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Case No.: 1284/5/7/18 (T); 1290/5/7/18 (T); 1291/5/7/18 (T); 1292/5/7/18 (T); 1293/5/7/18 (T); 1294/5/7/18 (T); 1295/5/7/18 (T)

IN THE COMPETITION APPEAL TRIBUNAL

Salisbury Square House, 8 Salisbury Square, London EC4Y 8AP

6 February 2020

Before:

The Honourable Mr Justice Roth, The Honourable Mr Justice Fancourt, Hodge Malek QC

(Sitting as a Tribunal in England and Wales)

BETWEEN:

Trucks Proceedings (Case Management Conference – February 2020)

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CMC – 6 February 2020

| 1 | Thursday, 6 February 2020 |
|----|--|
| 2 | (10.30 am) |
| 3 | Case Management Conference |
| 4 | THE PRESIDENT: Good morning everyone. |
| 5 | The proceedings today are being live-streamed into |
| 6 | our other courtroom so if anyone squeezed at the back |
| 7 | feels cramped or uncomfortable, please feel free to |
| 8 | leave at any time and watch the proceedings in court 2. |
| 9 | Thank you all for your skeleton arguments from |
| 10 | counsel, but also for the very hard work that all the |
| 11 | teams of lawyers have done and looking round the room |
| 12 | they are obviously quite large teams in this case, even |
| 13 | if only a portion of the teams are present today. |
| 14 | On confidentiality, my understanding and please |
| 15 | correct me if that's wrong is there is nothing in the |
| 16 | skeleton arguments for today that's confidential and |
| 17 | there's nothing in the short statements about the expert |
| 18 | methodologies that is confidential. Obviously there are |
| 19 | other materials which are confidential. |
| 20 | And we will be taking as usual a short break |
| 21 | mid-morning and mid-afternoon for the benefit of the |
| 22 | transcribers. |
| 23 | Can I just say at the outset that these are of |
| 24 | course heavy, complex and high value claims covering |
| 25 | a long period of time and we are all agreed that the |

claim for damages goes beyond the cartel period and in fact even before the cartel period, a still longer period of time and, as everyone here knows, yet more claims are being brought almost on a weekly basis. So I would like to emphasise at the outset two aspects of the way in which we need to manage these cases.

I have said something like this before, but I think it is worth repeating. First of all, the question is not simply what is the just and proportionate way of proceeding with a heavy, high value action, but also to have regard to the parallel issues across most of these claims so as to achieve consistent outcomes. If we don't achieve consistent outcomes as between the different actions, then that is a recipe for appeals, for potential remittal, for rehearings. It makes it much harder for other claims to settle and so forth, and we all have in mind of course the experience in the interchange fee litigation which I think is generally acknowledged is not one to be emulated.

That means that steps which might be obvious in one claim considered in isolation, may not be appropriate or attractive when we consider the claims overall and we need of course to be fair to all parties, including the claimants who may have suffered significant loss as a result of this very serious infringement of

| L | competition | law, | but | fairness | in | this | context | involves |
|---|--------------|--------|-------|-----------|----|------|---------|----------|
| 2 | these overal | ll cor | nside | erations. | | | | |

2.3

In some respects we may have to be innovative in the way that we address these issues and we are grateful for your help and proposals, even though of course the commercial interests of the parties on the different sides of the cases are different.

With that by way of preliminary observation, we would like to go through our agenda broadly in that order, as indeed have counsel in their skeleton arguments.

First, pleadings. Little I think that I need to say on that. We heard I think that in Volvo/Renault there's a wish to file an updated defence to correct various typos and one error in a date in I think the Dawsongroup action. Is that right, Mr Hoskins?

MR HOSKINS: That's right, it's just some tidying-up to be done. I don't think it is going to be controversial but obviously if it is we will be back before you, but we gave dates and we intend to circulate the drafts to the relevant claimants.

THE PRESIDENT: Well they sound fairly minor changes which then don't need any intervention from the Tribunal.

I think there were also some amended contribution defences, is that right, in the Suez and Wolseley cases?

| 1 | MR HOSKINS: That's right. That's just to ensure |
|----|--|
| 2 | consistency across the three VSW claims. |
| 3 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, thank you. |
| 4 | And Iveco, you want to make some amendments to your |
| 5 | defences, I think, Ms Bacon, in the Ryder proceedings. |
| 6 | MS BACON: Yes, that's right and that's ongoing in the |
| 7 | correspondence. |
| 8 | THE PRESIDENT: So no orders are being sought now? |
| 9 | MS BACON: No, the only order we suggest is directions |
| 10 | regarding the VSW particulars on compound interest, but |
| 11 | that applies across the board, and that's not our |
| 12 | pleading. |
| 13 | THE PRESIDENT: Is that being asked for today? |
| 14 | MS BACON: No. VSW have said in their skeleton argument, |
| 15 | they raised a point that they were going to file |
| 16 | particulars of their case on compound interest but |
| 17 | hadn't done so, so we just want to make sure that's |
| 18 | included in the directions after today's hearing. |
| 19 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. It is Mr Jones, is it, for VSW? You |
| 20 | say that you are preparing to provide further |
| 21 | particulars. |
| 22 | MR JONES: We suggested 14 days, except Veolia for which we |
| 23 | ask 28 days. |
| 24 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. So 14 days for Suez and Wolseley and |
| 25 | 28 days for Veolia. Is there any objection from anyone |

1 to that? Very well, so we will incorporate that in the 2 order. 3 That's the particulars as -- we haven't got a draft for that I think, do we, Mr Jones, at the moment? 5 MR JONES: There isn't a draft but it should be 6 straightforward because it is simply to particularise their claim for compound interest. 7 8 THE PRESIDENT: And it is not in -- it is in response to any particular request or ..? 9 MR JONES: I think, sir, there have been some complaints 10 11 that it hasn't been particularised. 12 THE PRESIDENT: But it is not to answer a particular 13 request --14 MR JONES: No, it is not. THE PRESIDENT: -- it is just to provide further particulars 15 16 of the complaint. Yes, very well. 17 Yes, Mr Lask. 18 MR LASK: Sorry, in case it assists Dawsongroup, we have 19 received the amended defence in the form of the 20 Volvo/Renault proceedings and we don't object to both amendments. 21 22 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, thank you very much. No, that's 23 helpful. Yes, Mr Harris. MR HARRIS: Just for the sake of completeness, for Daimler 24 25 there are similar positions involved in that we have

| 1 | some minor consistency and corrections and typo |
|----|--|
| 2 | amendments that are going to be circulated shortly after |
| 3 | this hearing, so no order's sought but I don't imagine |
| 4 | it will be controversial. |
| 5 | THE PRESIDENT: Thank you. Anything else on pleadings? |
| 6 | MR BREALEY: We are seeking (inaudible). Some dates have |
| 7 | been proposed. We seek no order. Daimler have refused |
| 8 | to provide particulars and we may have to come back to |
| 9 | the Tribunal with an application in that respect. |
| 10 | I just put a marker down that we have (inaudible) |
| 11 | defences, some defendants have refused, some are going |
| 12 | to give us the particulars (inaudible). |
| 13 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, well, we won't get into that now you |
| 14 | don't need to put down markers. If it is raised in |
| 15 | correspondence, it has been raised. |
| 16 | MR JONES: Sir, just to make things simple, on the Volvo |
| 17 | front we similarly don't have any corrections. We |
| 18 | haven't seen the (inaudible). We will be objecting to |
| 19 | a point which is raised in the Iveco amendment but, sir, |
| 20 | it is a point which goes broadly to pass-on and so |
| 21 | I don't propose to spend time on it now, we can pick it |
| 22 | up when we get to item 4 on the agenda. |
| 23 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, thank you. |
| 24 | Anything else on pleadings? Can we move on then to |
| 25 | confidentiality. Paragraph 2 of the agenda concerns the |

| 1 | Scania decision. We are all aware of the position and |
|----|--|
| 2 | we have seen what is said in the evidence about that. |
| 3 | It has now been a year since I had correspondence with |
| 4 | the then Director General of Competition on that point. |
| 5 | I think it might be worth my writing again there's |
| 6 | now a new Director General simply to urge that the |
| 7 | Commission deals with this now as quickly as possible. |
| 8 | I gather it is no longer an issue involving Scania, |
| 9 | it's now an issue involving some other addressees of the |
| 10 | decision. |
| 11 | MR KENNELLY: Sir, that's correct. From Scania's |
| 12 | perspective the Tribunal will recall there was an issue |
| 13 | about redactions made by Scania. A number of those |
| 14 | redactions were rejected by the hearing officer and the |
| 15 | time for challenging that hearing officer's decision has |
| 16 | now expired, so a number of the Scania redactions will |
| 17 | need to be removed, but that will have to be done we |
| 18 | don't dispute that but that will have to be done in |
| 19 | conjunction with the outcome of the dispute between the |
| 20 | Commission and the settling parties in relation to their |
| 21 | redactions. |
| 22 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Well, I gather that's just ongoing but |
| 23 | it is ongoing for a very long time. |
| 24 | MR HARRIS: Yes. And on behalf of the settling parties we |
| 25 | have no objection obviously to the Tribunal writing |

| 1 | | again. It is what it is. |
|----|------|--|
| 2 | THE | PRESIDENT: You will of course as always receive a copy |
| 3 | | of the correspondence. |
| 4 | | I don't think there is anything else we can say |
| 5 | | about that at this stage. |
| 6 | | The next issue on confidentiality is any other |
| 7 | | issues on confidentiality and the point arising there is |
| 8 | | the application by Ryder for an amendment to the |
| 9 | | confidentiality orders to enable the inner ring members |
| 10 | | of the claimants and in particular the experts to |
| 11 | | discuss those documents together and before we hear from |
| 12 | | Mr Brealey, my understanding is that that is supported |
| 13 | | by the other claimants, that Daimler and Volvo/Renault |
| 14 | | are neutral, some of the defendants, DAF and MAN, want |
| 15 | | to be heard on the terms of the order, but are not |
| 16 | | actively opposing the principle, but Iveco is opposing. |
| 17 | | So, Mr Brealey. |
| 18 | MR I | BREALEY: Can I start with the correspondence. I don't |
| 19 | | know whether you are going to go Magnum or hard copy |
| 20 | | or |
| 21 | THE | PRESIDENT: I think we're happy with Magnum on the |
| 22 | | correspondence. |
| 23 | MR I | BREALEY: Can I go first to the Ashurst letter of |
| 24 | | 20 December and at bundle {R-D/IC1/332}. I don't know |
| 25 | | if the Tribunal has had the opportunity to see that |

| 1 | letter but that is the letter dated 20 December where |
|----|---|
| 2 | Ryder make the request. I don't know if it is best that |
| 3 | the Tribunal just reads it or |
| 4 | (Pause). |
| 5 | Then it goes over and the next step is asking for |
| 6 | agreement by the 10 January. The point being made there |
| 7 | is it is inefficient and it is incurring a waste of |
| 8 | costs. The claimants' experts cannot discuss common |
| 9 | disclosure. |
| 10 | THE PRESIDENT: The experts are in the inner ring, aren't |
| 11 | they? |
| 12 | MR BREALEY: Yes. |
| 13 | THE PRESIDENT: Is it as important for the outer ring |
| 14 | members to discuss? Because there are quite a lot of |
| 15 | them, that's why. |
| 16 | MR BREALEY: Well, it is very important for the experts |
| 17 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, we understand that. |
| 18 | MR BREALEY: That's the thrust of (inaudible) needs to be |
| 19 | able to discuss |
| 20 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, we've got that point. And they are in |
| 21 | the inner ring. |
| 22 | MR BREALEY: They are in the inner ring. And it is |
| 23 | inefficient, as the letter says, and it is incurring |
| 24 | substantial waste of costs because there is a duplicate |
| 25 | exercise being undertaken. |

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1
         THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
 2
         MR BREALEY: So in my respectful submission when you see
 3
             that letter, it is a wholly reasonable request.
                 The next -- the Volvo reply is at page 1/378
 5
             {R-D/IC1/378}. So remember you wanted replies by
 6
             10 January --
         THE PRESIDENT: Have you got a date?
 7
 8
         MR BREALEY: Sorry, I will give the reference. It is
         R-D/IC1/378.
 9
                 So there is a bit of a stonewall objection there.
10
11
             And we get similar responses -- obviously the defendants
12
             are coordinated because we get similar responses on
13
             10 January.
14
                 I will give the references. So 1/378, that's the
             reply by Freshfields -- I don't know if the Magnum --
15
16
             page 380. {RD/IC1/380}
17
         THE PRESIDENT: We don't need to see all --
18
         MR BREALEY: No, but you see it is all coordinated.
         MR MALEK: But it is not stalling, because they only just
19
20
             had the request, at the beginning of the year. The main
21
             thing is to see what the substantive -- the main thing
22
             is to look at the substantive response.
23
         MR BREALEY: The claimants agreed, as we (inaudible)
             claimants agreed. And then Ashurst write again on
24
25
             14 January, for the note that is page 390 {R-D/IC1/390},
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| 1 | and then the disclosure ruling comes after that letter |
|----|--|
| 2 | and maybe we can go to the disclosure ruling, so that is |
| 3 | at {R-D/IC1/391}. |
| 4 | And there are various paragraphs I just and |
| 5 | obviously the Tribunal knows this various paragraphs |
| 6 | I just want to emphasise that are relevant to this |
| 7 | application. The first is paragraph 1, where the |
| 8 | Tribunal emphasises, halfway down, that it has been |
| 9 | case-managed jointly. That's relevant to Iveco's "these |
| 10 | proceedings have not been consolidated" point. |
| 11 | If we move on to paragraph 40, last sentence, and |
| 12 | I will give you the reference, at 411 $\{R-D/IC1/411\}$ |
| 13 | where the Tribunal says, last sentence: |
| 14 | " it is important to establish how in practice |
| 15 | the issues at trial will be approached, and to do so |
| 16 | before and not after vast time, effort and expense is |
| 17 | devoted" |
| 18 | That's clearly relevant to Iveco's "premature" |
| 19 | point: we need to start doing this now rather than |
| 20 | pushing it off. |
| 21 | Paragraph 41, at the bottom it is said: |
| 22 | "Instead, it seems to us that the issues will |
| 23 | probably have to be approached by the analysis of large |
| 24 | amounts of pricing and market data" |
| 25 | And going over, last sentence: |

| Τ | "This has significant implications for the nature of |
|-----|--|
| 2 | the disclosure to be ordered." |
| 3 | Then I come to passages that I do pray in aid, |
| 4 | halfway in paragraph 42: |
| 5 | "We would hope that the experienced experts can |
| 6 | therefore agree on the methodology which is |
| 7 | appropriate" {R-D/IC1/412} |
| 8 | Paragraph 43, it emphasises the point that |
| 9 | (inaudible) made: |
| LO | " the Tribunal made it clear at the outset the |
| L1 | importance of ensuring consistency as between the |
| L2 | various claims" |
| L3 | And then paragraph 45, which is at page 413 |
| L 4 | {R-D/IC1/413} there is an expectation: |
| L5 | " that the parties collectively should be in |
| L6 | a better position to agree between them more details of |
| L7 | the disclosure exercises across the various actions." |
| L8 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| L9 | MR BREALEY: Notwithstanding that clear steer, we get the |
| 20 | response from Iveco which is at page 448 {R-D/IC1/448} |
| 21 | where they write on behalf of all the defendants, |
| 22 | objecting. They make various points. The pleadings are |
| 23 | not consolidated; well, they are jointly case-managed. |
| 24 | Disclosure is not common; well, that misses the point. |
| 25 | They don't really pick that up in the skeleton. And |

lack of justification; we will come on that, but we 1 2 would say that's blindingly obvious. 3 So that's how it is left. MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: Do you have 449? {R-D/IC1/449} MR BREALEY: Sorry, 449, so "Disclosure is not common to all 5 6 claimants", well that misses the point. They don't really pick that up. We just want disclosure that is 7 common and "Lack of justification", we say that is 8 blindingly obvious but I will put some more detail on 9 that. 10 11 Although they write on behalf of all the defendants 12 as the Tribunal has picked up, Royal Mail/BT support our application. It has also been supported, VSW support it 13 14 so they want to be --THE PRESIDENT: Yes, well, I said that, yes. 15 16 MR BREALEY: And essentially the rest are neutral bar Iveco. 17 THE PRESIDENT: So just on that last point, that letter you 18 showed us was on behalf of all defendants, but are there subsequent letters? 19 20 MR BREALEY: No. THE PRESIDENT: It is in the skeletons. 21 22 MR BREALEY: Not that I'm aware of. In the skeletons they 23 are neutral, they will leave it to the Tribunal to decide, et cetera. So there has been a massive shift 24 25 between the defendants and now we have written again to

| 1 | Iveco | saying | "Come | on, | please" | and | they | still | maintain |
|---|-------|--------|--------|------|---------|-----|------|-------|----------|
| 2 | their | fairly | Dracor | nian | stance. | | | | |

THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Well, Mr Brealey, I think you have set the ground. I think it is appropriate to hear from Ms Bacon now.

I have been asked to remind you all, or to request you all to speak clearly into the microphones because otherwise you can't be heard in court 2.

MS BACON: Sir, I am grateful. There are three points

I would like to make and they are firstly what is the starting point; secondly, what are Ryder's reasons for saying that this is needed; and thirdly, the practical difficulties and risks of making the order in the terms that Ryder seek.

Starting with the first of those, the cases are obviously separate claims and are being managed together for convenience, but there is as yet no order that Ryder should be heard together with any other case, or that Ryder's evidence should stand as evidence in any other case, so the default position should be that the experts do their work on the basis of the evidence in each case and that just as in any other case they should not be permitted to discuss the disclosed documents with experts working on other albeit similar cases.

Of course that doesn't mean that they can't discuss the

| Τ | methodology and that's one of the points that we have |
|----|---|
| 2 | raised in the correspondence. There's nothing at all |
| 3 | stopping the experts from discussing in some detail the |
| 4 | methodology that they propose on the basis of the |
| 5 | documents and data disclosed to them. What this relates |
| 6 | to is the underlying data. |
| 7 | THE PRESIDENT: But isn't their view on methodology going to |
| 8 | be heavily influenced by the nature and quality of the |
| 9 | documents they have had? |
| 10 | MS BACON: Yes, but |
| 11 | THE PRESIDENT: So if they're going to discuss it and want |
| 12 | to say why I think this is a good idea or bad idea, it |
| 13 | is going to involve, in any sensible way, saying |
| 14 | "Because we've got this data", or "Because there are |
| 15 | gaps in this data" and so on. |
| 16 | MS BACON: Yes, that might well be the case and we entirely |
| 17 | accept that an order of this sort might be appropriate |
| 18 | if and when there is an order that Ryder should be heard |
| 19 | with one or other of the other cases and the evidence |
| 20 | should stand as evidence in the other, but we just |
| 21 | haven't reached that point yet. |
| 22 | THE PRESIDENT: But aren't we at this stage now, although |
| 23 | we're not going to make any rulings today, we're coming |
| 24 | on to that later, but we have already indicated that we |
| 25 | would like the experts to see if there isn't a common |

| 1 | methodology that can be used so we aren't faced with |
|---|--|
| 2 | a lot of different methodologies and different actions |
| 3 | seeking to establish the same thing. |

4 MS BACON: Yes, there is --

THE PRESIDENT: And to do that they have to have that discussion, don't they?

MS BACON: Yes. The question is how much detail they need to go into in the actual underlying disclosure and we have asked -- we put Ryder on notice and said "Well, what is the reason for this particular order? Give us an example of what you actually need this for? What's the nature of the discussions you want to have?" and initially in Mr Levy's third witness statement he came back and said "Well, I'm not going to tell you", which was profoundly unhelpful because we were genuinely seeking to ascertain why Ryder needed this.

What was initially said was that there was a barrier to making progress, but we didn't understand that because of course others of the claims, such as Royal Mail and BT, have progressed without any request to have discussions of this nature and we were somewhat perplexed as to what actually Ryder's expert couldn't do without speaking to the other experts, so we were asking "Well, what's the problem here?" and one would normally expect that at least initially the methodology could be

| т | | worked out by Kyder 5 experts. Kyder 15 |
|-----|------|--|
| 2 | | a well-resourced company, it has got experienced |
| 3 | | solicitors and economists acting for it |
| 4 | THE | PRESIDENT: Sorry to interrupt you, but I don't think it |
| 5 | | is a problem for Ryder's experts to work out the |
| 6 | | methodology they might want to use; if Ryder's action |
| 7 | | was the only action, that's what would happen. |
| 8 | | Similarly, in Royal Mail/BT of course the experts can |
| 9 | | work out the methodology. But if there's going to be |
| LO | | a question of a common methodology, or, for example, at |
| 11 | | some point we might have to consider whether we will |
| L2 | | permit Ryder to run a margin analysis as well as an |
| L3 | | econometric analysis, as apparently their expert would |
| L 4 | | like to do, and approach it consistently across all |
| L5 | | actions. Well, for that decision to be reached, it |
| L 6 | | seems to me there does need to be discussion between the |
| L7 | | experts. |
| L8 | | And, as I said a moment ago, an informed discussion |
| L9 | | is not just an abstract discussion of what are the |
| 20 | | hypothetical, or theoretical methods one can use for |
| 21 | | claiming cartel damages, they all know that very well, |
| 22 | | it's what works in this case given the nature of the |
| 23 | | data. |
| 24 | MS : | BACON: Yes and it may be that after the Tribunal has |
| 25 | | given directions regarding the expert disclosure and |

| Τ | we haven't come to that bit in the agenda that might |
|----|---|
| 2 | inform what might usefully be done, but at the moment |
| 3 | the only example that Ryder has given is not really of |
| 4 | that ilk. The example that we have now had and that |
| 5 | was in the correspondence yesterday and I'm just |
| 6 | going to give you the reference to that yes, we got |
| 7 | a letter yesterday from Ryder's solicitors and that |
| 8 | should be at $\{R-B/451/1\}$ if that could be brought up on |
| 9 | the Magnum system. |
| 10 | Yes, and on the second page of that letter |
| 11 | $\{R-B/451/2\}$ an example is given finally a specific |
| 12 | example of what the problem is and what Ryder is talking |
| 13 | about here is not a general issue of consistency across |
| 14 | the proceedings, but a specific issue concerning DAF. |
| 15 | Now |
| 16 | THE PRESIDENT: Sorry, this is which paragraph? |
| 17 | MS BACON: Paragraphs 1.4 and 1.5. |
| 18 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, let's just read them, just a moment. |
| 19 | (Pause). |
| 20 | MS BACON: Sir, so we have sought to understand what the |
| 21 | problem is and we finally, the day before the hearing, |
| 22 | get an example, Ryder having previously refused to say |
| 23 | what it is they want to discuss. The example is a very |
| 24 | specific and discrete issue that concerns DAF and its |
| 25 | data previously disclosed to Royal Mail and the economic |

analysis that's being done by Royal Mail, and this very much seems to be running into the other application that Ryder has against DAF, which DAF have addressed in their skeleton argument. And that really, with respect, doesn't explain why in general terms Ryder's experts should need to speak to, for example, VSW's experts about Iveco's disclosure, given that the VSW disclosure is no further advanced than Ryder's, and that doesn't explain why Ryder should need to do so, given that they can, if necessary -- if they've got questions about Iveco's disclosure, they can ask us. And it is very revealing that when we say "What is it precisely that you would like to do at this point in time?", the example given is of a specific issue concerning one case which in any event is the subject of, as I have said, that different Ryder application. It seems to be to overcome a perceived problem by Ryder in getting information out of -- about DAF's experts, nothing to do with Iveco or the disclosure that Iveco has provided to Ryder.

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In terms of consistency, Ryder haven't explained why discussions between experts at this stage are necessary insofar as those discussions need to be based on the underlying disclosed data.

MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: You say "at this stage", but isn't the

reality that there's going to be a continuing process

over some months of all the parties assessing in what

way the expert witnesses are best able to assist the

Tribunal and present the case, which is likely to

require some degree of discussion between them, informed

by the documents that have been disclosed to all the

parties?

MS BACON: Yes, and the problem is that we haven't really got to that stage yet. What we first need to do is to have any directions that the Tribunal may give regarding the expert economic analyses, the three-page statements that have been filed. But the point at this stage is that when we ask Ryder what it wants to do, the only answer finally that we get is a specific issue that doesn't really concern Iveco and we're concerned that the Tribunal may make an order to deal with a quite discrete problem that has rather broader ramifications, and that was the third point in my submissions, and we're very mindful of the comments that the Chairman made at the start of the hearing regarding the broader context and the need to deal with things in a way that works across all of the cases --

MR MALEK: But the experts would have formed their own views as to the appropriate methodology by reference to the documents that have been disclosed between them. We all

want the experts to liaise with each other so we don't

have inconsistent methodologies being applied by the

experts when it comes to experts' reports and trial.

4 MS BACON: Yes.

MR MALEK: The experts also need to know what are the limits to what they can discuss. So I think this debate we're having today is really useful, at least for me, because at least we will know at the end of today what the parameters are for the experts as to what they can discuss.

MS BACON: Yes. And there are some real practical

difficulties with the way that Ryder has proposed to go

about this because what in essence it would require is

that in the first place the defendant groups would all

have to check and inform the claimants of the documents

that have been disclosed in whichever two sets of

proceedings that Ryder wanted to refer to. So if Ryder

wants to discuss with Dawsongroup then

a Ryder/Dawsongroup comparison would have to be made.

If Ryder wants to discuss with VSW then a Ryder versus

VSW comparison has to be made and that has to be made by

each of the defendants across all of the groups and so

you start to get a rather large number of permutations

of crosschecks that the defendants are going to have to

do to identify the common set because, as Mr Brealey

| Τ | said, he is not asking for non-common disclosure, he is |
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| 2 | asking for us to identify what is common as between two |
| 3 | sets of proceedings. |
| 4 | Now, if it were only Ryder and Dawsongroup, that's |
| 5 | one thing, but we don't just have Ryder and Dawsongroup, |
| 6 | we have a whole plethora of proceedings and, as |
| 7 | the Chairman said, new claims being brought every day |
| 8 | and that's the real practical problem when an order made |
| 9 | on a seemingly innocuous basis in relation to a very |
| LO | specific issue concerning DAF then starts to have far |
| L1 | broader ramifications for all of the claims. |
| L2 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think, as the letter goes on to say, |
| L3 | that's just one example. So this is not seeking |
| L 4 | discussion between experts because of one specific issue |
| L5 | concerning DAF. |
| L 6 | MS BACON: Yes. |
| L7 | THE PRESIDENT: And I don't think we are concerned about the |
| L8 | other cases coming, we're just dealing with the experts |
| L9 | in these proceedings. |
| 20 | MS BACON: Yes. |
| 21 | MR MALEK: Can you just remind me, what's the suggestion by |
| 22 | Ryder as to who is going to do the task of identifying |
| 23 | which documents are common? |
| 24 | MS BACON: The defendants. It is asking the defendants to |
| 25 | do that, so for Ryder versus Dawsongroup, the defendants |

| 2 | When you get to Ryder wanting to discuss with VSW |
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| 3 | experts, then all of us are going to have to do that |
| 4 | exercise of identifying what's common and of course the |
| 5 | problem with that is when do you do it? Because |
| 6 | currently I'm instructed possibly about a third of the |

to that would have to identify the common disclosure.

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8 disclosure being given in various tranches. What's been 9 given so far is the data that is easiest for us to

disclosure that may eventually be given. There's

given so far is the data that is easiest for us to obtain. We're now moving on to another stage of

disclosure where we are giving far more documentary

evidence rather than simply spreadsheet evidence and

that's going to become very complicated to police as

between the different disclosure sets, because Ryder and

VSW have asked for somewhat different things. So in the

next tranche of disclosure there's going to be quite

a big divergence as between the data sets.

Ryder says in relation to what's been disclosed already there is commonality between the VSW and Ryder sets of disclosure and that's true insofar as there is a similarity -- they're not identical, but they are largely similar so far, but, as I have said, there's a lot more disclosure to come and we are envisaging that that will create a divergence between the data sets, so there is a real question going forward: do we have to do

it every time we hand over some disclosure? Do we then have to identify what is common as between which sets of claimants. When new claimants come along and ask for similar discussions between their experts, do we then have to go along and do all of the various permutations? So Arla v Ryder or Adnams --

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I say, we are not at the moment -because there are no experts before us, those cases are
not before us, we are not managing them with these cases
so don't worry about those, but just deal with what
we've got.

Presumably in your case Herbert Smith has to keep tabs on what's been disclosed with each document, to whom has it gone and which confidentiality ring is it in: is it inner, is it outer or is it open. They will have to mark in some system, no doubt a computer system that they've got, how this is being done, so they should be able relatively easily to identify what are common documents.

MS BACON: On the basis of the disclosure that we have currently given, it is a manageable exercise. There is a real concern that going forward this may become quite administratively burdensome, and indeed, as I have said, do we do this in tranches, do we do it every time we hand over a set of documents, do we then have to

| Τ | identily what has or what might be disclosed to one of |
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| 2 | the other claimant groups, or do we do it responsively, |
| 3 | does Ryder every time they want to speak to one of the |
| 4 | experts ask us then "Well, what have you recently handed |
| 5 | over that might have been handed over to another |
| 6 | claimant group?" and so on. |
| 7 | It seems to us a rather open-ended exercise and we |
| 8 | are concerned about having quite a large administrative |
| 9 | burden, which I totally take the point that at the |
| 10 | moment we are dealing with a contained group of |
| 11 | claimants, but we also do have to have in mind where |
| 12 | this may roll-out to |
| 13 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, no, we are dealing with the claims |
| 14 | that we are managing together, so it is not rolling out, |
| 15 | it is a quite separate issue. We don't envisage case |
| 16 | managing together 40 actions. |
| 17 | MS BACON: Yes, I'm grateful for that indication. |
| 18 | THE PRESIDENT: So we are just dealing with these actions. |
| 19 | MS BACON: Yes, but there is a practical problem about how |
| 20 | this exercise is going to work. |
| 21 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I understand the practicality that you |
| 22 | have raised. |
| 23 | MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: Every time there is a tranche of |
| 24 | documents disclosed is there not a list of documents |
| 25 | that's provided as well as the electronic or hard copies |

| 1 | of the documents themselves? | |
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| 2 | MS BACON: Well, I anticipate that, but it may be that for | |
| 3 | example within a data set different data are provided | |
| 4 | and that's one example that I'm aware of, that if you | |
| 5 | provide a specific set of data, for example on | |
| 6 | a spreadsheet, that will be tailored to be responsive to | |
| 7 | the request and depending on what is requested, you may | |
| 8 | get different data within that so you then have to go | |
| 9 | and actually manually identify what lines of data have | |
| 10 | been disclosed to the other claimant. | |
| 11 | With documents, there will inevitably be lists of | |
| 12 | documents, but again the question is when do you do that | |
| 13 | exercise? We have done some disclosure now, do we do it | |
| 14 | next time we give anybody any disclosure? What happens | |
| 15 | if we then give a tranche of documents and then some | |
| 16 | time later give it to one of the other parties? | |
| 17 | So there is a practical problem with this which we | |
| 18 | haven't yet managed to resolve and Ryder has not put | |
| 19 | forward any suggestions for dealing with that. | |
| 20 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Can you pause just a moment. | |
| 21 | (Pause). | |
| 22 | Ms Bacon, subject to hearing from Mr Brealey and | |
| 23 | indeed any other of the defendants, I mean suppose it | |
| 24 | were to proceed this way you say it is manageable on | |
| 25 | the basis of disclosure so far, so it is done for the | |

disclosure so far. Going forward, if any defendant 1 2 receives documents and considers those are documents 3 they would like to discuss with the representatives of another party, they then go to you and say "These are 5 the documents we would like to discuss, can you tell us 6 to whom have they been disclosed?". Presumably that's 7 something you can work out pretty quickly. MS BACON: Did you mean claimant in that? 8 9 THE PRESIDENT: I meant claimant, I'm sorry. MS BACON: Yes, we would be content with that rather than 10 11 having some open-ended obligation upon us. 12 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, so do it now with what's been disclosed 13 to date and that would be a method going forward to deal 14 with the practical problem. MS BACON: Yes. 15 16 THE PRESIDENT: It may also assist -- again we will hear 17 from Mr Brealey but I did ask him about that -- if it is 18 confined to the inner confidentiality ring because that reduces the number of documents and I think his concern 19 20 was really, and it has been put that way, it is about 21 discussion between experts. 22 MS BACON: Yes. Can I just take instructions on one point? 23 THE PRESIDENT: Yes of course. If anyone wants to take 24 instructions please do.

MS BACON: Yes. I know that Mr Beard wants to address you

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| 1 | but before I sit down, one request is that we then have |
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| 2 | liberty to apply in case for some reason the arrangement |
| 3 | isn't working. |

4 THE PRESIDENT: Yes of course.

5 MS BACON: Yes and I will let Mr Beard address you.

MR BEARD: Thank you. The only reason I pop up is merely because we are into practicalities and what we are conscious of is the fact that obviously the Tribunal, in relation to the cases that are before it today that are being jointly case-managed, you have been through a process of rather carefully identifying what appropriate disclosure is for each of those cases.

Now, as it currently stands one of our concerns is that there shouldn't be any presumption that scope of disclosure for any particular case is expanded by this mechanism and we don't hear Mr Brealey to press that point.

What he referred to in his submissions was looking for common disclosure, but as Ms Bacon has pointed out, the way the order is currently drafted, it's common between pairs of defendants and claimants and what we think will be a practical issue is if this is targeted at the inner confidentiality ring, targeted at experts, you may get a strange situation where the different experts have different sets of disclosure that they are

able bilaterally to discuss, as compared to multilaterally discuss, and that seems to us to be a practical issue that the experts will struggle with and generally will be a difficulty.

So what we were thinking might be the sensible way forward, which would enable what Mr Brealey wants, which is experts to talk about the broad swathe of material in the inner confidentiality ring, is to allow this in relation to what is common disclosure amongst the cases that are going to be governed by this, in other words, a core set of disclosure, and then all of the experts know that they are talking about the same stuff, we avoid these problems of different categories, or cohorts of disclosure between different experts.

We recognise that that exercise would have to be done by defendants, but we thought that that might be a better way of facilitating what Mr Brealey wants, avoiding some of the practical difficulties and of course, picking up on what Ms Bacon has already said, we are concerned about there being an automaticity in relation to future disclosure orders and we think therefore, as the Tribunal was canvassing a moment ago with Ms Bacon, the focus should be on the position now and then we consider it in relation to each future set of disclosure as appropriate.

| 1 | So there would be a need for a modification of |
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| 2 | Mr Brealey's order in order to have the same set of |
| 3 | disclosure for the inner confidentiality ring. |
| 4 | So that was our practical suggestion as to how to |
| 5 | deal with this and reduce the risk that experts could |
| 6 | end up talking to one another about material that the |
| 7 | other expert shouldn't know about. |
| 8 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Mr Jowell for MAN, did you want to add |
| 9 | anything? |
| L O | MR JOWELL: No, it has already been said really. Our key |
| L1 | concern is really that which Mr Beard has just |
| L2 | articulated just now, which is the risk that there may |
| L3 | be a spillover into with the experts discussing |
| L 4 | matters that have not been disclosed to that party. |
| L5 | That wouldn't be appropriate. |
| L 6 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Well, Mr Brealey, so I think two |
| L7 | points are being made. One is that if it were to be |
| 18 | initially it is the disclosure you have had to date and |
| L 9 | going forward you make requests (inaudible) saying this |
| 20 | is what we would like to discuss (inaudible). |
| 21 | Secondly, the point made by Mr Beard and Mr Jowell |
| 22 | to avoid in part the risk of inadvertent disclosure by |
| 23 | an expert of something he or she shouldn't mention and |
| 24 | to just make it more practical that it should be limited |
| 25 | to disclosure that's common to these claims, in other |

| Τ | words which all the claimants in these cases have |
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| 2 | received. |
| 3 | MR BREALEY: Well, the second one I have had various |
| 4 | notes passed to me and I might have to take |
| 5 | instructions. The second one to my mind looks to be |
| 6 | where we are heading, which is that if there is common |
| 7 | disclosure then the experts, in order to achieve the |
| 8 | consistency, need to be able to discuss it. |
| 9 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, but it is common to all the claims, |
| 10 | not so if there is a document, or a set of data |
| 11 | that's been disclosed in Ryder and Dawsongroup |
| 12 | MR BREALEY: I see. |
| 13 | THE PRESIDENT: but not disclosed in Royal Mail/BT then |
| 14 | that's not within this arrangement. That's what has |
| 15 | been said as I understand it. |
| 16 | MR BEARD: Yes, that's precisely the suggestion and the |
| 17 | defendants would identify what that common core is. |
| 18 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think |
| 19 | MR BREALEY: This is important |
| 20 | THE PRESIDENT: We see that. Mr Holmes is shaking his head |
| 21 | vigorously, so you may wish to talk to him. |
| 22 | MR BREALEY: We are against obviously Ms Bacon's |
| 23 | disclosure is still ongoing and really that does cut |
| 24 | across the tribunal's ruling on consistency if every |
| 25 | time there's been disclosure, we're going to have to |

| 1 | identify segments of the disclosure. We are trying to |
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| 2 | ascertain a practical solution here and you are probably |
| 3 | seeing disclosure is actually very slow at the moment |
| 4 | and it is very difficult and we're trying to cut through |
| 5 | it. |
| 6 | So Ms Bacon's suggestion, 100% in our submission no, |
| 7 | that is impractical and I would need to discuss with my |
| 8 | team, if the Tribunal allows me, why Mr Beard's |
| 9 | suggestion does not work. |
| 10 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I think it is a bit early to take |
| 11 | a break. |
| 12 | MR BREALEY: Yes. |
| 13 | THE PRESIDENT: Shall we park that matter rather than |
| 14 | interrupting now and go on to something else |
| 15 | MR BREALEY: I would be very grateful. |
| 16 | THE PRESIDENT: and allow you to take instructions and |
| 17 | come back to it. |
| 18 | We will move on then to deal with preliminary |
| 19 | issues. We can say straight away we are not going to |
| 20 | make any order for preliminary issues today. What we do |
| 21 | think is valuable is to make some comments in the light |
| 22 | of the observations we have received in the skeletons, |
| 23 | again emphasising that this is not like an ordinary |
| 24 | isolated case. |
| 25 | Several of the defendants have cited in their |

skeletons those well-known authorities about the caution of the court ordering preliminary issues. I can assure you all members of this Tribunal are very familiar with those authorities. It is not a typical case. In this case some of the preliminary issues we are considering are precisely because of the fact that we have these different actions and to achieve consistency.

The first one we raise was the question of the liability of non-addressees. Several parties have said "Well, it's actually not very significant in this case". We have an open view on that, but in any event I think it is clear in the light of the reference from the Barcelona court in the Sumal v Mercedes case, it wouldn't be appropriate to order anything now and we should await the outcome of that reference.

We also thought that this is a possible candidate for dealing with the question a different way. If it turns out that it is significant in these actions then several parties have pointed out it is quite fact dependent in terms of what knowledge subsidiaries had, whether their actions could amount to implementation and so on. One way one might think about approaching it is to say it won't be a preliminary issue, there will be the separate trials finding the facts, and then after that there is a joint hearing, as it were, a subsequent

| 1 | issue, determining, well, on the facts as found, what is |
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| 2 | the legal position. Then having found the facts |
| 3 | separately one can have a consistent legal answer by |
| 4 | hearing the legal argument together. |

So that's an idea that I would just like to throw out for people to think about. But given that the reference from the Barcelona court was only made I think just before Christmas and the timeframe for references, it will be some time until we return to that matter.

The second candidate was pass-on and I think there is a general consensus that we now should await the decision of the Supreme Court in the Sainsbury's case because pass-on became rather more prominent there.

Whether or not it is an appropriate candidate for a preliminary issue is something we should revisit when we have received the judgment of the Supreme Court. And I don't think one needs to say more about it at this stage unless anybody has a burning desire to do so.

MR LASK: I may be premature in raising this but we have an application for a hearing within six weeks of the judgment of the Supreme Court to deal with this and it

may be that you prefer to deal with that later.

Mr Lask, you do.

THE PRESIDENT: I think we have in mind that there should be a further CMC listed. It may not be after the

| 1 | Supreme Court's hearing, probably before in any event, |
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| 2 | so we can come back to it, but this is not the last CMC, |
| 3 | clearly, before trial, so you need not worry about that. |
| 4 | There is another aspect which is not strictly |
| 5 | pass-on, but we were alerted to because of the statement |
| 6 | in the Daimler summary of its experts' methodology, |
| 7 | which is described as not pass-on but mitigation and if |
| 8 | I could just ask the parties to look at the statements |
| 9 | in response to our ruling, the three page statements, |
| 10 | they are in common bundle C, volume 2. The Daimler |
| 11 | statement is at tab 23 and for those on Magnum this is |
| 12 | $\{COM-C/23/1\}$. |
| 13 | If one turns to the second page $\{COM-C/23/2\}$, |
| 14 | paragraph 9. It is the next page on the electronic |
| 15 | bundle, in the middle of paragraph 9 well, the whole |
| 16 | of paragraph 9: |
| 17 | "At the outset, a distinction needs to be drawn |
| 18 | between mitigation and pass-on." |
| 19 | Reference to what the Court of Appeal said in |
| 20 | Sainsbury's. And then the next sentence: |
| 21 | "Mitigation, on the other hand, involves reducing |
| 22 | 'other' costs such as negotiating with suppliers or |
| 23 | employees or cutting spending or long-term investments." |
| 24 | Then it talks about disposing of a truck and |
| 25 | buy-back, but that is perhaps resale pass-on. |

1 Then at paragraph 11, the next page please 2 {COM-C/23/3}.

"On the current state of English law, pass-on and mitigation by way of reducing costs require a detailed understanding of a claimant's business, including how the costs associated with Trucks were recovered in the claimant's business over time."

Et cetera.

Raising a lot of matters. Now, pass-on, we understand. Mitigation, what concerned us, Mr Harris, is there seemed to be there an argument on mitigation that's being put which we did not see from your client's pleaded defence and at the moment it did not appear to us was open to you on the defence as it stands.

Mitigation as you know has to be pleaded, if a defendant is raising mitigation. We can look at your defences, but it is not clear to us on what basis that's being advanced.

MR HARRIS: Well, sir, I accept entirely that it needs to be clear in the pleading and so may I respectfully suggest that we take the opportunity over the short adjournment, or any adjournment, we can go back and if that's a debate that you would like to further explore this afternoon or tomorrow, I'm happy to do so, but it is clearly a point that we wish to take, so if it is not

| 1 | sufficiently pleaded then we will promptly make it |
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| 2 | sufficiently pleaded. |
| 3 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, you will need to seek permission to |
| 4 | amend your pleading and it may be that it is opposed. |
| 5 | MR HARRIS: Yes, I understand that. |
| 6 | THE PRESIDENT: But the question of whether that is an |
| 7 | argument that's open to you as a matter of law will then |
| 8 | come not as a preliminary issue but on your application |
| 9 | to amend the pleading. |
| 10 | MR HARRIS: Yes, I accept that as well. What I would say is |
| 11 | that this is clearly foreshadowed, this argument, in the |
| 12 | witness statement of Mr Grantham. That was one of the |
| 13 | two witness statements that were put in for the purposes |
| 14 | of the economic disclosure hearing. As you will |
| 15 | appreciate and recall, we didn't reach the full, if you |
| 16 | like, battle on pass-on disclosure and I don't |
| 17 | believe I'm not saying that this impacts unduly upon |
| 18 | what you have just say said, sir, on behalf of the |
| 19 | Tribunal, but I don't believe any claimant has |
| 20 | previously said "Oh, well, hang on a minute, we don't |
| 21 | understand this to be part of your case" and nobody |
| 22 | objected back in the context of Mr Grantham's statement |
| 23 | to |

THE PRESIDENT: Well, in any event, as I say, our view when

we looked at -- albeit quickly I have to say -- your

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defence in the Ryder case, and I imagine your case in 1 2 the Dawsongroup case is similar, was it didn't appear to 3 be pleaded and it does seem to be -- nor did we see any other defendant making that point and if it is going to 5 be therefore the subject of a draft amended pleading, we 6 might want to hear argument on it. 7 MR HARRIS: I entirely accept that. MR MALEK: Just one point, which is ordinarily you have 8 9 a situation where someone has done a wrong, you suffer 10 a loss and you expect the claimant to mitigate as 11 a result of knowing that you have suffered a loss. 12 you have a situation whereby the claimants weren't aware 13 for a very long time that they had suffered a loss at 14 all, or there had been any wrong at all because it is 15 only after a very long period of time that they actually 16 realised that something had happened. So it is very 17 hard to see how you could expect someone to mitigate at 18 a time when they weren't aware of a loss or a wrong. 19 MR HARRIS: Well, Mr Malek, I accept that that is likely to 20 be a relevant consideration in the legal argument, but 21 if there is to be a legal battle about it then there 22 will be counterpoints as well.

23 MR MALEK: Of course.

MR HARRIS: But the first point I entirely accept. If it is not sufficiently pleaded then that will have to be

regularised and if that precipitates a battle in the 1 2 context of an amendment application -- if -- then so be 3 it. THE PRESIDENT: Yes. And that is really said for the 4 5 benefit of the claimants and in particular of course 6 Ryder and Dawsongroup who are the parties claiming 7 directly against Daimler and therefore we think it needn't be approached by way of preliminary issue, it 8 9 may be on the amendment and permission to amend. MR LASK: Sir, we will obviously wait and see whether an 10 11 application to amend is made and we will consider it 12 very carefully, but may I just remind the Tribunal that 13 there was a lively debate on this point between 14 Dawsongroup and Daimler in advance of the September disclosure hearing where we made the point forcefully 15 16 that we thought the disclosure being sought by Daimler 17 was based on a misapprehension of the relevant legal 18 tests, so just to lay down that marker if it is not 19 already clear enough, that we do have concerns about the 20 legal basis for the foreseen mitigation argument. MR MALEK: As I understand it Daimler have used the word 21 22 "mitigation" in their pleading. It is not necessarily 23 the arguments are being put in such an expansive way as

currently done. So I think what we need to do is after

the break look at the pleading and see where we are, see

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| 1 | whether that pleading needs amendment, if he is going to |
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| 2 | make that argument, but also whether it is a pleading |
| 3 | that at some stage parties may want to have considered |
| 4 | as a preliminary issue, or a strike-out. |
| 5 | THE PRESIDENT: And I don't think it arises, Mr Lask, on |
| 6 | from what we have seen as regards DAF and Volvo/Renault. |
| 7 | MR LASK: We don't understand it to arise in relation to |
| 8 | either of those defendants. It is a pure Daimler point. |
| 9 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Yes, Mr Jones. |
| LO | MR JONES: Sir, I mentioned earlier that a point arises in |
| L1 | the Iveco amended defence and that also I think is |
| L2 | a mitigation point and, sir, could I show you that |
| L3 | because it is linked and I also want to address the |
| L 4 | question of how we deal with these and whether it should |
| L5 | be by way of strike-out? |
| L 6 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| L7 | MR JONES: The Iveco amendment at VSW-D1/405 and I wanted to |
| L8 | go to page 9 {VSW-D1/405/9}. Should I have said |
| L9 | shall we go there in Magnum? |
| 20 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes please. |
| 21 | MR JONES: This is in the Wolseley proceedings and you will |
| 22 | see at paragraph 36 what is said in 36.1 is: |
| 23 | "In the event that any claimant was acquired |
| 24 | subsequent to the commencement of the relevant period, |
| 25 | the purchasing claimant must give credit for any lower |

| Τ. | purchase price that may have been pard as a result or |
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| 2 | the admitted conduct" |
| 3 | MR MALEK: Yes, well, that's completely separate from the |
| 4 | mitigation point. |
| 5 | MR JONES: The reason I said it comes within that broad |
| 6 | umbrella is that as I understand it it is essentially an |
| 7 | argument that "You paid less for an entity that you |
| 8 | bought than you otherwise would have done". |
| 9 | MR MALEK: It is saying "You have paid less", it's not |
| 10 | a question of you taking an active step to mitigate your |
| 11 | loss. |
| 12 | MR JONES: Sorry, yes, I absolutely accept that, although |
| 13 | Mr Harris' points are also, lots of them, points about |
| 14 | "You have paid less for other costs". |
| 15 | MR MALEK: That's a different point, yes. |
| 16 | MR JONES: So that's the argument which is made and looking |
| 17 | at this paragraph, what it has in mind there is |
| 18 | a situation where there are two claimants, two claimants |
| 19 | in the claim and the reason there would be two claimants |
| 20 | is that they both bought trucks and they both suffered |
| 21 | loss and one of the claimants happened to have purchased |
| 22 | at some point maybe a corporate restructure, maybe |
| 23 | acquiring from elsewhere the other claimant, but they |
| 24 | are both pursuing their own loss, and what is said is |
| 25 | as one can see the purchasing claimant has to |

"give credit" and the credit which they have in mind, on their hypothesis, is you may have bought the claimant which you acquired for less because it may have been making a lower profit because of the cartel. That's the hypothesis. And that's the way it is put here and we don't accept that there is any basis in law for that, we don't accept there is any link sufficient to make any sort of mitigation or other argument for giving credit.

There has been quite a lot of correspondence on this and the reason for that, sir, is that it was actually initially pleaded by Daimler who then deleted it and we don't have the clean Daimler version in the bundles, we have only got the deleted one, but because of that it gave rise to disclosure requests. My clients -- I don't think it is necessary, sir, to show you all of this.

THE PRESIDENT: No.

MR JONES: But my clients said that they were considering striking it out. Daimler then dropped it -- although as I understand it they say they haven't quite dropped it, but it is certainly deleted from their pleading and then Iveco take up the argument here and they want to run it.

Now, sir, we are then back to scratching our heads as to the best way of dealing with it. I said at the outset we may just object to the amendment, that might be the easiest way of dealing with this point. On the

| 1 | other hand, as I say, it does in some respects touch on |
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| 2 | mitigation, so on reflection it occurred to us it may |
| 3 | be, if the Tribunal is going to wait until the |
| 4 | Supreme Court's judgment on pass-on and then possibly |
| 5 | have preliminary issue hearings on pass-on, this might, |
| 6 | although it is not we have not thought of it as |
| 7 | pass-on as such, but it may be sensible for this to be |
| 8 | at the same time, but, sir, I'm in your hands. We want |
| 9 | it resolved |
| 10 | THE PRESIDENT: I don't think this is pass-on and I don't |
| 11 | think it is featured there are counsel here who were |
| 12 | in that appeal but I suspect it is not, but what you |
| 13 | at the moment this amended or re-amended defence, has it |
| 14 | been subject to an order giving permission? |
| 15 | MR JONES: No, no. It has been circulated and it has caused |
| 16 | us to wonder whether to agree and then apply to strike |
| 17 | out, or to simply not accept it and at the moment we are |
| 18 | proposing not to accept this, which will then bring |
| 19 | about an argument. But, sir, for reasons I have |
| 20 | explained, it won't I think only be an argument of |
| 21 | interest to Iveco, it will clearly be of interest to |
| 22 | Daimler who have raised the point before and some of the |
| 23 | other defendants who have also said although it is not |
| 24 | pleaded they want disclosure on it. |

So there it is, sir, and we will we think probably

- 1 require a day to have argument over this.
- 2 MR MALEK: And obviously the relevant defendants will have
- 3 to consider anyway were they to blow out the candle to
- 4 pursue this.
- 5 MR JONES: Well, yes, sir.
- 6 THE PRESIDENT: It is slightly odd if they are both
- 7 claimants then the other claimant could claim for the
- 8 lower price it received, the loss resulting --
- 9 MR JONES: I'm not sure about that, sir, because of course
- 10 the company which sold the other claimant wouldn't be
- 11 a claimant in these proceedings.
- 12 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I see.
- 13 MR JONES: So no.
- 14 I should say also, as it has transpired in
- 15 correspondence the point is put also in a slightly
- 16 different way, which is where one claimant purchases not
- 17 another claimant but another business entity and in the
- 18 course of that transaction acquires the causes of action
- 19 from that business entity in a similar way, as
- I understand it, as is said you have to "give credit"
- 21 for that. So those two points -- very similar, but they
- deal with slightly different issues -- are what we would
- like to bring on and, as I say, sir, it may well be that
- 24 we simply do that by way of objecting to this
- application and then have the argument.

| 1 THE PRESIDENT: Ye | s, just a moment |
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MS BACON: I can confirm it is completely unrelated to either pass-on or mitigation. It is a quantification point and it is simply providing further particulars of matters that will need to be taken into account when the claim is quantified. It goes to the loss that is shown. THE PRESIDENT: Yes, but it may involve disclosure about --MS BACON: Yes, it may involve disclosure but it is not a new point of either pass-on or mitigation, it falls squarely within the requirement for the claimants to show their loss and it raises several issues which will need to form part of that quantification. THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

14 (Pause).

We think it is up to the relevant claimant when they receive an application to amend -- in your case, this was Wolseley, I don't know if it applies to the others -- and for Ryder and Dawsongroup, when Daimler applies to amend, to decide either they consent to the amendment and seek to strike out, or they object to the amendment and it is argued on the application to amend or they do neither, but we have made it clear that these issues can be addressed now and they are not affected by the point I made before, that on other issues of pass-on we're going to wait until the Sainsbury's judgment.

- 1 MR JONES: Yes. Very grateful, sir.
- 2 MR BREALEY: Can I just make one point?
- 3 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 4 MR BREALEY: I can do this after --
- 5 THE PRESIDENT: No, do it now.
- 6 MR BREALEY: To assist Mr Harris, which is -- it may be best
- 7 to wait for any application to amend until the
- 8 Supreme Court judgment. The reason for that is that the
- 9 Supreme Court may delve into the relationship between
- 10 pass-on and mitigation and mitigation takes at least two
- forms: avoidable loss and avoided loss, and pass-on
- 12 doesn't fall within the first, it is no duty because you
- don't know where, but it may fall within the second,
- that is avoided loss.
- 15 So before we put Mr Harris and his clients to
- 16 expense, it may be desirable to wait until the
- 17 Supreme Court because it may give some guidance as to
- 18 what actually the domestic law on pass-on is grounded
- on. Is pass-on grounded on mitigation, avoided loss and
- 20 so on. I just throw that out because --
- 21 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, well, there we are. It seems on that
- 22 basis, Mr Harris, there's an invitation to you to wait
- and know what (inaudible) against Daimler if they do
- 24 wait and produce whatever amendment they think
- appropriate following the Supreme Court judgment.

| Τ | MR HARRIS: I'm grateful for that indication, thank you. We |
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| 2 | will have a look over the short adjournment but it may |
| 3 | be we don't need to revisit that orally in this hearing. |
| 4 | THE PRESIDENT: I suspect we don't. |
| 5 | MR LASK: Sir, I'm sorry to rise. We can see the sense |
| 6 | based on what Mr Brealey has just said, we can see the |
| 7 | sense in Daimler waiting until it has seen the |
| 8 | Supreme Court's judgment, but we would ask the Tribunal |
| 9 | to lay down a timetable within which Daimler has to |
| 10 | apply to amend following that judgment, rather than |
| 11 | just |
| 12 | THE PRESIDENT: I don't think we need lay down a timetable. |
| 13 | The later they do it, they then face objections it is |
| 14 | too late as a reason the amendment won't be allowed and |
| 15 | they will be well aware of that. |
| 16 | The next point was foreign law. That arises only in |
| 17 | VSW. It may be appropriate, given that there is |
| 18 | a German law limitation issue, but I think those parties |
| 19 | involved all pointed out that this is a matter pending |
| 20 | before the federal Supreme Court of Germany and it would |
| 21 | be inappropriate to do anything before the Supreme Court |
| 22 | has given its judgment and that, it is clear, is not for |
| 23 | some considerable time because I think I saw somewhere |
| 24 | that the oral hearing in the Supreme Court is only |
| 25 | next October/November, so that's quite a way down the |

line and I don't think we need say any more about it and just park that issue.

Finally, before we take a break, on preliminary issues, there is the very isolated question arising in the VSW action of the Iveco Daily range, which was mentioned before, and I think, Mr Jones, Iveco is really seeking clarification from your clients of your position.

MR JONES: Sir, they are, and we will give it. I should say we don't accept the criticisms that are made, but it may not matter. We will do what they have asked, which is confirm within 14 days, I think was asked, whether we agree to the number and whether we pursue them and I think that -- that I think is what's been asked for and then following from that, sir, we are back into the procedure which you outlined at one of the earlier CMCs which is we then liaise on a possible preliminary issue and the evidence that would be required and so on and so forth.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, because it was thought -- it is purely because of the volume of disclosure and the cost that it gives rise to -- that it is worth deciding as a preliminary issue. That was the intimation we had.

We can revisit that at the CMC before the summer.

MR JONES: Yes. I think, sir, you set in train discussions

with a view to us essentially telling the Tribunal what 1 2 would be involved in a PI hearing. There was no final 3 decision. 4 THE PRESIDENT: No, we haven't decided it, to have such 5 a hearing, but we could see the logic. 6 MR JONES: Yes. THE PRESIDENT: So within 14 days whether you agree to --7 well, not just whether you agree to a number and if not 8 9 what you say the number is. MR JONES: Precisely. 10 11 THE PRESIDENT: What the number is and secondly whether you 12 are going to pursue the claim in respect of those 13 vehicles and on that basis, if appropriate, we can return to Ms Bacon. That seems a sensible way forward. 14 MS BACON: Yes, and that is what we would like from this 15 16 hearing. 17 THE PRESIDENT: Well, in that case I think it is now --18 sorry, Mr Beard. 19 MR BEARD: I'm sorry, Mr President. Just so that it doesn't 20 drop off the radar, we're not seeking any direction at 21 the moment but there is the Royal Mail/BT hurdle rates 22 issue that has been canvassed at previous hearings.

There's correspondence going on, the Tribunal doesn't

need to worry about it today but I didn't want it to

just completely drop off the radar. Thank you.

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         THE PRESIDENT: Yes, thank you.
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                 We will rise, I think to give Mr Brealey a proper
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             opportunity we should rise for ten minutes. A lot of
             the issues have, by sensible cooperation, fallen away so
             we're not under particular time pressure. So we will
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             come back at 12 noon.
         (11.48 am)
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                                 (Short Break)
         (12.10 pm)
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         THE PRESIDENT: Yes, Mr Brealey.
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         MR BREALEY: As usual the devil is in the detail and maybe
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             I was giving too much charity to Mr Beard, but the
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             position is that we define "common" as common between
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             a pair of claimant groups -- this is actually quite
             important -- between any pair.
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                 As I understand Mr Beard's proposal, it has to be
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             common to DAF, so the only documents that would be
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             common would be those where the claimants -- is DAF
             because the claimants were all suing DAF. And that
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             significantly reduces the ability of the claimant
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             experts to achieve consistency and can I illustrate that
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             by two examples.
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                 If we go first to Iveco's three-pager, which is at
24
             Magnum \{R-A/120\}.
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         THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
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| 1 | MR BREALEY: And go to page 2 {R-A/120/2}, paragraphs |
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| 2 | this is Iveco, so paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 essentially are |
| 3 | talking about the before infringement data. |
| 4 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| 5 | MR BREALEY: "Iveco agrees with the Tribunal agreed |
| 6 | methodology would be preferable Iveco's Economic |
| 7 | Advisor agrees with the VSW and Ryder claimants' |
| 8 | experts temporal comparison using regression |
| 9 | analysis. However, different analyses may ultimately be |
| LO | appropriate. |
| L1 | "As acknowledged by the VSW claimants data |
| L2 | availability is very limited" |
| L3 | Therefore they doubt whether a before |
| L 4 | infringement but it would mean on Mr Beard's proposal |
| L5 | as we understand it, that Ryder's expert NERA would not |
| L6 | be able to discuss it with VSW and Mr von Hinten-Reed. |
| L7 | Now, on our definition of common, it would, be because |
| L8 | both VSW and maybe Mr Beard is going to get up and |
| L9 | say we've got that wrong. When I was listening to him |
| 20 | I thought that he was having a pragmatic approach to |
| 21 | what was common, which is very similar to ours, so it |
| 22 | would be any pair. But I see him rise. If he is of the |
| 23 | view that common is the lowest common denominator, so it |
| 24 | has to be common to all the claims today, then it |
| >5 | significantly reduces the ability for us to discuss with |

other experts as regards the other claimants' data. 1

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MR BEARD: I just want to be clear what I was saying. If I somewhat solipsistically just focus on that. What I was talking about was the common disclosure that we have given to the relevant claimants that are being case-managed together. So we're not talking about VSW 7 material here, we're just saying there's a common core of disclosure that has been given to all the claimants, 9 that can be identified, that can be the focus of the discussion between the experts and yes, as Mr Brealey says, we do have concerns about their definition of "common" only on a bilateral basis in the order because of the problems with multilateral expert discussions but I won't go back into that.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I mean, Mr Brealey, it seemed to us the problem is not so much for Ryder's expert because your client has brought proceedings against all five, but the problem is more for Mr Harvey who is the expert for, as it happens not just Royal Mail and BT but also Dawsongroup, because Dawsongroup have not sued two of the five, and therefore as I understand it Mr Beard's proposal -- and this is therefore, Mr Lask, your clients would not have received any disclosure from Iveco or MAN. So you won't have had any at all.

MR LASK: That's right.

THE PRESIDENT: Also there won't be any -- under Mr Beard's 1

2 qualification and Mr Jowell is aligned with that --

3 opportunity for the two other experts to discuss with

Mr Harvey any thoughts they have as a result of the

5 disclosure they have seen from MAN or Iveco.

6 MR LASK: We see that and whilst, as we have said in our 7 skeleton, we support Ryder's application, we haven't pursued the application in our own right and we haven't 8 yet identified any difficulties in our inability so far 9 10 to discuss disclosure emanating from defendants that 11 aren't involved in our claims, so whilst the observation 12 is correct, it is not something that we have identified 13 as a difficulty for us so far.

> THE PRESIDENT: Yes, but it may make the discussions between experts a little constrained.

16 MR LASK: Well, I can see that. It may be that the Tribunal 17 is intending to come on to discuss what it envisages experts discussing, but at the moment again we haven't 19 necessarily pursued any application at this stage that the experts should be coming together to discuss the 21 various three-page methodology statements, so whilst we 22 will wait and see what the Tribunal may have in mind in 23 that respect, no difficulties have arisen on our part to date.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

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| 1 | MR : | BREALEY: I am still not clear from Mr Beard's statement, |
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| 2 | | sir, whether if one takes paragraphs 4 and 5 of the |
| 3 | | Iveco three-pager, whether NERA, our expert, can discuss |
| 4 | | Iveco's data with Mr von Hinten-Reed who is VSW's, so, |
| 5 | | as I understand it, the defendants there are separate |
| 6 | | confidentiality rings and I think everyone has |
| 7 | | acknowledged that they have to be amended if the |
| 8 | | claimants are going to speak. |
| 9 | THE | PRESIDENT: Yes. |

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MR BREALEY: But clearly there is going to be an issue on 10 11 the before infringement regression and that depends to a certain extent on the data that is provided and in 12 13 order to achieve consistency, the claimants' experts 14 have to cooperate on that.

THE PRESIDENT: Well, as I understood Mr Beard what he is saying is that insofar as DAF has disclosed to VSW documents that they have also disclosed to Ryder, then your expert, Dr Wu, can talk to Mr von Hinten-Reed in the knowledge, as it were, or expressing views resulting from their review of those documents.

MR BREALEY: Then I'm most grateful because that would then support how I had understood it, which was it is how the Commission file disclosures is discussed, which is it is common to at least two claimants.

25 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

| 1 | MR BREALEY: And that would mean, on Mr Beard's |
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| 2 | interpretation, that indeed, if our confidentiality ring |
| 3 | was amended in the way he suggests, we could discuss |
| 4 | this with Mr von Hinten-Reed of VSW. So it is not DAF |
| 5 | data any more, this is VSW's data. So our |
| 6 | confidentiality ring would need to be amended so |
| 7 | leave DAF out of the picture for a moment, this is just |
| 8 | if NERA want to discuss with Mr von Hinten-Reed Iveco's |
| 9 | position on before infringement and the nature of the |
| 10 | data, they need to have that conversation. And what we |
| 11 | are trying to do is achieve a situation, a practical and |
| 12 | pragmatic situation that Mr von Hinten-Reed and Dr Wu |
| 13 | can discuss the nature, the quality of Iveco's data so |
| 14 | as to come to a position on the before infringement |
| 15 | price regression. |
| 16 | THE PRESIDENT: On the basis of data that both of them have |
| 17 | received. |
| 18 | MR BREALEY: Exactly, it is received |
| 19 | THE PRESIDENT: And Iveco has provided and Ryder has |
| 20 | received. |
| 21 | MR BREALEY: Correct. |
| 22 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, that's my understanding and the only |
| 23 | question is what then happens if they want to bring |
| 24 | Mr Harvey into the discussion, who is not advising |
| 25 | anyone who has sued Iveco? |

- 1 MR BREALEY: No, because, as the Tribunal is aware, the 2 Royal Mail -- not Dawsongroup, but Royal Mail -- has 3 only sued DAF. THE PRESIDENT: Yes, but as it happens it makes it rather 5 easier --6 MR BREALEY: It does. THE PRESIDENT: -- that Dawsongroup has the same expert 7 8 as~... MR BREALEY: Very difficult --9 THE PRESIDENT: So he has seen those documents anyway. 10 11 MR BREALEY: Absolutely. 12 THE PRESIDENT: But not Iveco and not MAN, so that's where 13 he can't be party to the discussion between Mr von Hinten-Reed and Dr Wu. 14 MR BREALEY: So from Ryder's perspective clearly we want to 15 16 be able to discuss with the other claimants' experts as 17 much as possible because it is inefficient and it is 18 causing extra cost. Clearly if Mr Harvey can be brought in somehow -- it is consistent with the tribunal's 19 20 disclosure ruling. 21 THE PRESIDENT: Well, one possibility would be -- because
- not to limit the -- think in terms of the inner ring,
 which is, despite its name, actually quite large,
 several hundred people, as we understand it, but to say
 this is really to facilitate discussion between experts.

They're not actually going to see the documents which 1 have not been disclosed to the party who has instructed them, they just want to have a discussion based on their knowledge of those documents and what it suggests in terms of method and what problems it shows up in terms of method to say that there should be a much tighter 7 ring of the experts.

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MR BREALEY: Plus maybe one or two representatives from the legal advisors.

10 THE PRESIDENT: Maybe. I'm not sure about that. Possibly 11 just the experts, in which case they should be able to 12 speak freely, even with knowledge of documents that they 13 have had in another case. They can have that discussion 14 and that will inform their view of how to get a consistent approach. And it may be one can't have 15 16 a consistent approach. It may be that Dr Wu and 17 Mr von Hinten-Reed say "Well, we think we need to do 18 this because of the nature of our client's case against Iveco" and Mr Harvey said "Well that doesn't concern 19 20 me".

MR BREALEY: I see the sense of that. I would still say that you may need one or two people to give instructions to the experts so there is some sort of communication back, but certainly a much tighter inner ring relating to the quantum disclosure, we would welcome.

| Τ | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I think there are problems when you |
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| 2 | get a lawyer receiving information in a case in which |
| 3 | their client is not a party I think they can get |
| 4 | instructions separately from their lawyers, but for the |
| 5 | purpose of this discussion I speak for myself, but we |
| 6 | have discussed this over the short adjournment as |
| 7 | well I am not persuaded that any lawyers need to be |
| 8 | there for the purpose of the discussion. Then |
| 9 | afterwards they report back of course saying "This is |
| 10 | the view I have come to". And that that might be |
| 11 | a feasible way of doing it. |
| 12 | MR BREALEY: Well, certainly then we could maybe we |
| 13 | could see how it goes. If it doesn't work, it doesn't |
| 14 | work, because clearly experts need to have some sort of |
| 15 | instruction, they can't rather than independent |
| 16 | THE PRESIDENT: Rather than sharing it with the whole of the |
| 17 | inner ring, because these inner rings are very big now. |
| 18 | MR BREALEY: From our perspective in the light of the |
| 19 | disclosure ruling, and it is common sense we would |
| 20 | respectfully submit, it is important for NERA to be able |
| 21 | to discuss |
| 22 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, we understand that. |
| 23 | Let's hear from Ms Bacon first because it is really |
| 24 | your |
| 25 | MS BACON: Yes. I am concerned that we are sort of creeping |

beyond the scope of the application, which was that the discussion should take place between experts who had received common disclosure to both of them, so as far as we were concerned and what we were discussing at the start of this morning was for Iveco's part that Ryder's expert can talk to VSW's expert and that's really it because we're not in any of the other proceedings and I am concerned that there is now a suggestion that other experts could be brought in when those -- Dawsongroup hasn't actively, as we have heard, pursued this application itself, nor has Royal Mail and BT. have supported Ryder's application but they have not said that they need their expert to be in on any of these discussions, so I would be concerned going significantly beyond what Ryder is asking and suggesting that an expert who has not specifically said that they need to see our disclosed data, in a case in which we are not party yet, to be having discussions of that nature. We would be content, as I said before the

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we would be content, as I said before the adjournment, if this were confined to Ryder and VSW, which are the two cases that we're in, and documents that we have already disclosed for the time being.

MR MALEK: But no one is suggesting that an expert is going to be given disclosure from the other case, from the

other actions, that has not already been disclosed in
his case. What the suggestion is is that the expert
should be free to discuss methodology by reference to
the documents that they have, that have been disclosed
to them, even if the other expert doesn't have copies
himself because what we are looking at is results at the
end of the day.

8 MS BACON: Yes.

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MR MALEK: And if you look at the disclosure ruling it is pretty clear, we do want the experts to freely discuss methodology and come up with something that works across the board.

13 MS BACON: Yes and if it is a question of them saying "Well, having seen what we have seen, we think this is 14 an appropriate methodology", but I thought the purpose 15 16 of this order was that they could actually sit down 17 there and look at the underlying data and if that's 18 what's going to happen then that would involve the experts seeing those underlying documents and that's the 19 20 problem, because Mr Brealey was saying -- and 21 the Chairman put to me -- this is not just about a high 22 level discussion regarding methodology, but the data on 23 which that's based.

THE PRESIDENT: I think there is a distinction between on the one hand them seeing the documents, and I understand

| 1 | your point they shouldn't see documents that the party |
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| 2 | that's instructing them hasn't received, and being able |
| 3 | to have a discussion in which they can make reference to |
| 4 | the nature of the data that they have seen, but not |
| 5 | actually producing it. |
| 6 | MS BACON: Yes. |
| 7 | THE PRESIDENT: Because the terms of the disclosure rings |
| 8 | and the confidentiality is quite strict. It's not just |
| 9 | that you don't hand over the document, you also don't |
| 10 | talk about it. |
| 11 | MS BACON: Yes. The problem is policing that and what do |
| 12 | you mean by making reference to the data. And I would |
| 13 | emphasise that neither Royal Mail/BT nor Dawsongroup |
| 14 | have said that they need to be party to those |
| 15 | discussions and Mr Brealey's application for his part |
| 16 | really concerns his ability, as I understood it from the |
| 17 | example that he gave, the ability of his expert to |
| 18 | discuss with VSW's expert and within those confines, as |
| 19 | I have said, we can manage that. We would be concerned |
| 20 | if it went beyond that. |
| 21 | THE PRESIDENT: Mr Beard, you wanted to |
| 22 | MR BEARD: I think Ms Bacon has made the key points. |
| 23 | Policing this becomes very difficult, because it is one |
| 24 | thing to be saying these experts can refer to this |
| 25 | material to inform their discussion and methodology, but |

| Τ | as soon as it gets into talking about the specific data |
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| 2 | that's in documents and the quality of that data and |
| 3 | problems with analysing that data, you are in the |
| 4 | territory of parties' experts receiving material that |
| 5 | otherwise those instructing them haven't received and |
| 6 | indeed their clients haven't received quite properly and |
| 7 | we think that is inappropriate in the circumstances. It |
| 8 | was why we put forward the proposal we did and we do |
| 9 | adopt the point that Ms Bacon has made that this appears |
| 10 | to be a point that is not hampering any other experts in |
| 11 | terms of the development of their methodology. After |
| 12 | all, these experts are receiving an awful lot of |
| 13 | material through disclosure and they have an awful lot |
| 14 | to look at. |
| 15 | THE PRESIDENT: I think we will rise for five minutes. |
| 16 | (12.30 pm) |
| 17 | (Short Break) |
| 18 | (12.36 pm) |
| 19 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, we have considered all we have heard. |
| 20 | We think that the terms of the confidentiality ring |
| 21 | should be amended to allow only the experts and that of |
| 22 | course includes not just the main expert, but also those |
| 23 | assisting them from within their respective economic |
| 24 | consultancies, to discuss between them documents that |
| 25 | are commonly disclosed to the parties by whom they have |

been instructed.

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Therefore that would mean that the experts from NERA could discuss with the experts from CEG, documents that the claimants, by whom they are instructed, have received, when both the claimants have received that, but they could not discuss those documents with the experts from Economic Insight instructed on behalf of Dawsongroup and others, except insofar as Dawsongroup had received those documents. For the present it should be experts only who are given that permission. If that proves problematic then we can hear a further application.

As regards disclosure that has been made to date, we think the defendants should identify, by a date to be specified, which documents or category of documents has been disclosed to other claimants, in other words commonly disclosed, and to whom.

As regards disclosure going forward, we think the defendants, when making disclosure to any claimant, should inform that claimant whether the documents are also being disclosed to another claimant, either concurrently or have already been disclosed to another claimant and we do not see that in this age of computer programmes and the way these cases are being managed by sophisticated and highly experienced solicitors, that

| 1 | that should cause a practical problem and we think that |
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| 2 | should deal with the matter for the time being. |
| 3 | The only question is how long the parties, the |
| 4 | defendants want to supply that information. |
| 5 | MR HARRIS: Sir, just for the complete avoidance of doubt, |
| 6 | that's only claimants within these currently |
| 7 | case-managed |
| 8 | THE PRESIDENT: Oh, yes. We're not making any orders about |
| 9 | anyone who is not before the Tribunal. |
| 10 | MS BACON: Sir, I am instructed to ask for three weeks for |
| 11 | that. |
| 12 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, that seems reasonable. |
| 13 | MR BEARD: I was going to suggest that it might be sensible |
| 14 | if there was liaison over the short adjournment and we |
| 15 | came back |
| 16 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, if you let us know after the lunch |
| 17 | adjournment. Thank you. |
| 18 | Moving on, on disclosure applications I think that |
| 19 | between Dawsongroup and Volvo/Renault the issue has now |
| 20 | been agreed and there is a consent order. |
| 21 | MR HOSKINS: That's correct. |
| 22 | THE PRESIDENT: Which we have been asked to make and we are |
| 23 | happy to do that in the terms that have been supplied to |
| 24 | us. |
| 25 | We understand, Mr Brealey I think, Ryder is asking |

| 1 | for an equivalent order, is that right? |
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| 2 | MR BREALEY: Yes. |
| 3 | MR HOSKINS: They are and we have written and said we are |
| 4 | happy for them to be in the same position. |
| 5 | THE PRESIDENT: So if that can be drawn up and we will make |
| 6 | an order in those terms. Thank you very much. |
| 7 | There is the only other matter I have noted as |
| 8 | regards disclosure is that I think, Mr Kennelly, you |
| 9 | have said that because VSW have floated the suggestion |
| 10 | of test cases, although they are not asking us to do |
| 11 | anything in that regard at the moment, you want a stay |
| 12 | of part of an existing order for disclosure concerning |
| 13 | Sweden, is that right? |
| 14 | MR KENNELLY: Sir, yes, that's correct. |
| 15 | THE PRESIDENT: Can you just explain how that arises. |
| 16 | MR KENNELLY: Yes. Again, it is a short point and most of |
| 17 | the references are in our skeleton, I shan't take you to |
| 18 | every single document, but the Tribunal will be aware |
| 19 | that Scania consented in the consent order to give |
| 20 | market-wide disclosure to the claimants and VSW for |
| 21 | the UK, France and Sweden. The disclosure in relation |
| 22 | to the UK and France has been done; Scania and its |
| 23 | advisors took it in stages. And so significant |
| 24 | disclosure has been given in relation to the UK and |
| 25 | France. There are some outstanding issues for France |

but in large part they are now completed and Scania is 1 turning now to do its Swedish disclosure, which is due by 31 March 2020. That is going to be a very intense exercise and I am instructed that it will cost about £300,000.

> Before those costs are incurred, we wish to raise with the Tribunal the question of whether it is appropriate to incur them now, because when Scania signed up to this and agreed to the consent order the test case approach had not been sought. As soon as the test case approach was sought Scania wrote to the claimants -- when the application was made Scania wrote and said "We don't think it is appropriate now to give the Swedish disclosure because that is not one of the core countries covered by your test claimants proposal" and, I submit, in whatever proposal is made or whatever -- if a test claimant approach is adopted, Sweden will not be one of the core countries in that in view of its very limited importance.

THE PRESIDENT: Can I just understand Sweden. Scania is based where?

22 MR KENNELLY: In Sweden.

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23 THE PRESIDENT: So is Scania's Swedish disclosure as you 24 have described it, is it only about sales of trucks in 25 Sweden or does it also cover Scania head office

| 1 | involvement in setting prices on a pan European of other |
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| 2 | market, non-Swedish market? The basis. |
| 3 | MR KENNELLY: 90% of the disclosure that's sought that is |
| 4 | now about to be undertaken relates to the sale of trucks |
| 5 | in Sweden, specific trucks sold in Sweden yes or |
| 6 | to be, sorry, shipped into Sweden. |
| 7 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| 8 | MR KENNELLY: That's the expensive part of the exercise. |
| 9 | THE PRESIDENT: Are you seeking to stay also what one might |
| 10 | describe as sort of head office disclosure concerning |
| 11 | pan-European gross pricing, for example? |
| 12 | MR KENNELLY: There is a narrative aspect to this which is |
| 13 | called category O4 which is a much smaller category. |
| 14 | That is we say parasitic in part on the much more |
| 15 | onerous task, but if the Tribunal is against me on that, |
| 16 | we will provide that. That is far easier to do. |
| 17 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| 18 | MR KENNELLY: It is the truck-specific data which is the |
| 19 | most costly and that's our main focus of our application |
| 20 | for a stay. |
| 21 | The point is that as is obvious if at the next |
| 22 | CMC the Tribunal decides to go with the test claimant |
| 23 | approach and that has all the benefits for which the |
| 24 | claimants contend and ultimately leads to settlement |
| 25 | potentially, these costs will have been wasted, whereas |

| 1 | if at the next CMC the Tribunal decides not to go with |
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| 2 | the test claimant approach and we revert to our original |
| 3 | plan, Scania can do the work in the same timeframe, so |
| 4 | within the timeframe between now and what would be seven |
| 5 | weeks, and do it then, and so no prejudice will be |
| 6 | caused to the claimants or anyone else, but this |
| 7 | approach allows us at least to save some money in this |
| 8 | enormous set of proceedings. |
| 9 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Mr Jones. |
| 10 | MR KENNELLY: Sorry, before Mr Jones gets up, I want to make |
| 11 | sure I haven't said anything incorrect. |
| 12 | Sorry, I'm told disclosure on price setting by head |
| 13 | office has not been ordered. This is all truck-specific |
| 14 | data. But I maintain what I meant about 04 being |
| 15 | a narrative part that is less costly but it is not in |

17 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Mr Jones.

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MR JONES: It is truck sales data and it is also, just to be

clear, as I understand it, not -- we're not here talking

about particular sales to my clients, it's the general

exercise which all the defendants have done across the

three core countries where they have disclosed

information related to all of their sales in those

countries.

relation to head office price setting.

When Scania first signed up to this, as Mr Kennelly

put it, in September, sir, all of the other parties were focusing on the three core countries and it was absolutely clear that all of us have been looking at an overcharge analysis focused on the UK, on France and on Germany. It is true that the test claims idea hadn't been floated, but plainly that was the focus of everyone's attention.

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Nonetheless, it was sensible for Scania to extend its disclosure to Sweden then and it remains sensible now for the same two reasons. The first one is that it is relevant to the overcharge analysis which is currently being done -- let me explain that. The economists are seeking to pull together a data source which is as rich as possible and that will include, for example, sales to lots of different purchasers, it will include sales from different defendants, but it doesn't follow from that that the experts are simply coming up with one average overcharge figure, they will be building models which have variables in them to distinguish between different defendants, different purchasers possibly, and although one might be interested in what did this particular defendant charge, the model when it produces that prediction will be drawing on the rich data from other defendants.

Now, I start with that example because the same is

true of different countries, which is to say one can include in the model data from different countries pooled across different countries. It doesn't mean that you necessarily come up with one average overcharge estimate across Europe, or across three or four countries, it simply means you've got a richer pool and you distinguish between the different defendants, possibly different purchasers, different countries and so on. So it feeds into that analysis.

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Now, what I have said is slightly controversial in the sense that some of the defendants in their three-pagers have identified that they think a country by country approach is appropriate and so it may be that not all experts will be pooling data in the way that I have just described. Scania, however doesn't fall into that category because -- sir, can I take to you Scania's three-page document. It is at {COM-C/26/2}. You will see there at paragraph 8 "Pooling data across markets may be valid". The context here of course is that Scania's obligations are focused in -- as far as is relevant to us -- France and Sweden. It will add materially to the richness of our data to have Scania data in Sweden as well as in France, notwithstanding that we think the focus should be on overcharge in those other three countries.

Sir, as I have said, that was true in September when

Scania agreed to it and it is true now for exactly the

same reasons.

The second reason why it has always been sensible is settlement, because of course the way these claims tend to move towards settlement -- not always, but often is on defendant by defendant agreements with the claimants, even where one of the defendants is a Part 20, as Scania is, and where one of its biggest markets is not in the data which it would otherwise be disclosing, it is sensible for that reason also to cover Sweden.

So, sir, those are my submissions.

THE PRESIDENT: What proportion of your clients', taking the three of them together, trucks are actually Swedish?

MR JONES: Sir, someone may be able to pass me an answer to that. Can I give a slightly different data point which is we do know more than half of our purchasing claimants purchased trucks from Scania. I know that because that was the question I asked my solicitor but I didn't ask the question in precisely the same way that you have just framed it, sir, so I don't know ... sir, it may take some time. I'm not sure of the answer to that.

THE PRESIDENT: They purchased trucks from Scania but that

MR JONES: Some of them definitely in France, yes,

may have been in Germany or France.

| 1 | absolutely. |
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| 2 | THE PRESIDENT: Clearly in France in any case. |
| 3 | MR KENNELLY: Whilst Mr Jones is waiting, can I just on |
| 4 | that point about because it is a point I would submit |
| 5 | in my favour. True it is that there's a great deal of |
| 6 | relevant data from Scania. That's in relation to the UK |
| 7 | and France which has been given, in respect of 200,000 |
| 8 | trucks about 15 million data points have been provided |
| 9 | and that is more than adequate for the rich data set |
| LO | which my learned friend refers to. |
| L1 | The German sales are de minimis. There are I think |
| L2 | about 40 trucks sold, or 40 trucks which are in issue |
| L3 | for Germany, but it is not realistic to say that the |
| L 4 | Swedish set makes a material difference. |
| L5 | THE PRESIDENT: Do you know how many trucks are in issue in |
| L 6 | Sweden? |
| L7 | MR KENNELLY: Swedish specific, I will be told. But the |
| L8 | point is it is a short point of response to |
| L9 | my learned friend obviously one always wants the |
| 20 | richest possible data set, but not at any cost and not |
| 21 | at a cost that isn't necessary. |
| 22 | I'm told it is in the hundreds, the sales into |
| 23 | Sweden. |
| 24 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| >5 | (Pause) |

| Τ | Thank you. We are not going to amend the order that |
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| 2 | was made. It was consented to at the time for Scania, |
| 3 | they did not think it unreasonable. We have not |
| 4 | decided, nor are we going to decide today whether there |
| 5 | should be any test cases in the VSW action so that may |
| 6 | never arise and indeed we think this information may |
| 7 | indeed assist VSW when deciding what may be appropriate |
| 8 | test cases, if it chooses to pursue that application at |
| 9 | a future time. |
| 10 | MR JONES: I am grateful. |
| 11 | THE PRESIDENT: I think given the time the next item would |
| 12 | be to consider the experts' methodologies and rather |
| 13 | than starting that at 5 to 1, we will start that at 5 to |
| 14 | 2. |
| 15 | (12.55 pm) |
| 16 | (The luncheon adjournment) |
| 17 | (1.55 pm) |
| 18 | THE PRESIDENT: I think the next matter to which we come |
| 19 | concerns the expert methodologies. Every party, |
| 20 | pursuant to the ruling that we gave, has produced |
| 21 | a brief summary. May I say on behalf of all the members |
| 22 | of the Tribunal, we found these extremely helpful. |
| 23 | Their assistance was enhanced not hindered by the fact |
| 24 | that they were no more than three pages long, although |
| 25 | we did note that the font size in some of the three page |

offerings did seem to reduce slightly.

We are not going to make any orders or rulings that result from that, but we thought it might be helpful if we just made some comments that result from our reading of those.

First of all, it does seem clear that econometric analysis, or some have referred to it as a time series regression analysis, involving at least during and after data is going to be a method applied across all cases.

There is evidently a question whether the data used should also cover the pre-infringement period. We note DAF has disclosed that material, so it is being used by -- in particular in the Royal Mail/BT case, and we think we should wait to see what the experts make of that with regard to the other cases and whether it is appropriate or not to look at pre-infringement data. Obviously ideally one would wish to, there's no question about that, and the problem really is the potential deficiency in that data and, to a lesser extent, the expense of recovery and we will see what emerges as the experts look at that data.

Other issues as to exactly how a regression analysis should be conducted, what variables should be included, what control factors to employ and so on, our present view is that it would not be appropriate for the

Tribunal to prescribe those. That's a matter for each individual expert and their judgment and if, as a result, we get, as we no doubt would, these econometric analyses conducted in slightly different ways producing different results, then the reasons for the differences are exactly what one would explore at trial and the Tribunal then will decide which method seems more robust, most are reliable and so on, but that would not be appropriate for us to get into and seek to get to that level of detail once the overall method is agreed.

Secondly, it appears that it is probably appropriate to do it separately by country in that the way prices move in different national markets may be different.

The third point that came out of it was the view of Ryder's expert NERA that they think that complementary methods will assist. They talk about margin analysis and using the separate pricing series from like commercial vehicles. We note other claimants do not seem so attracted by that and all the defendants are opposed to it.

As I said at the outset of this topic, we're not going to rule on it. All we will say is we are at the moment not persuaded and we will need quite a bit of persuasion that that is appropriate. We can see it may

have use if there are material gaps in the other data and that then it might have some attraction. If that is not the case then just as a complementary method that we think becomes disproportionate and that's our present feeling about it.

We note that I think both VSW on the claimants' side and Iveco on the defendants' side have reserved the question of whether some different method might be used to consider the effects of the arrangements on Euro emission standards. They have simply said "Our experts want to think about this further". We wait to see what comes out of that. At the moment we are not -- we have some trouble understanding why some different method should be needed given that the question is what's the effect of all of this on price, which is exactly what the regression analysis is looking at.

We have noted that DAF proposes that its experts want to do a first stage analysis which they have described as a causative mechanism analysis, which sounds to me a little bit like what one more usually talks about as a theory of harm, whether there is a plausible way that these arrangements could have caused an increase in transaction prices. As we understand it that doesn't lead to any additional disclosure -- and I see Mr Beard is shaking his head; it

doesn't -- and it is clearly open for a defendant to run that argument through its expert if it wants to.

Then there is pass-on. Clearly we've got to await the judgment of the Supreme Court to see what light it sheds on this issue. For resale pass-on it appears again that regression analysis might be the appropriate route and again we would need some persuasion that a profit margin analysis is relevant or helpful. It opens up a lot of uncertainties and difficulties once we start looking at cost allocation.

Supply pass-on is a big question, but we await the judgment in Sainsbury's.

Then we have talked about the other issue of mitigation earlier, which is a separate matter.

That was, for the moment, we thought, all that we would propose to say about these very helpful statements and we hope that's of some assistance to everyone going forward.

We did want to mention another set of statements which were ordered in our September order, which were the statements provided in the Ryder case about how the defendants approach their pricing and we thought those statements were very helpful and we think it would be appropriate for equivalent statements to be filed in the other actions as well. Given that in the Ryder case all

| Τ | five of the defendants or I should say all five of |
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| 2 | the OEMs are defendants in Ryder, they have all gone |
| 3 | through that exercise and we are minded to direct that |
| 4 | they should file equivalent statements in the other |
| 5 | actions. |
| 6 | Now, that was not on the agenda so you have not had |
| 7 | a chance to take instructions on that, which is |
| 8 | something that occurred to us last night. |
| 9 | MR JOWELL: When you say, sir, the equivalent statements, we |
| 10 | assume that would be just referring to the |
| 11 | United Kingdom market, as in Ryder. |
| 12 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| 13 | MR JOWELL: Because obviously it would be a vast exercise to |
| 14 | start talking about how they priced German trucks and |
| 15 | Swedish trucks and so on. It would effectively be the |
| 16 | same |
| 17 | THE PRESIDENT: Essentially it goes to I think they were |
| 18 | put into one of the confidentiality rings, those |
| 19 | statements, and that would apply similarly in the other |
| 20 | cases, but if you are able to take instructions you |
| 21 | have all done the exercise and I don't think it is |
| 22 | but I haven't studied each statement, whether it is very |
| 23 | Ryder specific, I think it is about how you go about |
| 24 | pricing your trucks, but we won't make a ruling now |
| 25 | because I think you need time to consider that, but we |

- 1 would like to do that well before the next CMC, so if
- 2 that's something you could each take instructions on and
- 3 perhaps let the Tribunal know on Monday.
- 4 MR JOWELL: We will do so.
- 5 THE PRESIDENT: Then we could make the appropriate order to
- 6 cover the confidentiality. I think you all know the
- 7 statements identify in mind.
- 8 MR JOWELL: Yes.
- 9 THE PRESIDENT: We think that may assist the other
- 10 claimants.
- 11 MR JONES: Sir, it certainly would assist and I'm being
- 12 reminded that that order has only been made in the Ryder
- 13 proceedings, so I think --
- 14 THE PRESIDENT: That's the point.
- 15 MR JONES: No, but some of the defendants haven't given
- 16 statements, was the point, sir, so I think --
- 17 THE PRESIDENT: Well, Ryder proceedings I thought involved
- 18 everyone except Scania.
- 19 MR JONES: Scania may be the only one then, sir.
- 20 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I mean Scania are not a direct
- 21 defendant, of course. They have come in as a Part 20
- defendant for the moment.
- MR JONES: That's right.
- 24 THE PRESIDENT: But you are -- well, yes. It probably would
- 25 be helpful to have it from Scania as well as regards

the UK market at least. 1 2 MR JONES: We think it would be, sir, yes. THE PRESIDENT: You may not be up to speed on this, 3 Mr Kennelly, what they are. 5 MR KENNELLY: For Scania we have resisted this in the past. 6 The correspondence is in the bundle, but rather than 7 address you on it now, unless I'm corrected we are in principle opposed to providing that statement so I think 8 we will have to make submissions to the Tribunal since 9 that's the tribunal's preference, but we will do that in 10 11 due course. THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Well, it may be that in your case it 12 13 is put back to the next CMC in that case. MR KENNELLY: I'm grateful. 14 THE PRESIDENT: But at least VSW will get it from the others 15 16 which will get you going. 17 The next item on the agenda I think is the 18 application by Royal Mail and BT seeking directions 19 setting down a timetable for witness statements and 20 expert evidence on all issues except pass-on. 21 MR BEARD: Sir, before we move to that, I apologise, just 22 two quick points I wanted to pick up. One was from 23 before lunchtime on timings, in relation to the common 24 confidentiality arrangements. You will recall, sir,

that you gave me the short adjournment to take

instructions in relation to that. I have done so. The position for DAF is rather more complicated than it is for Ms Bacon and her client because of course we have essentially ten pair permutations that we have to identify by way of overlaps, which was why in part we suggested the sort of common core approach, so we have it in relation to Royal Mail/BT and Dawsongroup and VSW and Ryder and then with Dawsongroup and VSW and Dawsongroup and Ryder and so on and there are ten permutations.

What we propose is that we could provide an indication of what is common to all of those parties within four weeks, but to provide the detailed account of the overlap will take us substantially longer because you get into the details of what differences in disclosure are between the parties and we would ask for ten weeks to do that, so we do a core within four.

We will of course in saying that try and see whether there are more pragmatic solutions we can reach with the claimants in relation to this, but if we are actually trying to identify exactly what is common and not common, that is a more extensive exercise and sadly the miracles of computer programmes don't quite take us to the level of easy precision that, Mr Chairman, you envisaged before the short adjournment.

THE PRESIDENT: We are concerned about ten weeks, Mr Beard, 1 2 because we would like this to have been done and then 3 the discussions to take place before the next CMC. MR BEARD: Understood. THE PRESIDENT: So we would have thought common you should 5 6 be able to do in three weeks and the rest, eight weeks. MR BEARD: I'm grateful for the tribunal's indication so 7 those behind me hear that. Thank you. 8 9 MR BREALEY: If it is going to be that period can it run 10 from today, because last time the order took ten weeks 11 to agree and then the time started from the order, so --12 MR BEARD: Yes, today, that's fine. 13 THE PRESIDENT: So from today. 14 The totality? MR HOSKINS: Yes. 15 16 THE PRESIDENT: So it is DAF -- this is Volvo/Renault, 17 right? 18 MR HARRIS: Daimler would please like the same, four weeks. THE PRESIDENT: So four weeks for everybody else? 19 20 MR JOWELL: Likewise. 21 THE PRESIDENT: Four weeks for everybody else for 22 everything. 23 Then can I turn to the Royal Mail/BT application, directions to trial. Mr Lask, we have looked at what 24

you have said of course about this already and we do

take the point that your client's claims are the furthest advanced, you have only one defendant and no Part 20 claims, so we are quite sympathetic to the application. However, we think that witness statements and their content will be significantly affected by the ruling we are shortly to give on binding recitals, which we hope very much we will be able to hand down judgment within a couple of weeks.

However, it is not impossible that one party or another may seek to appeal judgment. Of course we hope they won't, but life being what it is we think one can't exclude that as being a realistic possibility and if there were to be an appeal we think it would be important that that appeal is heard and determined before witness statements are produced because clearly if certain things are binding, or not, it will affect what has to be given by way of evidence.

So what we have in mind -- and I am just telling you what we have in mind, I haven't heard from you, you may seek to persuade us otherwise -- is that we won't either accede or dismiss that application, but that we should fix another CMC for potentially May, or early June -- obviously it has to be a time everyone can attend, but that sort of time period -- and that we will revisit the matter then when we will know what is the appeal

| 1 | position on those rulings. So that is where we have got |
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| 2 | to. If you are not content with that then you need to |
| 3 | address us. |
| 4 | MR LASK: Thank you, sir. I am grateful for that early |
| 5 | indication. I will, if I may, open the application in |
| 6 | any event and seek to persuade you that it is not |
| 7 | necessary or appropriate to wait for not only the |
| 8 | binding recitals ruling to come out, but potentially for |
| 9 | any appeal to be resolved before making directions for |
| LO | evidence. |
| L1 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| L2 | MR LASK: If I may I will start at the beginning and then |
| L3 | pick up the points you have just been making, sir, as |
| L 4 | I come to them. |
| L5 | As you are aware, the issue before you is an |
| L 6 | application for directions for witness and expert |
| L7 | evidence on all matters other than pass-on and I should |
| L8 | emphasise, if I may, that as far as my clients are |
| L9 | concerned this isn't simply a case management issue, |
| 20 | it's actually of the utmost importance for them, |
| 21 | Royal Mail and BT. As the Tribunal is aware, they |
| 22 | brought their claims early and have worked exceptionally |
| 23 | hard to get them into a position where they can move |

We heard what the Tribunal said at the outset of

forward to the next stage.

today's hearing about the need for consistency across the claims and indeed we had that firmly in mind when formulating this application and we submit that the application is precisely the sort of pragmatic solution that the Tribunal has invited and that will allow the claims to proceed, notwithstanding some of the common issues that remain outstanding.

Royal Mail and BT see their draft directions as a pragmatic and critical means of maintaining momentum in their claims, whilst also accommodating those common issues.

So we do say that notwithstanding the concerns that you have flagged up, sir, the case for setting down directions now is compelling and if I may I will outline the reasons for that in four points and I will take it briefly, having heard what you have had to say.

The first is that the Royal Mail and BT claims are ready to progress to the preparation of witness and expert evidence. The pleadings are closed, disclosure is complete and there are no outstanding applications on either side. We have discussed already today the outstanding pass-on issue and the draft directions accommodate that by providing for pass-on to be dealt with separately. So in those circumstances the directions for evidence that we seek are the natural and

obvious next step in the proceedings, so that's point 1.

The second point is that pressing ahead with witness and expert evidence has significant advantages for the future conduct of the claims. Starting the work now on non-pass-on evidence not only makes effective and efficient use of the time that's available now, but also reduces the amount of work that will have to be completed later and in doing so it should be possible to set an earlier trial date once the trial is ready to be listed.

The third point, which is really the flip-side of the second point, is that the alternative contended for by DAF -- and if I may say so, sir, the alternative envisaged currently by the Tribunal -- is in my submission likely to generate significant delay. Just dealing first with DAF's approach, they say that the preparation of non-pass-on and pass-on evidence should proceed in parallel --

THE PRESIDENT: Well, we're not attracted by that point.

You need not address it.

MR LASK: Okay, my Lord, thank you. I will move on.

I am going to come on to the binding recitals point that you have raised, sir.

24 THE PRESIDENT: You might want to focus on that.

25 MR LASK: I will.

- 1 THE PRESIDENT: Obviously we would have to hear from DAF on their point, but we don't have to hear from you.
- MR LASK: I will move on from the pass-on point. That was

 my third point, significant delay. And the fourth point

 is, which leads me on to the binding recitals issue, is

 that there are simply no good reasons, in my submission,

 why these directions shouldn't be made.

Now, DAF raised a number of objections in their response to our application. I'm not going to go through them in turn, we have dealt with them in the skeleton argument, but the binding recitals point was one of them and the point being made -- certainly the point made by DAF -- was that the preparation of evidence can't even begin until the ruling has been handed down on binding recitals and the tribunal's position, as I understand it, is that actually the process should potentially be pushed out even further, until any appeal has been resolved and in my submission, sir, that's simply unnecessary, not to mention the significant delay that it will entail.

May I ask the Tribunal to turn up the list of witnesses that the parties have provided quite some time ago. DAF's is in the RMBT file, {RMBT-B1/10}.

THE PRESIDENT: On what page?

25 MR LASK: Sorry, I thought it was that tab but I may have

got the reference wrong. Sir, if you will just bear 1 2 with me. 3 THE PRESIDENT: Sure. 4 (Pause). MR LASK: Yes, sir, it is actually in the RMBT file C1 and 5 6 it is tab 7, which is the exhibit to Mr Coulson's eighth statement and it begins on page 17 $\{RMBT-C1/7/17\}$. 7 Schedule 1, "The defendants' list of witnesses of fact 8 (as at 12 October 2018)". 9 So what both DAF and the claimants have done in this 10 11 case is identify their witnesses and the issues the 12 witnesses are going to cover and in my submission there 13 are various matters that will need to be covered by the factual witnesses that won't be affected necessarily by 14 the binding recitals ruling. For example --15 THE PRESIDENT: Can we see the next page please 16 17 $\{RMBT-C1/7/18\}$. Thank you. 18 MR LASK: The first example I was going to take you to, sir, was actually item 1. Before I go on I should check 19 20 there is nothing confidential in this document. 21 MR BEARD: I don't believe so. It is not in a marked 22 confidential bundle. 23 THE PRESIDENT: Thank you. 24 MR LASK: So item 1, the issue on which the witness intends 25 to speak is the sales relationship between Royal Mail

| 1 | and the first defendant during the relevant period. We |
|----|---|
| 2 | find it difficult to see why that, for example, should |
| 3 | be affected by the binding recitals ruling. |
| 4 | Similarly over the page, internal page 17, |
| 5 | $\{RMBT-C1/7/18\}$, item 4, the issue there is the setting |
| 6 | of standard MLO costs and IKP costs, ie the setting of |
| 7 | an additional amount added to MLO costs and number 2, |
| 8 | "The calculation of the average MLO for CF/XF and LF |
| 9 | trucks". |
| 10 | THE PRESIDENT: What is MLO? |
| 11 | MR LASK: MLO this is the explanation that DAF have |
| 12 | provided to us: |
| 13 | "The MLO costs of a specific truck are the sum of |
| 14 | the standard material and labour overhead variable costs |
| 15 | for all the components of the truck plus standard |
| 16 | transportation costs and if relevant the additional |
| 17 | costs of additional products and services." |
| 18 | So those are just two examples of issues which in my |
| 19 | submission don't on any view need to be held up pending |
| 20 | either your ruling on binding recitals, or indeed any |
| 21 | appeal and it would be most regrettable in my submission |
| 22 | if all of the factual witness evidence and as a result |
| 23 | all of the expert evidence were now to be held up |
| 24 | potentially for a period of many months while any appeal |
| 25 | is resolved. |

| | The TRESIDENT. But are you saying I appreciate you can |
|--|---|
| 2 | point to some witnesses whose evidence is not affected |
| 3 | by binding recitals, but are there other witnesses whose |
| 4 | evidence may be? |
| 5 | MR LASK: We would accept that there are witnesses whose |
| 6 | evidence may be affected by the outcome of the ruling, |
| 7 | but it seems to us that the outcome of the ruling, |
| 8 | insofar as it is in the claimants' favour, can only |
| 9 | serve to narrow the scope of the witness evidence, so |
| 10 | all that would need to be done on the defendants' part, |
| 11 | if ultimately they are unsuccessful at first instance |
| 12 | and indeed on any appeal, would be for the witness |
| | |
| 13 | evidence to have been prepared, to then not be adduced. |
| 13 14 | evidence to have been prepared, to then not be adduced. THE PRESIDENT: But isn't that a bit wasteful? |
| | |
| 14 | THE PRESIDENT: But isn't that a bit wasteful? |
| 14 15 | THE PRESIDENT: But isn't that a bit wasteful? MR LASK: Well, it depends on the scope of the evidence and |
| 141516 | THE PRESIDENT: But isn't that a bit wasteful? MR LASK: Well, it depends on the scope of the evidence and if DAF was able to tell us today that there are huge |
| 14 15 16 17 | THE PRESIDENT: But isn't that a bit wasteful? MR LASK: Well, it depends on the scope of the evidence and if DAF was able to tell us today that there are huge swathes of their evidence that depend on |
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| 1 | reached, which, as I say, is one in which they are ready |
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| 2 | to move forward, save for pass-on and potentially the |
| 3 | binding recitals ruling. |

I should say, sir, that if the Tribunal were minded to accept the application for directions in principle, but tweak the timetable so that the time for evidence doesn't start to run until the binding recitals ruling is available, we could live with that, but what Royal Mail and BT would find very difficult to stomach is the idea that it should all be put off until any appeals against the binding recitals ruling have been resolved. That could be many months indeed.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

MR LASK: So I will listen to what Mr Beard has to say in response.

16 THE PRESIDENT: Well, just give us a moment.

17 (Pause).

Well, that was very attractively put, Mr Lask, and we understand the feelings of your clients, but we do remain of the view that the ruling on recitals -- and if it is an important ruling it's not just clearly our decision, it's when that's decided definitively. There may be no appeal, in which case it is soon, and that to consider this also after there have been these expert discussions that were considered just a short while ago

| 1 | on methodology, and that a delay between early February |
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| 2 | and May in the overall context of these cases is, while |
| 3 | perhaps unfortunate, not of such concern that it is not |
| 4 | justified. So we are not going to grant the application |
| 5 | now. We will revisit it at the next CMC when (a) there |
| 6 | will be a tribunal's ruling, (b) if there is an appeal |
| 7 | one can look at the grounds of appeal and assess how |
| 8 | matters proceed and so we are not going to make an order |
| 9 | now. |
| 10 | MR LASK: Sir, I am grateful. May I make some brief |
| 11 | comments. Firstly, you mentioned the expert meetings |
| 12 | that we have been discussing |
| 13 | THE PRESIDENT: Not meetings, just the discussion on |
| 14 | methodology based on the which I appreciate your |
| 15 | clients are not directly involved in, but DAF are with |
| 16 | some of the other experts and we are seeking to get to |
| 17 | a position where there is a common approach to |
| 18 | overcharge across all the actions. |
| 19 | MR LASK: Sorry, it may be I have missed it but we hadn't |
| 20 | understood the Tribunal to have indicated that there |
| 21 | should be meetings now between the experts off the back |
| 22 | of the three-pagers. |
| 23 | THE PRESIDENT: No, that's correct, but there are going to |
| 24 | be discussions based on the amendment to the |
| 25 | confidentiality ring that will enable common disclosure |

| 1 | to be considered so that claimants' experts not |
|-----|--|
| 2 | experts from the two sides, not that sort of meeting, |
| 3 | but discussion between claimants' experts. |
| 4 | MR LASK: Right. Thank you, sir. |
| 5 | The second point is this. In case we get to the |
| 6 | next CMC and we find that there are no appeals against |
| 7 | the binding recitals ruling, it may be helpful if at |
| 8 | that stage we are able to make directions for evidence |
| 9 | and for the way forward and to that end it may help if |
| 10 | the Tribunal were to indicate that it would welcome |
| 11 | discussions taking place between the claimants and DAF |
| 12 | in the interim so that we can present hopefully an |
| 13 | agreed set of directions, but if not, two |
| 14 | alternatives |
| 15 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| 16 | MR LASK: that the Tribunal could then make at the next |
| 17 | CMC, if at that stage it is possible to move forward. |
| 18 | MR BEARD: If it helps they know where we are, they can |
| 19 | write us a letter, we will reply, rather than rehearsing |
| 20 | the points we have on these directions now, which seems |
| 21 | pointless. If at some point Royal Mail/BT want to write |
| 22 | to us, we promise we will reply. |
| 23 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Well, I mean if you propose |
| 24 | directions, as indeed you have at this hearing, at the |
| 2.5 | next hearing we would expect DAF to engage with that and |

| 1 | explain what they would agree to and what they wouldn't |
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| 2 | or if they oppose it completely, why, and we will come |
| 3 | back with an informed position from both sides. |
| 4 | MR LASK: Certainly we welcome that. |
| 5 | THE PRESIDENT: But I don't think it is something we need |
| 6 | direct. That's what we would expect to happen. |
| 7 | MR LASK: They didn't reply this time round |
| 8 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I see. Well, I'm sure they will next |
| 9 | time. |
| 10 | Then we go to the question of directions for trial, |
| 11 | as it were, raised by VSW but you are not actually, |
| 12 | Mr Jones, seeking an order but you have set out the |
| 13 | possibility of there being test claims and at one point |
| 14 | I think most defendants thought you were seeking an |
| 15 | order. It is now clear you are not. |
| 16 | All we would say is the trials in VSW are probably |
| 17 | the most delayed because of the involvement of Scania |
| 18 | and we cannot have a hearing involving Scania until |
| 19 | after the appeals, or at least the appeal to the |
| 20 | General Court is determined if there is a further |
| 21 | appeal it may depend on the grounds of any further |
| 22 | appeal and that's not immediate. |
| 23 | We can see that it may be sensible to have test |
| 24 | claims, but we haven't reached a view and we would just |

invite the parties in the VSW actions to consider that

- further and consider how test claimants can properly be identified in a way that it is useful.
- 3 MR JONES: Yes.
- THE PRESIDENT: And whether it is appropriate to do it in

 a way that the outcome of the test claims is binding, or

 to do it in a way that I think your clients proposed,

 that it is not binding, which is another issue, so we

 would suggest that that is something considered between

 the parties in the VSW case so we can revisit it on the

 next occasion.
- MR JONES: Sir, I'm very grateful for that and part of the
 reason for wanting it on the agenda was in case the
 Tribunal had thought at first blush it is not even worth
 the parties liaising on, so it is very helpful to know
 we can at least discuss it.
- THE PRESIDENT: We think it may very well be sensible -given that the very large number of claimants in two of
 the three cases, it may be a much more practicable way
 to proceed, but it depends on identifying, of course,
 the suitable test claimants.
- 21 MR JONES: Sir, could I just make a couple of further
 22 observations.
- 23 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- MR JONES: One is a big picture point, which is there have of course been other proposals floated for how to take

these claims forwards: country by country, deferring tax interest. There may be other ideas. We think test claims at the moment is the best one on the table, but there needs to be a discussion.

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But, sir, the big picture point I wanted to make is this, that we think it would be very sensible if a decision could be taken about which of those routes, if any, the Tribunal thinks the VSW claimants should go down before we all come back before you with more detailed disclosure requests because the first stage of disclosure has been done -- there will be some targeted requests now arising out of that, that's not what we're concerned about. The next big disclosure issue between VSW and the defendants will be resurrecting major issues around tax disclosure, interest, pass-on of course importantly, possibly overcharge in the other countries and so what has happened on previous occasions is that we have all come to the Tribunal prepared to argue on the detail of those requests and at the same time making our points about how we think some of them should be deferred because it would be sensible case management and so on.

So, sir, it is perhaps a somewhat prosaic point but it requires on our part -- and I imagine on the other parties' parts as well -- an awful lot of attention and

preparation on details in advance of those hearings which actually may ultimately turn out to be pointless because there is the prior issue to be decided. So that is why we have suggested not only deferring our application, possibly until the next CMC, but also it seems to us very desirable, if at all possible, that at the same time as that application is considered other parties could say whether they have preferred solutions and so we can also make submissions on the alternatives which the Tribunal has suggested and that that could be done helpfully, we think, before as I have called it the next big stage of disclosure comes around.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, thank you.

14 Mr Jowell.

MR JOWELL: Yes. If I may respond to that. I think I speak for all the defendants in saying that of course we are all willing to engage in seeking to develop and progress the efficient progress of these actions, but we do have some reservations, both about the test claimant proposal generally and also about what has just been suggested, namely that it should be combined with a freeze on disclosure.

I think the starting point is to consider what does the test claimant proposal really mean and what it means in practice is that certain of the claims, of the VSW

claimants, should be stayed and others should go forward because it is not being proposed that these claims that go forward will bind those that are stayed and when one considers the various issues in the case -- volume of commerce, overcharge, pass-on and interest and tax -broadly speaking it is really only when it comes to pass-on that we can see that there's a valuable role for this type of -- or potentially a valuable role for this type of representative claimants going forward alone, because for matters like volume of commerce, of course, every claimant is going to have to provide that information and that's going to have to be ascertained in any event before those issues are resolved, and the same also applies really for overcharge because, as was mentioned previously, what one is going to have for overcharge is a market-wide model. Now, that may be a model that is then applied and when applied comes out at different overcharges for different defendants and different claimants, but it is nevertheless going to be based upon a set of disclosure that is market-wide and that's I think common ground.

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So the only advantages we see is really in relation to -- it boils down to pass-on and the suggestion, as we see it, is that seeing how pass-on is resolved for certain claimants is then going to provide a useful

example, or framework for the resolution of pass-on for other claimants. But of course that is only going to be a useful example if those claimants are representative and the difficulty, as we see it, is that what we see with some alarm is that the VSW claimants in the annex to their skeleton argument appear to be proceeding on the basis that they are going to self-select the claimants that they take forward and that is of course -- it raises the spectre that what they are going to be doing is effectively selecting what they see as their strongest claims and cherry-picking and that is not something that is actually -- although one can understand that as a litigation tactic, it's not going to be conducive to the efficient resolution of these claims, because the defendants will perceive that and so therefore those claims that go forward will lose their representative quality.

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So what is required is really a dialogue whereby we consider what are the criteria by which one can judge whether something is indeed a representative claim and for that purpose it is likely that we will also require some at least targeted further disclosure from the claimants in order to know more about their claims, both the ones that they propose as test claimants and more generally.

So bearing that in mind and also the fact that one of course has to wait for the Supreme Court's judgment in Sainsbury's, the Tribunal isn't in a position to adjudicate on this, or even give any indications at the present time as to whether this is an appropriate or efficient method for resolving the issues of pass-on in these proceedings.

A final point that we would raise is this, that we don't really think that it is sensible to resolve this in relation to the VSW claims in splendid isolation.

One has to bear in mind also whether it is going to be a sensible approach for other claims with which it is being jointly case-managed and in that regard of course one has to bear in mind the fact that coming up -- and I understand in this -- in the room today there are representatives of indirect claimants, such as DS Smith, who have indirect claims in respect of the same trucks as some of the Ryder and other claimants, and so clearly what one can't have is a situation where one has one overcharge for the indirect claimant and potentially a different one for the direct claimant, that's my submission.

THE PRESIDENT: We are going to come on to that. I think that's a slightly separate point.

MR JOWELL: It is slightly separate but I think it does

| 1 | emphasise the general point that one can't consider the |
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| 2 | VSW claimants in isolation, in our submission, one has |
| 3 | to consider also the Ryder claimants and other claimants |
| 4 | as well. |
| 5 | THE PRESIDENT: I think the difference about the VSW |
| 6 | claimants is those are the actions with a very large |
| 7 | number, several hundred I think, in two of the cases, of |
| 8 | claimants. That's not the case for anyone else. |
| 9 | MR JOWELL: Well, that is so |
| LO | THE PRESIDENT: And that's why, it is to avoid having to go |
| L1 | through 300 different claims looking at 300 different |
| L2 | companies in the course of a trial, if in fact looking |
| L3 | at three of them, or five of them or however many it is, |
| L 4 | will actually whether binding, that's one |
| L5 | possibility, or even not binding, they are so similar |
| L 6 | that then once those are decided the parties will say |
| L7 | "We're not going to fight about the rest, we will apply |
| L8 | that as a model". |
| L 9 | MR JOWELL: It might be I see that. |
| 20 | THE PRESIDENT: That's what's behind it and I think that is |
| 21 | distinct for VSW. |
| 22 | MR JOWELL: Yes, we see that, Mr Chairman, respectfully. |
| 23 | I can see that that is a point of distinction with the |
| 24 | other claims, but nonetheless we don't see this as being |
| >5 | necessarily a silver bullet for the resolution of |

pass-on because the devil lies in the detail and one has 1 to see whether one can in fact select representative claimants and, as I have mentioned, that depends upon first identifying the criteria and then obtaining the information and if necessary disclosure in order to see which are the appropriate claims.

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THE PRESIDENT: What we were suggesting, Mr Jowell, is that -- and it is very much picked up by what you said, that VSW should, between now and the next CMC, engage with the defendants about what the criteria should be for selecting representative claimants, how many then one might have and see if you can come to some common understanding. We did not have in mind that VSW unilaterally will say "These are the claims that will be taken forward" and you just have to accept that.

> We fully take on board and have always envisaged that it will be something they will discuss with you and give you the opportunity to -- and we may end up with a situation where you all agree it is sensible to have some test claims, but you think it should be these five and they think it should be those five and then we may have to decide, but that's not unusual.

MR JOWELL: No. Well, we are grateful for that indication, but what we would also respectfully suggest -- again I don't seek a ruling on it now, but we would also

| 1 | respectfully suggest that far from freezing disclosure |
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| 2 | at this stage, VSW should actually be responding |
| 3 | proactively to any targeted requests that we have for |
| 4 | disclosure in relation to pass-on, because without that |
| 5 | information we are simply not going to be in a position |
| 6 | to identify which are or are not the appropriate |
| 7 | representative claimants. So I just I make that |
| 8 | point and of course they will have to decide. |
| 9 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Well, look, I don't think at the |
| 10 | moment that there is any application by VSW to stay any |
| 11 | of the outstanding disclosure orders, is that right? |
| 12 | MR JONES: Sir, that's right, and Mr Jowell may have |
| 13 | misunderstood on two quite fundamental points. We have |
| 14 | always said dialogue and so the starting point that we |
| 15 | are trying to cherrypick is frankly bizarre from our |
| 16 | point of view because I think we have said dialogue very |
| 17 | clearly and the examples are presented as examples, no |
| 18 | more, in the skeleton. |
| 19 | Similarly freezing bizarre the suggestion that we |
| 20 | said we should freeze disclosure. I think I made clear |
| 21 | there will be more targeted applications, we are well |
| 22 | aware on that. Indeed on the point Mr Jowell makes, we |
| 23 | have said we are very happy to discuss further questions |
| 24 | and how to take things forward on the test case |

proposal. If in the course of that there is a dispute

| 1 | | between us as to whether it is proportionate to give |
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| 2 | | information just so that they can take a view on test |
| 3 | | claims, there's the Friday application procedure which |
| 4 | | has been discussed before. |
| 5 | THE | PRESIDENT: So what we would ask you to do it doesn't |
| 6 | | have to be in a ruling is to start the process of |
| 7 | | suggesting what are the criteria by which test claimants |
| 8 | | are suggested. I know you have said one per country, |
| 9 | | but I think it goes then the details matters, how do |
| 10 | | you choose which one, as it were. I think most people |
| 11 | | can understand you might need one from each national |
| 12 | | market, but then you have quite a number in various |
| 13 | | national markets. And send the criteria to the |
| 14 | | defendants and engage with them constructively so that |
| 15 | | by the time we have the next CMC at least some of the |
| 16 | | criteria are agreed and insofar as they are not agreed, |
| 17 | | we can decide, or if indeed as a result of that process |
| 18 | | some of the parties think: no, this isn't going to work |
| 19 | | at all, they can address us on it. |
| 20 | MR o | JONES: Yes. |
| 21 | MR o | JOWELL: We are entirely content to take it forward on |
| 22 | | that basis. |
| 23 | MR I | BEARD: I won't add to anything Mr Jowell said on pass-on |
| 24 | | or test claimant engagement, but I did note Mr Jones |

25 referring to tax disclosure and interest disclosure. We

| Τ | wouldn't want that at all to be confused with issues to |
|----|--|
| 2 | do with pass-on being dealt with by the Supreme Court. |
| 3 | Those issues in relation to which we will be expecting |
| 4 | disclosure from VSW are rather different matters and |
| 5 | should not be wrapped up together. |
| 6 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| 7 | MR JONES: Well, sir, that is quite an important point, |
| 8 | because the point which I was making was some of these |
| 9 | proposals for the management of these claims would |
| 10 | result in my clients not having to do the tax disclosure |
| 11 | at this stage and not only that, it would result in all |
| 12 | of the parties here not having to analyse what would be |
| 13 | that disclosure. |
| 14 | THE PRESIDENT: Why are you saying sorry to interrupt |
| 15 | you. Are you saying not having to do any tax |
| 16 | disclosure, or not having to do it for anything other |
| 17 | than a limited number of claims? |
| 18 | MR JONES: Sir, if it was different proposals have been |
| 19 | floated and this is partly my point. |
| 20 | On the test claimants proposal it would be of course |
| 21 | just those that went forward as test claimants where it |
| 22 | would need to be done. One of the other ideas which has |
| 23 | been floated for the management of these claims is that |
| 24 | there might a trial on all issues apart from tax, or |
| 25 | apart from tax and interest. Now, of course within that |

there might be scope for some limited further tax disclosure, but if that was the route that the Tribunal was to adopt, leaving tax, or a test claimants proposal, it wouldn't make sense in my submission -- before you have reached a view on those big points of principle it wouldn't make sense for us to be back here at another CMC facing applications for tax disclosure from all the claimants because it may well be unnecessary. It would defeat part of the purpose of these big picture suggestions which have been made.

So, sir, it's not an attempt to dodge disclosure, it's an attempt to ensure that if these proposals are put into effect, they achieve what they are supposed to achieve.

MR BEARD: Just to be clear, we understand that Mr Jones and his client can come forward with proposals in relation to specific test claimants and how that process is to be dealt with. If he is suggesting that there should be a separate trial in relation to tax issues, interest issues, or any part of those issues, he needs to make very clear what is being proposed in order that we can deal with it.

One of the problems with what has happened at this hearing in relation to the test claimants proposal is that it really was very generally formulated and it was

| 1 | difficult to understand exactly on what basis these |
|----|--|
| 2 | matters were being put forward, save on a country by |
| 3 | country basis. We do not want that at the next CMC and |
| 4 | I think it is important that if Mr Jones and VSW are |
| 5 | talking about some very different structure to the trial |
| 6 | process in relation to interest and tax, we understand |
| 7 | that very clearly as a detailed proposal. |
| 8 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think you have had your marker, |
| 9 | Mr Jones, so before the next CMC I think we will |
| 10 | consider there really how which we haven't |
| 11 | specifically done how the VSW claims should be |
| 12 | managed. |
| 13 | MR JONES: Yes. |
| 14 | THE PRESIDENT: And it may be and it has been productive |
| 15 | I think to set down two days, even if it may turn out we |
| 16 | don't need the full two days for the next CMC that we |
| 17 | will take part of one day dealing with the VSW trial |
| 18 | issues which the other claimants may not be concerned |
| 19 | with. |
| 20 | MR JONES: Absolutely, sir. I'm very grateful. |
| 21 | Sir, before I sit down could I make just one very |
| 22 | short point and it is just on Scania, which is, sir, you |
| 23 | may recall that at the first and the second CMC there |
| 24 | was this debate about whether or not my clients' claims |
| 25 | could proceed against the main defendants before the |

Scania appeal has been resolved because of course we 1 2 haven't sued Scania, they're a Part 20. 3 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. MR JONES: And there was a debate about that and it was 5 parked and the reason it was parked was because it 6 hasn't become a live issue suggestions because we can 7 progress the claims and keep progressing them and it won't need to be decided until we're at the point of 8 trial. 9 10 In short, my clients' position is that if necessary 11 their claim could proceed against the main defendants 12 for reasons which were canvassed at the previous CMCs 13 but in brief it is because the decision against Scania only binds Scania and, by extension, courts deciding 14 cases against Scania. It doesn't, we say -- it wouldn't 15 16 bind a court if Scania wasn't involved in our claim 17 against the --18 THE PRESIDENT: Can I interrupt. Let's consider all that in 19 the context of the management of the VSW claims and I'm 20 sure all the defendants will wish to be heard on that --21 MR JONES: I'm grateful, sir. 22 THE PRESIDENT: -- next time. 23 MR JOWELL: May I add one postscript on that last point,

which is if I could ask the following document to be

drawn up, it is RAOC19.2. It is the amended reply of

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Ryder.
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         THE PRESIDENT: Can you repeat the reference please?
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         MR JOWELL: I have been told it is RAOC19.2, page 17.
         THE PRESIDENT: For my note, what is it?
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         MR JOWELL: It is Ryder core volume 2, tab 19.2 --
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         THE PRESIDENT: No, sorry, what is the document?
         MR JOWELL: It is the amended reply of Ryder.
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         THE PRESIDENT: To? To all the defences or ..? The
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             consolidated reply or --
         MR JOWELL: I believe it is a consolidated reply. It is not
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             coming up.
                 Let me make the point. It is simply this, that
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             Ryder's reply expressly refers to and relies upon the
             Scania decision and invites the Tribunal to give weight
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             to the Scania decision and in that respect the same
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             actually applies to the VSW pleadings as well, which
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             also refer and rely upon the Scania decision and so in
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             relation to both of these claims, both the VSW claims
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             and the Ryder claims, we say there is a fundamental
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             difficulty which even leaving aside Mr Jones' point is
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             that they've got pleaded reliance on the Scania decision
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             and we say, very simply, how can one possibly have
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             a trial at which reliance is placed upon the Scania
             decision when that decision is still under appeal? So
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we would ask Mr Jones to reconsider whether this really

is a sensible --1 2 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, well, we will consider that next time 3 and obviously it affects Ryder as well. MR JOWELL: Indeed. 5 THE PRESIDENT: But we're not going to get into that now. 6 MR HARRIS: Sir, a quick remark, if I may, on test claimants 7 before we move on, appreciating that there are no orders sought today, but in our skeleton argument at 8 9 paragraph 17 we respectfully draw the tribunal's 10 attention back to the judgment of Mrs Justice Rose as 11 she then was in the Air Cargo litigation and her 12 provisional view about --13 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I saw that. 14 MR HARRIS: You will recall that in that litigation there was one major group of, shall I put it like this, 15 16 variegated claimants, but then there were the others, 17 La Gaitana, Kodak, Hyundai and Allston and we 18 respectfully endorse and share the provisional view she 19 expressed on that occasion when the claimants were 20 suggesting test claimants, that for reasons essentially 21 of consistency, where there are lots of other claims 22 going on it would make sense for -- if there is to be 23 a test claimant approach that is intended to be if not 24 actually binding then at least highly persuasive across 25 other claims, then it would make sense for the claimants to be liaising amongst the other claimant groups so that it is not limited to just VSW.

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Now, I appreciate that if it is Ryder alone then it is really just Ryder companies, and likewise with Dawsongroup, but that doesn't hold true for some of the other claims that are already even before this Tribunal, let alone ones that have been issued in the last week. Take, for example, Adnams. Adnams is transferred to the Tribunal. They're not here today but they have ten claimant groups and there are others that are in a similar category and what we respectfully -- although no order is being sought what I'm really saying is this: insofar as there is liaison amongst the claimants and then between the claimants and the defendants about test claimants and criteria to adopt and come back before the next CMC, then it shouldn't come as a surprise to the claimants that the defendants may well be saying "Well, that's all very well and good for the group of claimants that you happen to represent, but we also think that if test claimants is going to be advanced it should apply to other claims as well", so that there can be consistency of approach across these issues and a proper and true span of claimants in the test claimant cohort.

THE PRESIDENT: Well, we are not dealing with Adnams or anybody else. The way one approaches selecting test

claimants and whether it is a good idea or not is very
action dependent. It may be a good idea in some other
action, it may not. The criteria for selection may be
quite different.

I think we are just concerned with the management of the VSW proceedings and so whatever you wish to say about other actions which are not before us, it really doesn't help us. I think we are going to concentrate on VSW but we would like them to engage with you about test claimants in those cases and that I think gives us quite enough to get on with.

- MR HARRIS: Well, I understand that, sir.
- 13 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, thank you.
- MS BACON: I'm sorry to rise, just one postscript on the 14 test claimant discussions, just to make clear the nature 15 16 of the discussions that we are having. Those behind me 17 are concerned that nothing that the Tribunal has said 18 should rule out the possibility that we may need further 19 disclosure, indeed probably will need some further 20 disclosure, in order to engage in those discussions and 21 I just wanted to raise that just in case the Tribunal 22 had something else in mind.
- 23 MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: That is a point Mr Jowell made.
- MS BACON: Yes, I just wanted to make sure that was the
- case.

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| 1 MR | JUSTICE | FANCOURT: | And | the | disclosure | can | be | requested |
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- 2 and if there's a difficulty it can be brought back
- 3 before us --
- 4 MS BACON: On the Friday application.
- 5 MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: Exactly.
- 6 MS BACON: I'm grateful.
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: The next item is about the Ryder and
- 8 Dawsongroup and we asked in the provisional agenda
- 9 whether they might be heard together. We fully
- 10 understand the problem in that they are direct
- 11 competitors and the difficulty that presents. We note
- 12 that Ryder wants to consider that further and to revert
- at the next CMC and several defendants have also said
- 14 that, that this is premature, and we think it is
- 15 sensible to put that back to be considered at the next
- 16 CMC and not to advance that now.

But then there is the next question, which is the

18 issue of the trucks that are the subject of those claims

19 and are also the subject of other pending claims. And

20 this is not really a concern about the VSW action where

21 the overlap is not so significant. It is a concern that

has arisen because of the new claims being brought, in

particular, we understand, and you will be aware that we

have had correspondence from the solicitors for the

25 DS Smith claims, and evidentially there is a real issue

when there are a large number of trucks for which Ryder and Dawsongroup are claiming from the defendants and the defendants are saying pass-on and Ryder and Dawsongroup are saying very little or no pass-on and DS Smith may be claiming many of the same trucks and saying "Yes, there's an overcharge and there's not a pass-on" and if those are heard quite separately, we can have completely inconsistent results.

We haven't come to even any sort of provisional view as to how we resolve that conundrum, but we think we are at some point going to have to think about what is a sensible way of dealing with that. We think that, first of all, one needs to wait for -- as has been said on so many issues -- the Supreme Court in Sainsbury's to see exactly how the law or procedure or burden of proof on pass-on is to be dealt with.

Secondly, we think it is sensible to wait until the pleadings in the DS Smith case have closed and that case is before us. There is at the moment an order for conditional transfer once proceedings have closed, so that case will be before us soon and there may be one or two of the other actions that have just been started that raise this issue.

So we think that the best course now is that we have raised the issue, we invite those parties most affected

by it to think about it and that we put this on the agenda for the next CMC and for that item that we involve counsel or the legal representatives of DS Smith and any similarly placed claimant to attend and give their views, so informed by them, informed by what you, Mr Brealey, Mr Lask, have to say on this, we can then find, we hope, a sensible solution and that's what we were proposing as the best way forward.

But there is one thing, as Mr Justice Fancourt reminds me, that will be necessary for this. For, as it were, the new claimants, if I can put it that way, to participate in that discussion they will need to see the pleadings in the Dawsongroup and Ryder cases and so we would ask that non-confidential versions of those pleadings can be made available to in particular the representatives of DS Smith, well before the next CMC, and if they say there are some confidential bits that they wish to see, well, then you can consider if some confidentiality arrangements can be made, but so they understand how the issue is raised in your cases.

MR BEARD: We agree with that.

- 22 THE PRESIDENT: Let me hear from Mr Lask first.
- MR LASK: Sir, I am very grateful for the indication you
 have given on this item. If I may, I would like to set
 out in summary what Dawsongroup's initial view is on

this matter because if the Tribunal has any immediate reaction it would be helpful for us to be able to take

3 that into account in advance of the next CMC.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, by all means.

5 MR LASK: So as we understand it the issue concerns claims 6 by indirect purchasers, such as DS Smith whose claim is 7 on its way. We see this as essentially a case management issue and it seems to us that the way in 8 9 which Dawsongroup's claim has been managed so far doesn't give rise to any difficulties in this respect 10 11 and the reason we say that -- and we note that this is potentially subject to the Supreme Court's judgment in 12 13 Sainsbury's, but the reason we say that is because it 14 seems to us that logically the overcharge paid by Dawsongroup as a direct purchaser, together with the 15 16 extent of any pass-on by Dawsongroup, has to be 17 established before one can assess the extent of any loss 18 suffered by an indirect purchaser such as DS Smith. 19 Logically you look first at what loss Dawsongroup has 20 suffered and you look at Dawsongroup's evidence on 21 pass-on to establish whether Dawsongroup has passed any 22 of those losses on and then you can go on to assess the 23 losses of any indirect purchaser. 24 THE PRESIDENT: Can I interrupt you. You talked about two

25 stages. First one has to assess the overcharge, if you

- 1 have paid an overcharge.
- 2 MR LASK: Yes.

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3 THE PRESIDENT: I understand that, but then the question of whether you have passed on the overcharge to DS Smith, 5 your evidence may be no you didn't, DS Smith's evidence 6 may be yes you did. We don't see at the moment quite 7 how we can resolve that first without the risk that then there is a separate trial with DS Smith arguing the 8 contrary and they are of course not bound if they are 9 not involved in the first trial. So the fact that you 10 11 may have persuaded the Tribunal that you didn't, doesn't 12 prevent DS Smith subsequently persuading a Tribunal that 13 there was pass-on and if that happens then the 14 defendants are having to pay twice.

So there is a real risk of inconsistent outcomes, so that is the concern that we have. So we think it is more than a case management issue, it's a more fundamental issue and that's the problem that we have raised and I don't pretend that we have a ready answer.

MR LASK: Well, sir, we hear that and that's precisely the sort of indication that I had in mind, so we will take that away and give that some thought.

One potential problem though, I should flag up, is this of course may not just be about DS Smith. There may be a huge number of indirect purchasers out there,

some of whom have issued, some of whom haven't issued, 1 2 and the idea that we would have to wait until the end of 3 the limitation period to see who has issued a claim and to case management jointly would be a matter of concern 5 to Dawsongroup and that's something that would need to 6 be taken into account. 7 THE PRESIDENT: We fully appreciate that. We understand 8 that. 9 MR LASK: Thank you, sir. MR HARRIS: It is just on that point that I can update the 10 11 Tribunal. The Tribunal mentioned a moment ago that 12 perhaps the issue is quite limited in VSW, but the 13 current information is that there are 87 overlapping 14 Ryder trucks in VSW and I accept that at the moment it 15 is only two in the Dawsongroup, but that's not an 16 insignificant number and then it seems as though 17 although investigations are ongoing, there are 18 overlapping trucks in Arla and then there is the point that Mr Lask makes. 19 20 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I think 87 is very much smaller than the number of some of the ... 21 22 MR HARRIS: I do accept that, but it is not --23 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I realise that it may be an issue 24 there, but it is -- in any event, it is something we're

going to have to address and we are basically asking you

all to think about it and think of what may be 1 2 a sensible way forward and DS Smith's representatives 3 will no doubt study the transcript and consider this as well. 4 MR BREALEY: I am told DS Smith is three, but we will 5 6 respond in writing. THE PRESIDENT: Yes, Mr Brealey. 7 8 MR BREALEY: I know we are kind of at miscellaneous now, but we did skip I think the --9 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, you have an application about the 10 11 economists' meeting which I skipped over, which I should 12 have done before, which is item 7, between Ryder and 13 DAF. MR BREALEY: That's between Ryder and DAF, yes. I thought 14 you may be doing it on purpose but ... 15 16 THE PRESIDENT: Well, can I ask before that, as regards 17 translations, I think the impression we had is that 18 no one is seeking any ruling and that the parties are proceeding in a sensible and cooperative manner on 19 20 translations. Are we being asked to do anything about translations? 21 22 MS BACON: No, not at all. I can speak for the defendants 23 on this. We are all content to deal with this sensibly between ourselves. 24

THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Then before we come to the Ryder/DAF

| _ | issue, are there any other further issues, directions |
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| 2 | that anyone is inviting us to deal with? |
| 3 | MR HOSKINS: Sir, you referred to the next CMC and |
| 4 | potentially being in May or June and we would have |
| 5 | a concern that that would be too soon and I would like |
| 6 | to address you on that at an appropriate moment. |
| 7 | THE PRESIDENT: The last item before the Ryder/DAF issue |
| 8 | I have is when should we have the next CMC. |
| 9 | MR HOSKINS: Shall I? |
| LO | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, do you want to open the batting, |
| L1 | Mr Hoskins. |
| L2 | MR HOSKINS: I think the concern is that May and June is |
| L3 | probably too early for two main reasons. |
| L 4 | First of all, in terms of the existing disclosure |
| L5 | orders, you will be aware that there is a lot of work |
| L6 | going on, there's a lot of disclosure taking place |
| L7 | across the various claims and, for example, in relation |
| L8 | to Volvo and Renault, we gave a large amount of |
| L9 | disclosure on 29 November. We have provided other |
| 20 | information. We gave more disclosure very recently on |
| 21 | 31 January. |
| 22 | Coming ahead, there are upcoming disclosure |
| 23 | deadlines already set on 28 February, 6 March, 10 April |
| 24 | 22 May, so the process of disclosure that has already |
| 25 | been ordered isn't completed, it's still ongoing and |

of course one of the purposes of the phased disclosure approach which the Tribunal has said should be adopted in the disclosure ruling is that people should have time to go through the disclosure they receive before making other disclosure requests, so certainly if one is looking just at -- I know there are other issues, but if we're looking at the disclosure issues, May/June is probably going to be potentially a bit early to have new disclosure applications coming in in that sort of focused way.

The second point about May/June is of course the famous or infamous Sainsbury's judgment which underscores a lot of the issues we have all been canvassing today. Now, nobody knows exactly when that judgment is going to come. The hearing was a couple of weeks ago. We have been asked to put in some written submissions which are due a week tomorrow, but a reasonable guess for that judgment is probably May, unless you have any information that we don't have.

So again if the Sainsbury's judgment is coming around May, then a CMC in May or June, giving the number of things it affects, seems to be a bit premature.

The final point is just the obvious objective one that each of these CMCs is incredibly labour intensive and costly and therefore it is obviously in everyone's

| interests that when they do come up they should be as |
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| efficient as possible and really, because of the two |
| main reasons I have just described, we would be worried |
| that we would turn up in May and June with the cohorts |
| and their work done but really not that much to get our |
| teeth into and our submission would be that early after |
| the summer. I think we can guarantee we would have the |
| Sainsbury's judgment then, we can guarantee everyone |
| would have been through the disclosure orders |
| disclosure, sorry, provided. We would have had a chance |
| to actually consider and formulate what further |
| disclosure applications they wished to make and they |
| could actually have made those disclosure requests in |
| writing to the other relevant parties, so you will have |
| allowed time for that process to take place as well, |
| which is obviously very important. With the best will |
| in the world I can't see that being possible for a CMC |
| in May or June. |

Those are the submissions I wish to make.

MR JOWELL: May I add one postscript to that which is in MAN's case our disclosure is still ongoing and important further tranches are due to be given at the end of March and then again on 1 May, so that really would be very close indeed to a May CMC.

MR HARRIS: Sir, a further reason may be that you adverted

| to the fact that there is a judgment in the binding |
|--|
| findings issue coming fairly soon and it may be that |
| some of the parties will seek to persuade this Tribunal |
| for permission to appeal, but if that isn't given then |
| there is the process of applying to the Court of Appeal |
| and that can take a while and it would be highly |
| beneficial if not only at the date of the actual CMC |
| itself the question of permission to appeal that binding |
| findings ruling is known, but that it had been known in |
| sufficient time that we could actually take stock of it |
| and then present case management options. So I would |
| respectfully endorse the notion that May/early June is |
| going to be a little bit too early for that and to |
| guarantee that having been dealt with, straight after |
| the summer would be more appropriate. |

THE PRESIDENT: Just one moment.

17 (Pause).

We see the points being made, but we think a further CMC shouldn't be thought of particularly in terms of disclosure. We think that maybe talking about May was too ambitious, but there are all the other issues such as the overlapping trucks issue, there is the Royal Mail/BT wish to progress their action and so on. We think maybe early July will have every prospect of a ruling in Sainsbury's. Even if your hope of May is

| 1 | optimistic, Mr Hoskins, I would have thought there's |
|----|--|
| 2 | a fair chance for early July. And we think any issue of |
| 3 | permission to appeal on the recitals ruling will have |
| 4 | been resolved and one will know what's happening on the |
| 5 | appeal to some extent. So I think that should take care |
| 6 | of the concern about delay. |
| 7 | Of course there will be ongoing disclosure issues, |
| 8 | but we are not thinking of it particularly as a CMC to |
| 9 | deal with details of disclosure. I think there will be |
| 10 | a lot of headline issues, as it were, if I can put it |
| 11 | that way. |
| 12 | MR HOSKINS: I think that's very helpful and hopefully |
| 13 | everyone in the room has heard that because obviously as |
| 14 | you are aware a problem we have had before is having |
| 15 | very large disclosure applications made without being |
| 16 | allowed to bend in, without parties being allowed to |
| 17 | have a chance to correspond properly. I think you have |
| 18 | already given that message and hopefully reinforced it |
| 19 | but that's not going to be very helpful |
| 20 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, and we hope that in particular |
| 21 | disclosure applications can more profitably be done on |
| 22 | a Friday hearing and sometimes only involve indeed a few |
| 23 | parties and not everybody. |
| 24 | MR HOSKINS: Absolutely, but I think there was envisaged |

that the bigger, the heavier disclosure applications in

general were to come at CMCs. 1 2 THE PRESIDENT: That is correct. 3 MR HOSKINS: I'm stating the obvious, they shouldn't be rushed but I'm sure --5 THE PRESIDENT: If we did early July and we might need another one in October, that's quite possible. Mr Lask, 6 7 so we don't want to push you back until after the summer, which goes back to the point you made about your 8 9 Royal Mail/BT action but we think early July should deal with that. 10 MR LASK: I'm grateful, sir, subject to one point and 11 12 I float this as an idea as much as anything else, which 13 is there has been mention of the Friday disclosure 14 hearings and we do wonder whether given the delay we are 15 already envisaging now in the Royal Mail and BT 16 proceedings whether it might be possible, subject to 17 when the binding recitals ruling is available, to use 18 one of the Friday windows as an opportunity to address 19 any application for permission to appeal against that 20 ruling and make directions in the Royal Mail/BT claims 21 if possible. 22 THE PRESIDENT: I think normally permission to appeal is 23 done in writing in this Tribunal, so we would deal with 24 the application in writing and we don't need a hearing. MR LASK: But perhaps we could then have a hearing following

| _ | up from any decision on permission to appear to dear |
|-----|--|
| 2 | with our renewed application for directions for |
| 3 | evidence, rather than wait until July, which does seem |
| 4 | a long way off. |
| 5 | THE PRESIDENT: No, I think we will wait until July, |
| 6 | Mr Lask. |
| 7 | MR LASK: Thank you. |
| 8 | THE PRESIDENT: That leaves I think then the Ryder |
| 9 | application against DAF. If that is an appropriate time |
| LO | to take a short break and then those parties who are not |
| 11 | concerned with that application are free to leave. |
| L2 | MR KENNELLY: That would mean me leaving. Before I do |
| L3 | THE PRESIDENT: You don't have to leave. |
| L 4 | MR KENNELLY: I have some information for the Tribunal |
| L5 | before I go which is that the General Court has notified |
| L6 | Scania of the date of the hearing of its application, |
| L7 | which is 2 April of this year. |
| L8 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes, thank you very much. They haven't told |
| 19 | you the date they will give judgment. |
| 20 | MR KENNELLY: I would have mentioned that much sooner if |
| 21 | I had that. |
| 22 | THE PRESIDENT: Thank you, that's very helpful. So we will |
| 23 | return at half past. |
| 24 | (3.20 pm) |

(Short Break)

1 (3.30 pm)2 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, Mr Brealey. 3 MR BREALEY: This is an application which we hoped we didn't have to make but we do want to make it because again we 5 say it is good to talk and what I would like to do, 6 before I get to the correspondence, I would like to go to what DAF has actually disclosed. So for that can we 7 go to the 26 November order, which for Magnum is 8 9 $\{R-D/IC1/142\}$. So that is the order that actually took quite a few weeks to perfect. If one goes over the page 10 11 to page 144 {R-D/IC1/144} you see at the bottom the 12 disclosure by DAF. And: 13 "DAF shall disclose by list ... no later than 14 4 October 2019 ..." So we got guite a lot of disclosure at the beginning 15 16 of October. I am going to give an example a bit later 17 on relating to MLO data, which is the material, labour 18 and overhead. So just if one goes on, I think it is to page 150 {R-D/IC1/150} there we see DAF giving 19 20 disclosure of material, labour and overhead data. That 21 is something that Mr Lask referred to. 22 MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: It is a request for disclosure, is it? 23 MR BREALEY: So this is the -- and the disclosure was given

to a large extent as regards the MLO.

MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: I see.

| 1 | MR | BREALEY: | Basicall | y I | OAF (| gave (| disclos | sure | that | it | had |
|---|----|----------|----------|-----|-------|--------|---------|------|-------|-----|-------|
| 2 | | already | provided | in | the | Roya | l Mail | and | Dawso | ngr | coup. |

Now, not surprisingly the disclosure was a mass of data, just spreadsheets, and accompanying this disclosure was a series of notes which DAF accepted yesterday in correspondence that its experts had either signed off on or were directly involved in and if necessary we will come to that letter, but they accepted yesterday that Compass Lexecon either signed off on these notes, or were directly involved in their preparation, and just to see these notes can we go to bundle {R-A/IC89.1}. Again it is difficult to see when it is not in hard copy. This is a new document, so it is {R-A/IC89.1/1}.

So there are lots -- it is very difficult to get a sense of what is going on here, but if one goes to the hard copy bundles MLO you will see lots of notes that accompanied the hard data.

THE PRESIDENT: And this note is produced by whom?

MR BREALEY: It is produced by DAF. As I understand it, it is in-house counsel or -- I'm sure we will be told, but we were told yesterday that these notes were signed off by Compass Lexecon, DAF's experts, and to some extent Compass Lexecon had drafted them or had a substantial input in them.

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             a letter, is it?
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         MR BREALEY: That's a letter and we will give you the
             reference to that.
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         MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: Judging by the reaction on the other
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 6
             side of court, I think you probably need to show us
 7
             that.
         MR BREALEY: Okay, well, maybe we can get the reference for
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 9
             that, because that came in yesterday.
         MR BEARD: It is \{R-B/453/1\}. Then at paragraph 3(e) on
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             page 2 {R-B/453/2}. You see there, if that paragraph
12
             could be read.
13
                 (Pause).
14
                 The sentence beginning "However" is obviously the
             pertinent one in connection with these submissions.
15
16
                 (Pause).
17
         THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
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         MR BREALEY: So I don't think I have said anything wrong.
             If one goes back to the previous page, (e), if we go
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             back to letter (e), halfway, we get the actual MLO cost
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             figures, were provided to Compass shortly before they
22
             were disclosed to Compass in order that they provide
23
             a sense check. So that's why I said they signed off on
             them. If Mr Beard prefers "sense check" I'm happy with
24
25
             that.
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THE PRESIDENT: When you say you were told that, that's

| 1 | MR BEARD: It is the carrying-out in the preceding sentence. |
|----|---|
| 2 | I mean, it is absolutely clear: |
| 3 | "The calculations were carried out by DAF and the |
| 4 | relevant guidance notes were prepared by DAF and this |
| 5 | team." |
| 6 | MR BREALEY: Mr Beard can have his say after. We get this |
| 7 | yesterday and we see that Compass Lexecon have sense |
| 8 | checked this and they have, over the page $\{R-B/453/3\}$, |
| 9 | been involved together with DAF "in the preparation of |
| 10 | these notes", that's in regard to item 6 of the proposed |
| 11 | agenda, which is the agenda. |
| 12 | So let's just take it that the economists have been |
| 13 | to some extent involved in preparing the notes that |
| 14 | accompanied the data. I'm not in DAF's head but we have |
| 15 | to basically accept what they have told us and clearly |
| 16 | their economists have had a degree of input into the |
| 17 | notes. |
| 18 | MR MALEK: What sort of timescale are we talking about for |
| 19 | answers in writing, if that's going to be possible? |
| 20 | MR BREALEY: That's a very good point, because we still |
| 21 | haven't (inaudible) as, sir, you picked up. October we |
| 22 | got the data. 20 November we said "Can we meet?". |
| 23 | A week after that we raised the NERA questions and we |
| 24 | still haven't had a date by which we can get any |
| 25 | answers |

- 1 MR MALEK: I have just asked Mr Beard roughly if he can give 2 us a rough idea.
- 3 MR BEARD: I have taken instructions. I will take you to 4 the questions and answers. Partly because of 5 preparation for this CMC, but I think the date by which 6 we will be able to give answers -- and I should say that 7 doesn't mean that we are going to accede to all the requests, I will go to them in due course -- will be by 8 the end of March. And so we will provide all of this, 9 these responses. They can then be digested by Ryder. 10 If they have particular questions that arise thereafter 11 12 and they can specify what it is that needs further 13 dealing with, we can then work out who it is that is 14 appropriate to deal with these matters. At the moment 15 these questions and the issues being raised, as we have 16 set out, they are for DAF, they are concerned with 17 factual matters, matters in relation to which DAF has 18 done the preparation, that's why we're going to answer 19 them in that way.
- 20 MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: How many questions are there?
- 21 MR BEARD: 43 I think is the answer.

MR BREALEY: I would like to also say that Ms Edwards in her
witness statement, paragraph 12 I think it is, said that
the NERA questions were "relatively narrow and they are

all explicable". So "They are relatively narrow and

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1
             they are all explicable". That's {R-C/IC5/6}.
 2
             Paragraph 12, she says:
 3
                 "They are relatively narrow and they are all
 4
             explicable."
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         MR BEARD: No, that is the criticisms made by Mr Brealey's
 6
             own solicitor that is being referred to there. He is
             simply misread --
 7
 8
         THE PRESIDENT: Mr Beard, let Mr Brealey get on and then you
             will have your full chance to respond.
 9
         MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: Can we have the next page, please
10
11
         \{R-C/IC5/7\}.
12
         MR BREALEY: (inaudible) the guidance --
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- 13 THE PRESIDENT: Just a minute. You took us to paragraph 12.
- We just want to look at it.
- 15 MR BREALEY: We need to go back a page $\{R-C/IC5/6\}$
- 16 If Mr Beard says the points raised and they are
- 17 points raised by Mr Levy, we have read it in our
- skeleton that they are not taking issue with the
- 19 questions themselves.
- 20 Can I go to the three-pager. That is at
- 21 $\{R-A/119/2\}$.
- MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: I have it somewhere else. Is this
- DAF's you are going to?
- MR BREALEY: Yes it is.
- 25 THE PRESIDENT: So this is {COM-C/25/2} and you want us to

- look at which paragraph?
- 2 MR BREALEY: Paragraph 4.
- 3 THE PRESIDENT: "Alongside the causative mechanism
- 4 analysis ..."
- 5 MR BREALEY: Yes. We have always seen this mechanism.
- 6 (Pause).
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 8 MR BREALEY: And also the footnote which refers to the MLO
- 9 data, the cost data.
- So if the Tribunal is with me so far in the sense of following what I'm saying, there has been disclosure,
- guidance has been given, some input -- let's just say
- some input from the economists and it is quite clear
- 14 that their economists are using the data that has been
- provided to carry out its regression analysis, so their
- 16 economists know exactly what this data is about and they
- 17 know exactly the explanations for the data. NERA don't
- and that is a problem of equality of arms.
- 19 If I can perhaps illustrate this by reference to the
- 20 pricing schedule. This is just one example. If the
- 21 Tribunal will just allow me, it concerns a difference
- 22 between IKP cost and MLO cost price data and for that
- can we go to $\{R-A/IC96\}$. So these are the -- this is
- the DAF, at 96; it's a pricing statement.
- 25 MR BEARD: Sorry, I just stand up, I'm not going to make any

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points, save to say at this stage we really may be
 1
 2
             drifting into dealing with inner ring confidentiality.
 3
         MR BREALEY: I appreciate that and I'm going to --
         MR BEARD: I'm grateful.
         THE PRESIDENT: Can I just ask in terms of the screens this
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 6
             is a document that contains confidential information.
 7
             I don't know if it now appears on all screens throughout
             the courtroom and it is not something we have actually
 8
 9
             addressed before, but we're going to have to find
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             a mechanism whereby if counsel wants to refer to
11
             confidential information and we're working in
12
             a paperless way, it doesn't appear on every screen and
             I'm not sure we have addressed that --
13
14
         MR BREALEY: We haven't, no.
         THE PRESIDENT: -- technically. We're going to have to do
15
16
             that at some point clearly, find a means of doing it,
17
             but at the moment I think all the screens are on one
18
             system, as it were. Maybe we need to look at it, sadly,
             in paper form. We've got our bundles, so -- it may be
19
20
             there is no alternative.
21
         MR BREALEY: It is in my Ryder bundle A5 and it is tab 96.
22
                 The electronic screens are great, but there is no
23
             substitute for paper, there really isn't.
24
                 We start -- I will just identify the document.
25
             this is the DAF defendants' pricing statement and I want
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to distinguish between the MLO, I don't think this is
 1
 2
             confidential, and IKP. It won't mean anything to
 3
             anybody.
                 We go to paragraph 34, on page 14, so we don't need
 4
             to put it up on screen, just on hard copy, I can read
 5
 6
             that out, this is in section D:
                 "The importance of DAF's production costs to sales
 7
             prices."
 8
                 Pretty simple proposition.
 9
                 Paragraph 34 then says that DAF used two costs
10
11
             metrics.
12
         MR BEARD: I am concerned that we are drifting into
             discussing what cost metrics are. I don't know who is
13
14
             in the courtroom.
         THE PRESIDENT: Yes, well, if you want us to -- perhaps the
15
16
             safest thing, because I don't think this has been
17
             highlighted, is if you direct us to the paragraph and
18
             ask us to read it.
         MR BREALEY: Okay.
19
20
                 I will explain the problem. So we saw the
             disclosure relates to -- and we have already said this,
21
22
             Mr Lask said it -- to what is referred to in 34(a).
         THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
23
         MR BREALEY: There is something called what is referred to
24
25
             in 34(b). Very, very important cost metrics. If one
```

| 1 | then goes to paragraph 54, you see there an explanation |
|----|--|
| 2 | of the second cost metric. Now, this cost metric is |
| 3 | going to be critical to any regression analysis and |
| 4 | that's a given, so you need to input the right cost |
| 5 | metric. |
| 6 | THE PRESIDENT: Shall we just read 54 to ourselves? |
| 7 | MR BREALEY: Yes, so it is 54 and it is footnote 53. |
| 8 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. We will read that. |
| 9 | (Pause). |
| 10 | Yes. |
| 11 | MR BREALEY: The point is we saw from the disclosure that's |
| 12 | been given, the methodology that we saw at tab 119, |
| 13 | which must have had Compass Lexecon's input in it |
| 14 | because it's about the methodology they are going to |
| 15 | use; it is of the first metric. And NERA, having seen |
| 16 | the pricing statements and the disclosure, want to know |
| 17 | what about this second cost metric. Because they don't |
| 18 | want to start doing something which is completely |
| 19 | unnecessary, at vast expense as we know, these |
| 20 | regression models take millions of pounds. |
| 21 | THE PRESIDENT: Yes. |
| 22 | MR BREALEY: And they need to know what is the relevant |
| 23 | input. And so they ask: what happens to this second |
| 24 | cost metric? And it is not an unreasonable request in |
| 25 | my submission. |

- 1 MR MALEK: And you have asked that already in writing?
- 2 MR BREALEY: Yes.
- 3 MR MALEK: And they say that they are prepared to give you
- 4 an answer.
- 5 MR BREALEY: Well --
- 6 MR MALEK: And when you say you are proposing that the
- 7 experts meet, are you proposing that they meet on a WP
- 8 basis?
- 9 MR BREALEY: I understand yes, because they don't want to,
- 10 at this preliminary stage, sign off on anything. NERA
- 11 just need --
- 12 MR MALEK: You then have a problem, because if I had
- a choice of having information which is in black and
- 14 white and I can use in a case and rely upon, which is
- 15 what they're offering, and a choice between what is said
- in a meeting orally, which is WP --
- 17 MR BREALEY: Well, sorry, they don't have to sign off on it.
- 18 They need to discuss it. So clearly they can --
- 19 MR MALEK: But I would have thought that the first type
- 20 would be preferable to me, but everyone has different
- 21 preferences, but you would need the first one to even
- determine whether or not the second one is something
- that you necessarily have to go through.
- 24 MR BREALEY: Sorry, I'm --
- 25 MR MALEK: Well, you need to have an answer in writing to

| 1 | your query which will be an answer that's inputted no |
|----|---|
| 2 | doubt both from the client side, your side and maybe the |
| 3 | expert will help, so it should be a reliable and |
| 4 | concrete answer, you need that and then if you are |
| 5 | saying you still need some further explanation and you |
| 6 | are saying that can only be given through the experts |
| 7 | then we can consider that at that stage, but how can we |
| 8 | say now we need that second stage, because all I'm |
| 9 | saying, from my point of view I like things in black and |
| 10 | white in a form that I can use. |
| 11 | MR BREALEY: Well, we certainly haven't ruled that out, so |
| 12 | can I just I take that point but I want absolutely no |
| 13 | criticism on Ashurst, because the way it has panned out, |
| 14 | in my respectful submission, it has been lamentable on |
| 15 | the part of DAF not to even give us a date when they |
| 16 | will give a response to the NERA questions. So they are |
| 17 | genuine concerns. We are just I will give you, sir, |
| 18 | the timeline. You have probably got it, but Ashurst |
| 19 | requested a meeting on 20 November. That's {R-B/IC297}. |
| 20 | So if you just bear with me for two or three minutes. |
| 21 | ${R-B/IC297/1}$. So we can go into Magnum now so that is |
| 22 | where they mentioned the meeting: |
| 23 | "We have a number of questions/queries in relation |
| 24 | to the data you have provided." |

So that is the request. A week MLO DAF refused the

```
meeting and that is at \{R-B/314\}. They don't say --
 1
 2
             they say it is not an efficient means and basically
 3
             although Mr Justice Roth ordered a previous expert
             meeting, what they say is set out the questions in
 5
             writing. So we're not going to have a meeting. You
 6
             will note there that the last sentence:
                 "This ensures that both DAF and Compass Lexecon are
 7
             able to provide necessary input on any questions ..."
 8
                 So that slightly betrays Mr Beard's I think
 9
             submission that it should only be DAF who has got any
10
11
             input in this.
12
                 On 20 December, so we get what we call the NERA
13
             questions, and that's {R-D/IC1/335}. That's R-D,
             inner confidentiality one, 335.
14
         THE PRESIDENT: Is that confidential?
15
16
         MR BREALEY: No, I don't think it is. Is it? Well, the
17
             questions are, the letter isn't.
18
         MR BEARD: They are because it deals with a bunch of
19
             technical issues in relation to some of these costs
20
             measures.
21
         MR BREALEY: So we won't go to the questions.
22
         THE PRESIDENT: Well, they enclose, so that's when they sent
23
             the questions with the letter of 20 December.
24
         MR BREALEY: So again these are genuine requests. No one
25
             has said they are not.
```

- 1 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, can we just -- just a moment, I think
- 2 we want to look at the questions.
- 3 MR MALEK: Where do we find the questions in hard copy?
- 4 THE PRESIDENT: RD.
- 5 MR BREALEY: I don't know whether the Tribunal has -- I have
- 6 them completely redacted.
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: No, we've got them.
- 8 (Pause).
- 9 MR BREALEY: Section A -- I don't think it is necessary, but
- 10 section A is all concerned with seeking clarification on
- 11 that first cost metric, which we ...
- 12 THE PRESIDENT: I don't think we have a problem, speaking
- for myself, with the questions.
- 14 MR BREALEY: No.
- 15 THE PRESIDENT: Obviously we haven't gone through them in
- 16 great detail, we are not saying every one necessarily
- 17 has to be answered. We can see just -- this is the
- 18 first time I have looked at it -- but I can see why
- 19 these questions are being posed. The real issue is how
- should this matter properly be resolved.
- 21 MR BREALEY: Correct. Can I then --
- THE PRESIDENT: Is it by, as you suggest, an experts'
- 23 meeting, or is it, as DAF suggests, by a written
- response and if so by what date?
- 25 MR BREALEY: That's --

| 1 | MR MALEK: I also note that you repeated your request for |
|----|--|
| 2 | the management accounts on the last page, which is |
| 3 | a disclosure issue. That sort of issue we could easily |
| 4 | resolve on a Friday application because one way forward |
| 5 | on this is that we get the answers in March, if you're |
| 6 | not happy with those answers you can go one of two ways: |
| 7 | one is to say "I want to have a Friday application to |
| 8 | get an order that the answers be provided by a certain |
| 9 | time", or you may try to persuade the Tribunal that as |
| 10 | an alternative that the experts meet, as you are |
| 11 | suggesting at the moment. |
| 12 | MR BREALEY: Can I just I just want to correct the |
| 13 | impression that the Tribunal I think has got. It is not |
| 14 | that we don't want answers in hard copy and then and |
| 15 | we just want the experts meeting. We have said "Give us |
| 16 | the answers, but we think that it is going to be |
| 17 | necessary to have an experts' meeting", so can I just |
| 18 | so on 15 January and this is the last piece of |
| 19 | correspondence, then I will explain where we are coming |
| 20 | from. On 15 January, if we go to $\{R-B/397\}$, this is the |
| 21 | festive period letter, so this is "As to timing" at the |
| 22 | bottom: |
| 23 | " your letter requests a response by close of |
| 24 | business on Friday 17 January" |
| 25 | Okay. |

| Τ. | in any event, it would not be placticable for our |
|----|--|
| 2 | clients to provide responses within four weeks" |
| 3 | Okay, well, they can come back and say that. If you |
| 4 | go over the page $\{R-B/397/2\}$ and then the last paragraph |
| 5 | before the translations: |
| 6 | "We will consider the questions and requests |
| 7 | enclosed with your letter we do not currently expect |
| 8 | to be in a position to do this until after the February |
| 9 | CMC. We will provide a further update following |
| 10 | the February CMC in relation to the expected timing' |
| 11 | MR MALEK: Well, we've got that now already. |
| 12 | MR BREALEY: But only because I'm standing up here. We got |
| 13 | a letter yesterday well, DAF can we got a letter |
| 14 | yesterday talking about the agenda for the experts. We |
| 15 | still didn't get a date by which they would give the |
| 16 | written responses to the questions, so one has to look |
| 17 | at it from Ryder's perspective. We are in |
| 18 | correspondence, it is almost five months since we have |
| 19 | had this data and NERA is in the dark to a large extent |
| 20 | as to its detail, its meaning, the assumptions made, the |
| 21 | cleansing of the data and it needs to get a response. |
| 22 | So, sir, yes, you are right we have now got March, |
| 23 | but we didn't get that yesterday, we get that at about |
| 24 | 10 to 4 today. |
| 25 | MR MALEK: That's why these hearings are so useful, because |

- the issues become concrete and you have a hearing like this that can resolve the timetable.
- 3 MR BREALEY: Now can I come to the submission on the 4 meeting.
- 5 MR MALEK: Yes.

16

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6 MR BREALEY: Yes we have now got a March date, but I hope the Tribunal will be sympathetic to the fact that it has 7 been a very long and slow process in trying to get the 8 9 responses in writing and the last thing we want to do is to get a response in writing, in correspondence, and 10 11 then it is insufficient and we then have to respond 12 again and we've got another five months down the line, 13 or it may be in July when we have to deal with it in the CMC. 14

MR MALEK: I haven't suggested dealing with it in the CMC.

What I'm suggesting is deal with it on a Friday.

If I thought for one moment that Mr Beard's clients were deliberately delaying things, there would be a different approach that I would take, but I realise they've got 101 other things, everyone has other cases to deal with and not just this, and that I also appreciate for you this is an important issue, but we are going forward -- I can see at the moment we are going forward and you should be able to get the answers that you are seeking, maybe a bit longer than you had

| hoped, but you will get them and we are trying to offer |
|--|
| you a mechanism where you can get it as reasonably |
| quickly as possible and the mechanism I have suggested |
| is we get the answers by the end of March, if you're not |
| happy with those answers you come back on a Friday and |
| I'm happy, or any of the other members of the Tribunal |
| will be happy to go through them one by one and say |
| "Answer that", "Not answer that", and as regards to |
| disclosure of the management accounts, my current view |
| is I do have some sympathy that those management |
| accounts should be disclosed. I'm taking a very keen |
| interest in what's happening on disclosure. I have read |
| all the correspondence, I have seen the reasons why you |
| want the management accounts. At the moment my view is, |
| subject to being persuaded otherwise, that those |
| management accounts should in principle be disclosed at |
| some stage. |
| |

MR BREALEY: Okay. I'm sure we will take a pragmatic approach, but we are concerned about the slow pace.

Clearly they've got other cases, but they are -- they have admitted wrongdoing, so there's only so much leeway you can give them. That is a sensible approach, but at some stage it is in my submission going to be necessary for NERA to talk to Compass Lexecon and just try and

| 1 | find out the basis upon what are the assumptions they |
|----|---|
| 2 | have made. |
| 3 | MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: I was going to ask about that. If |
| 4 | those questions in due course are conscientiously |
| 5 | answered in detail, are you saying it is obvious, even |
| 6 | making that assumption, that a meeting will be necessary |
| 7 | in order to enable your clients to properly understand? |
| 8 | MR BREALEY: I'm not sure I can go that far, no. |
| 9 | MR JUSTICE FANCOURT: So it might not be. |
| 10 | MR BREALEY: It might not be. I think to put it the |
| 11 | other way round, I think it is more likely than not that |
| 12 | there will have to be some dialogue to explain what are |
| 13 | very complex matters. But I can't say the other way |
| 14 | round. |
| 15 | THE PRESIDENT: And it might be then rather narrower and |
| 16 | more focused than all these issues because, as Mr Malek |
| 17 | has pointed out. I mean the last question, "Can we have |
| 18 | disclosure of management accounts?", I mean that's not |
| 19 | for discussion between experts at all, that's the sort |
| 20 | of request you make to the defendants and it's what |
| 21 | gets |
| 22 | MR BREALEY: That's essentially a request of DAF to disclose |
| 23 | the management accounts. |
| 24 | THE PRESIDENT: It is a request of DAF, absolutely. So |
| 25 | that's not going to involve the experts. But it may be |

| 1 | that when you get an answer to some of these, some of |
|----|---|
| 2 | the answers either are not sufficiently clear, or you |
| 3 | think it has reached a point where it is most sensibly |
| 4 | explored by discussion rather than a lot of ping-pong |
| 5 | question and answer, I can see that, but as we are |
| 6 | today and you have explained why you have made the |
| 7 | application it does seem I think to all of us |
| 8 | sensible that now you've got a date, that DAF should |
| 9 | provide its response by that date and then you are |
| 10 | free if it is a disclosure request it can come on |
| 11 | Friday, if it's something more fundamental it may need |
| 12 | a hearing, but you will then be able to explain exactly |
| 13 | why discussion of this answer that you've got is really |
| 14 | necessary. |
| 15 | MR BREALEY: I see that. We see that. |
| 16 | THE PRESIDENT: Just one moment. |
| 17 | (Pause). |
| 18 | We think any one of us could deal with any problem |
| 19 | arising, if it does, from the answer you receive on |
| 20 | a Friday application |
| 21 | MR BREALEY: I'm very grateful. Maybe we will take that up |
| 22 | as the best way forward. |
| 23 | THE PRESIDENT: and that we move it forward that way. |
| 24 | Mr Beard, March is a month. Can you tell us when |
| 25 | in March you expect |

- 1 MR BEARD: I said the end of March.
- THE PRESIDENT: End of March?
- 3 MR BEARD: Yes. I said the end of March.
- 4 THE PRESIDENT: So if we say by 27 March, which is the
- 5 Friday.
- 6 MR BEARD: Friday, yes.
- 7 THE PRESIDENT: And we are not going to --
- 8 MR BEARD: I should be clear --
- 9 THE PRESIDENT: Will give such response as it considers
- 10 appropriate.
- 11 MR BEARD: Yes, absolutely. Because as has been noted in
- 12 relation to those questions -- and we haven't gone
- 13 through them in detail, some of them are very detailed
- 14 questions, clearly, for DAF individuals to look at, some
- of them are much broader, they are really not questions
- 16 at all, they are requests for disclosure put in a list
- 17 of questions which is itself inappropriate. We will
- 18 respond to those. If a disclosure application is going
- 19 to be made, it needs to be -- whether or not it is going
- 20 to be heard at a Friday hearing or otherwise, we are
- going to need proper notice of that.
- MR MALEK: Well, we've got the direction in the disclosure.
- 23 MR BEARD: Yes, of course.
- 24 MR MALEK: That procedure should be followed.
- 25 MR BEARD: Yes, but it may be that some of these disclosure

| 1 | applications are (inaudible). I suppose one could |
|----|---|
| 2 | euphemistically put it, some are heavier than others. |
| 3 | We hear the point, and we are not objecting. We |
| 4 | have maintained all along we will answer the questions. |
| 5 | Mr Brealey has frankly not been fair in his |
| 6 | representation of our responses. When he said that our |
| 7 | initial response referred to Compass Lexecon as |
| 8 | appropriate being involved, it was at a time when we |
| 9 | didn't even have the questions. When he takes you to |
| 10 | the letter of 15 January, we said we would update |
| 11 | following this CMC. It is striking that there has been |
| 12 | no request, no application for a date for responses to |
| 13 | these questions made at any point and frankly this |
| 14 | expert meeting application was just misconceived, in |
| 15 | circumstances where we had |
| 16 | THE PRESIDENT: Well, Mr Beard, fine, we've got your |
| 17 | indignation. |
| 18 | MR BEARD: As long as it is fully noted, sir, that's fine. |
| 19 | THE PRESIDENT: We are not going to make any orders for |
| 20 | costs one way or another on this, or indeed of any other |
| 21 | matters raised in the CMC, which indeed has been |
| 22 | completed in one day not two, with some saving we |
| 23 | imagine as a result. |
| 24 | We will make the order that by 27 March DAF provides |
| 25 | such response as it considers appropriate to the |

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questions annexed to the letter from Ryder's solicitors
 1
 2
             of 20 December and there is liberty to Ryder to make
 3
             further applications based on the answers received.
 4
         MR BREALEY: Maybe in the covering letter they can clarify
 5
             whether they have consulted their economists for the
 6
             responses.
         THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think, no, you will get your answers
 7
 8
             and then you can pursue it and pursue it as you think
 9
             necessary. And some may involve the economists, some
10
             seem to me very specific factual questions which won't
11
             and it can be taken forward that way and we will look at
12
             it if we need to thereafter.
13
         MR BEARD: I'm most grateful.
         THE PRESIDENT: Is there anything else?
14
         MR BEARD: We have nothing else. I'm grateful.
15
16
         MR MALEK:
                    We encourage everyone to cooperate and as far as
17
             I can see on all the applications we have heard today,
18
             everyone has been working in the right direction and
             cooperative -- I know sometimes you feel there is too
19
20
             much delay but at the end of the day I do get the
21
             impression everyone is working in the same direction.
22
             It is not one of those cases where someone is
23
             deliberately blocking someone else to delay the --
24
         MR BEARD: Appreciated.
25
         THE PRESIDENT: And we realise that it is not proceeding as
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| 1 | fast as claimants would wish, but equally in certain |
|----|--|
| 2 | respects it may be proceeding faster than defendants |
| 3 | would wish. |
| 4 | Thank you all very much. |
| 5 | (4.15 pm) |
| 6 | (The hearing concluded) |
| 7 | |
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