small number 5 of documents. 6 The second issue concerns category L. So I think 7 in relation to category B, our position is essentially as 8 per Iveco. 9 THE PRESIDENT: Can you tell me, the category B 10 documents, were they disclosed to Royal Mail? 11 MR. WARD: Yes, they were. 12 MR. PICKFORD: Yes. 13 THE PRESIDENT: They were disclosed to Royal Mail. They now go to BT pursuant to the order we made yesterday. 14 15 But you say actually they are not relevant so they should not go to the other Claimants in the other actions. Yes. 16 17 So that is B. 18 MS. BACON: Yes. 19 THE PRESIDENT: Is your understanding of L that 20 what we are dealing with is Commission RFIs and responses? 21 MR. PICKFORD: So we have a different position in 22 relation to category L because as I understand the position 23 of Ms. Bacon's clients, they withheld certain documents on the basis that they were leniency applicants. We have not 24

withheld any RFIs. Category L concerns procedural

documents -- any relevant RFIs, I should say. Category L

concerns procedural documents, effectively irrelevant

procedural documents that have no substantive bearing on the

issues in the case.

If there was a request for further information or a response to it that contained information that should have been disclosed, we have disclosed it. We have not taken a position on the form of the document, but there are some procedural documents that we have not disclosed. There is probably simply a confusion on the part of the Ryder Claimants that they have conflated the procedural documents, withholding. At least on our part with RFIs, that is not what we have done. That was explained in Ms. Edwards' third statement.

THE PRESIDENT: My understanding of the genesis of this is that in the Royal Mail action, which was the first which came before Mrs. Justice Rose, she ordered disclosure of certain exclusions, which excluded leniency documents and settlements and issues, and some 32,000 documents were disclosed to Royal Mail. When the Ryder application came before me, at which Iveco also appeared, and there was further argument, because it came under the damages directive, I permitted Iveco and, I think, your clients to go through, as it were, the 32,000 and take out certain things. That was done. As a result, Ryder received not

32,000 documents, but some 24,000. Their concern is about 1 2 what they say are the missing 8,000. 3 So there should not be anything in these 4 categories which are additional to Royal Mail and involve a 5 variation of the Royal Mail order. These are all things that were disclosed to Royal Mail and not disclosed to 6 7 Ryder. Mr. Brealey, that was my understanding of your application, is that right? 9 10 MR. BREALEY: That is right. So, yes, the excluded categories we would not --11 12 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 13 MR. BREALEY: I do not know whether the guillotine is at 4.00. On B, we would ask for that for consistency 14 15 purposes, if the Tribunal was minded to order it. There is a deeper issue on responses. Could 16 17 I just very quickly --18 THE PRESIDENT: Were the responses disclosed to 19 Royal Mail? If you want to press disclosure responses, 20 obviously you are free to make that application, but that is 21 a slightly different point. 22 MR. BREALEY: Yes, we say that the responses have 23 been wrongly withheld. 24 THE PRESIDENT: From the Royal Mail disclosure?

MR. BREALEY: From Royal Mail.

1 THE PRESIDENT: From your disclosure by reference. 2 MR. BREALEY: When one reads the Royal Mail's 3 disclosure, it does not give justification --4 THE PRESIDENT: We are going to have to disband. 5 I do not know if you are going to pursue that and if 6 Royal Mail have --7 MR. WARD: It is a completely new issue that we are not yet sighted on. If I may explain the position. We 8 9 have had disclosure in Royal Mail. You ordered yesterday 10 that BT should receive the same file as Royal Mail. I am 11 now addressing you on behalf of the Dawsongroup, with whom 12 there has been dialogue with DAF. DAF has adopted broadly 13 the same approach that you have already heard from 14 Ms. Bacon. 15 On behalf of Dawsongroup, we would like to 16 challenge some of the categories of exclusion, but because of the time and where we are today, what we would like is an 17 18 order for what they are willing to give us. If we were able 19 to come back before Christmas, assuming we cannot resolve it in 20 correspondence, briefly address argument at 21 least to you, sir. In addition, there is another Royal Mail 22 category which has been floating around, the so-called communications disclosure. 23 24 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I saw that. MR. WARD: It is partially agreed, but not 25

1 totally. That is very, very important and we do not want it to wait until the next CMC. 2 3 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. 4 MR. WARD: Looking at the time, we could at least 5 have what they are prepared to give and then argue for the rest, hopefully, on a date very soon. 6 7 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Will you give us just a 8 moment? 9 [The Panel conferred] 10 Yes, we really do have to stop because one my colleagues has to catch a plane. 11 12 We will order what has been agreed as explained. 13 We will reserve categories B and L and any further 14 application may be issued to vary or complain about 15 non-compliance with previous orders, to be heard separately, to be heard by myself sitting alone. I will be available. 16 I hope my availability will be able to fit with those 17 counsel concerned. It is limited, but it is certainly less 18 19 limited than if we have to get the three of us together. 20 So there is a question of timing for this 21 disclosure. That is a matter for DAF and Iveco. How many days to provide it? It has all been provided to Royal Mail, 22 so it is not new material. 23 24 MR. PICKFORD: I understand that there is an

agreed date of 21 December. Yes.

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THE PRESIDENT: That is 21 December to be provided.
 2
                   There is one other matter that perhaps can be --
 3
                   MR. BREALEY: It is not agreed.
 4
                   THE PRESIDENT: Is it agreed, 21 December?
 5
                   MR. BREALEY: It is not agreed, apparently.
 6
                   THE PRESIDENT: It is not agreed.
 7
                   MR. BREALEY: No. It should be done
 8
         instantaneously, never mind 21 December.
 9
                   MR. KENNELLY: Sir, while that is being hammered
10
         out, just for the record, Scania have the same liberty to
11
         apply.
12
                   THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
                   MR. JOWELL: For all Defendants.
13
14
                   THE PRESIDENT: For all Defendants other than Iveco
15
         and DAF.
16
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir --
17
                   THE PRESIDENT: Just a moment.
                   MR. PICKFORD: Sir, I have been just handed up the
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19
         Ryder draft order. It was their draft order. It says by
20
         4.00 pm on 21 December. You may now say we not agreed it,
21
         but we are happy with that. If that is what they have asked
22
         for, they can have it.
23
                   MR. BREALEY: That was in relation to B and L,
24
         apparently --
                   THE PRESIDENT: Well --
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                   MR. BREALEY: -- which will take longer.
 2
                   THE PRESIDENT: Well, I know. It need not take
 3
         longer if it has been disclosed to Royal Mail. Are you
 4
         going to push for an earlier date? Are you keen to get it?
 5
                   MR. BREALEY: Sir --
                   MR. PICKFORD: Daimler understand it needs 14 days
 6
 7
         to make its representations to us. Sir, probably a further
 8
         14 after that. I think it was probably about 21 December.
 9
                   THE PRESIDENT: I think we will say 21 December.
10
                   The one other matter we might be able to deal with
         in a minute is, I think, Ms. Demetriou, you have applied for
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12
         further information from DAF, which I am told is not
13
         opposed, but just a question of whether it is 21 days or
14
         14 days, is that correct?
15
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: That has all been agreed.
                   THE PRESIDENT: That has been agreed at?
16
17
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: 21 days.
                   THE PRESIDENT: So we can make that order.
18
19
                   MS. DEMETRIOU: We can make that order.
20
                   THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
21
                   MR. WARD: Sir, can I take it that your provision
22
         to hear further argument relates to Royal Mail, DAF --
                   THE PRESIDENT: We can deal with that at the same
23
         time. It may be, if those matters would take a half a day,
24
         that the confidential economic disclosure that was
25
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- 1 ventilated this morning could be heard in camera in the
- 2 afternoon, if we can find one day for DAF and Royal Mail.
- 3 It does not affect anybody else.
- 4 The other matter, I think there is an application
- 5 by Mr. Brealey -- no, it is not Mr. Brealey. It is
- 6 Dawsongroup. It is Mr. Ward. Some overcharge categories
- 7 that have been agreed.
- 8 MR. WARD: In a nutshell, the position is there
- 9 has been a lot of dialogue between at least two of the three
- 10 of the Defendant parties about the actual trucks at issue.
- We are at least 90% there, at least provisionally. Efforts
- 12 will continue.
- On the more general economic disclosure, there has
- 14 not -- we are at very early stages. What we will try and do
- is progress robustly between now and the next CMC.
- 16 Hopefully we will have some substantive feedback for the
- 17 proposals we will make. Proposals were made based on what
- happened in Royal Mail, in a nutshell. There is nothing we
- 19 are seeking today.
- THE PRESIDENT: If there are any agreed orders and
- 21 agreed orders --
- MR. WARD: I am so sorry. I am reminded that DAF
- has agreed to provide some overcharge categories.
- 24 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, that is what I had said. If
- 25 there are agreed orders, just send them through to us.

- 1 Unless we find something startling in them that we are not
- 2 happy about, you can expect the orders will be made.
- 3 MS. DEMETRIOU: Obviously it cannot be done now.
- 4 We have an outstanding application for various categories of
- 5 overcharge disclosure.
- 6 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 7 MS. DEMETRIOU: DAF, I think, has agreed to
- 8 provide us what they are going to provide Royal Mail. At
- 9 least in their skeleton they say they can do that, so I hope
- 10 that they will.
- In relation to progressing this matter, we are
- very anxious to make progress on it before the next CMC.
- Could I ask the Tribunal, I hope it will not be
- 14 controversial, to order that the Defendants respond
- 15 substantively to our proposal in correspondence within
- 16 28 days so we can take forward the proposal that we have
- 17 made?
- 18 We have sought an order for disclosure of
- 19 particular categories. We are obviously not going to be
- able to deal with it now. What we do not want to be is in a
- 21 position -- in the same position at the next CMC where this
- 22 has not been progressed. Can we, please, have an order that
- 23 the Defendants respond substantially to our disclosure
- 24 categories?
- THE PRESIDENT: Well, you need to do that. We need

- 1 to know actually what they are being ordered to respond to.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: So that is all set out in our
- draft order. You have -- we have discussed it. We have
- 4 advanced submissions in our skeleton argument.
- 5 MR. HOSKINS: That is objected to.
- 6 THE PRESIDENT: I think what you need to do,
- 7 Ms. Demetriou, is fix a date for hearing of your
- 8 application. It is a disclosure application. All
- 9 disclosure applications do not need a full Tribunal.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: No.
- 11 THE PRESIDENT: Before me. No doubt, with the date
- hanging over them, that will encourage people to respond.
- I think that is the way to do it.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes.
- THE PRESIDENT: Then pursue it in correspondence.
- We do have to stop.
- MS. DEMETRIOU: In respect of category L that has
- been discussed, we also seek that and we made that clear in
- 19 our skeleton.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Anyone can participate in
- 21 that.
- 22 MR. PICKFORD: Sir, there is one consequential
- 23 matter that arises from today's directions, which is that in
- 24 relation to the Royal Mail claim, there were originally set
- down dates for extended witness statements and also in

Τ.	relation to expert evidence.
2	THE PRESIDENT: Yes, we will vacate those dates and
3	that is agreed by Royal Mail. That order is varied
4	accordingly.
5	We shall, therefore, rise. We just wanted to
6	thank not only the counsel we have heard, but those juniors
7	and the teams of solicitors. The very helpful skeleton
8	arguments have enabled us to get through really quite a lot
9	in a very short time. We appreciate that.
LO	(4.11 pm)
L1	(The hearing concluded)
L2	
L3	
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