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IN THE COMPETITION APPEAL TRIBUNAL

Salisbury Square House 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8AP

Thursday 22nd June 2023

Case No:1266/7/7/16

Before:

The Honorable Mr Justice Roth Lord Ericht Jane Burgess

(Sitting as a Tribunal in England and Wales)

BETWEEN:

Class Representative

Defendants

V

Walter Hugh Merricks CBE

Mastercard Incorporated and Others

<u>A P P E A R AN C E S</u>

Marie Demetriou KC Instructed by Willkie Farr & Gallagher (UK) LLP

Matthew Cook KC Instructed by Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer LLP

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1	Thursday 22 June 2023
2	(10.33 am)
3	Housekeeping
4	MR JUSTICE ROTH: Good morning, can you hear me?
5	Ms Demetriou, can you hear me?
6	MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, I can.
7	MR JUSTICE ROTH: Mr Cook, can you hear me?
8	MR COOK: I can, yes.
9	MR JUSTICE ROTH: I should start by pointing out that
10	although this CMC is being heard remotely, it is of
11	course as much as a Tribunal hearing as if everyone
12	was physically present in the courtroom at the
13	Tribunal. A recording is being made officially of
14	the proceedings, but for anyone else joining or
15	anyone watching on the Tribunal livestream, it is
16	strictly forbidden to make any visual image or any
17	unauthorised recording of the proceedings. That is
18	punishable as a contempt of court.
19	I have received various communications
20	forwarded on by the Tribunal to me in the past few
21	days. I can sit till 1 o'clock but we must then
22	stop. I think that should be sufficient time to
23	deal with the various matters.
24	Draft Order from 6 June CMC
25	MR JUSTICE ROTH: Perhaps we should start with the draft

order arising from the 6 June CMC, which I have got with your alternative comments on it, which pick up some of the matters that have been raised. I think the first is paragraph 4 and that concerns the evidence of Mr Van den Bergh, as it turns out to be, served in response to Mr Dhaene's witness statement.

7 The order was at 4 pm on 19 June and it was, in fact, served the following morning at about 11.30, I 8 9 think. Mr Cook, if it becomes apparent, as it must 10 have done, to Mastercard that they can't meet that 11 deadline, then the proper course is to apply, first 12 ask of course the class representative, but if he 13 does not agree, apply to the Tribunal a couple of days before for an extension. Why wasn't that done? 14 15 MR COOK: Sir, the short answer is it didn't look like there was going to be a problem in terms of 16 finalising the draft until very close to the 17 18 deadline. So it was a question of making sure the 19 witness was happy with the final draft and that 20 simply I'm afraid, sir, took longer than we would 21 have hoped. Had we appreciated a few days earlier 22 that we were not going to meet the Tribunal's 23 deadline, we would have taken that course. I am afraid it was something that slipped up on us 24 relatively late and we were moving at a considerable 25

1 speed, sir.

2 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think you should still have applied 3 then on the morning of the 19th, the moment you 4 didn't get consent, it is not attractive to have to 5 grant extensions retrospectively. I will make that 6 clear going forward, should there be any other such 7 instances.

8 I have seen in the correspondence in what the 9 class representative's solicitors have written. It 10 is a short extension and in the circumstances here, 11 where everything has come very late because of 12 Mr Dhaene's witness statement, of course, coming 13 very late in the day, I will grant that extension 14 until 12 noon on 20 June.

MS DEMETRIOU: I am not trying to take you off your course, but I think formally they need a longer extension because it wasn't served until 11.30 pm I think.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: I misread it, then. It was 11.30 pm was it, Mr Cook, is that right?

21 MR COOK: Yes, it was, I was about to make the same 22 correction, sir.

23 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, that is an admittedly longer 24 extension. Well then, as I say, you could have 25 applied late on the 19th to the Tribunal and you

1 should have done. There really is no excuse for 2 that. I will grant the extension, but that doesn't mean that that sort of disregard of an order will be 3 4 accepted in future. I think we have got to take a 5 strict approach to deadlines. Certainly, if 6 deadlines cannot be met, which sometimes happens, 7 you must come and ask for an extension. MR COOK: Yes, sir. 8 9 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I will give you, therefore, until 10 midnight on 20 June. MR COOK: Thank you, sir. 11 12 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Then next, I think, there is in 13 paragraph 5 of the draft order something that is 14 suggested by Mr Merricks' lawyers, I think it is --15 I don't actually have a colour version. I am not quite sure what "focused" really adds to anything. 16 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, we agree. That is Mastercard. 17 Mastercard wants to insert "focused" and we don't 18 19 see what it adds and so we prefer for it to be 20 omitted. MR JUSTICE ROTH: It is limited to "reasonable and 21 22 proportionate searches", so one assumes it is going 23 to be focused but I don't think it is normally part of an order, is it, Mr Cook? 24 MR COOK: Sir, I can see that that adds relatively 25

1 little, as you say, so where "reasonable and 2 proportionate" is added it is difficult to see what 3 "focused" adds.

4 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Let's leave that out.

5 Next, paragraph 6, costs. I have to say that 6 of course we had the ruling on the application 7 regarding Mr Dhaene, it seems to me, subject to anything Ms Demetriou may wish to say, that the 8 9 appropriate order is as regards the application, 10 insofar as everything going forward, it would be costs in the case. But insofar as it was refused, 11 12 Mastercard should have their costs and that, 13 therefore, 50 per cent of the costs of the 14 application, it seems to me, of Mastercard's costs 15 should be paid by Mr Merricks, the balance to be costs in the case. Because it was occasioned in the 16 17 circumstances that I outlined in the ruling and to a significant extent and so far as it was opposed, 18 19 that opposition was successful.

20 Ms Demetriou, do you want to say anything about 21 that?

22 MS DEMETRIOU: Two things, sir. First, you are being 23 more generous to Mastercard than they have asked 24 for. They have not asked for any costs in relation 25 to the evidence, and secondly we would say that the

1 vast majority of the evidence was allowed in. So 2 you will recall, of course, that it was only to a 3 very limited extent that we were precluded from 4 adducing some of the paragraphs of Mr Dhaene's 5 evidence. So it would be, in my respectful 6 submission, too harsh to say that we should pay 7 costs, let alone 50 per cent of the costs. By and large, our application succeeded, subject to the 8 9 minority, small minority of paragraphs that weren't allowed in. So for that reason, we do say that the 10 appropriate order is costs in the case. 11 12 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It succeeded significantly, to the 13 extent it wasn't opposed so there wouldn't have been 14 a hearing, the factual part was accepted. The 15 hearing was occasioned by the fact that there was 16 what was, I understood, the expert part, which was 17 opposed. Otherwise we wouldn't have had a hearing 18 on it. 19 MS DEMETRIOU: I think the opposition went beyond the

20 expert part and, secondly, Mastercard didn't
 21 actually, you will recall, delineate in advance
 22 which paragraphs they were objecting to. So the
 23 hearing was necessitated. So it wasn't the position
 24 that Mastercard said, "We object to these particular
 25 specific paragraphs." They mounted a more general

1 opposition. Yes, primarily based on their 2 opposition to there being expert evidence, but they 3 sought to characterise, I think, large tranches of 4 it as being expert evidence. You will recall there 5 was a debate as to whether industry knowledge constitutes expert evidence or not. I took you to 6 7 Mastercard's own witnesses who, in fact, gave evidence not from their own knowledge. So there was 8 9 a mismatch between the parties on that point and 10 because Mastercard was taking -- Mastercard's stance appeared to be that anything Mr Dhaene didn't know 11 12 personally constituted expert evidence. That simply 13 isn't where the Tribunal ended up for good reason 14 because that is not how Mastercard itself has 15 approached its own evidence.

16 So I don't think it is right, with respect, to 17 say that had we agreed to Mastercard's opposition, 18 the hearing would have been avoided. I just don't 19 think that that is realistic, given Mastercard's 20 stance.

21 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes. Well, Mr Cook, I don't know who 22 suggested, as I say, because I haven't got the 23 coloured version, that it should be reserved. I 24 don't think reserving costs of an application like 25 that is attractive at all because by the time that 1 comes to be dealt with everyone has forgotten all 2 about it and it has been subsumed in much more 3 substantial matters. So it should be dealt with 4 either as costs in the case or there should be an 5 order for costs as I have outlined.

6 I think, having heard Ms Demetriou, what I am 7 minded to order is that 50 per cent of the costs of the hearing of the application should be -- 50 per 8 9 cent of Mastercard's costs of the hearing-- should 10 be paid by the class representative, but not as regards the correspondence prior to the hearing and 11 12 the balance, cost in the case. Are you going to 13 push against that?

MR COOK: Sir, no, I am not. In terms of the draft 14 15 order, this was of course a point where the expectation was that this will be sent for agreement 16 17 to the Tribunal. We are obviously now in a different position where we are in front of the 18 19 Tribunal for a hearing, so clearly matters that 20 should now be -- the reservation that this is now 21 the opportunity to deal with them. So I won't push 22 back against the suggestion you are making, sir. MR JUSTICE ROTH: So, it is 50 per cent of the costs of 23 the hearing of the further evidence application be 24 25 paid by the class representative and the balance of

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the costs are costs in the case.

2 Right, next is amendments, and this is Mastercard's re-amended defence. I have to say, I 3 4 don't think much time was spent on this at the 5 hearing, but I would not intentionally grant blanket permission to amend without a draft being before the 6 7 Tribunal and having been provided to the other side, because otherwise anything could come into it. So 8 9 it was intended to deal with amendments that were 10 consequential, whether that was actually said during the CMC or not. So it seems to me that in that 11 12 respect Mr Merricks is correct. Equally, if 13 Mastercard wants to make other amendments, 14 particularly if they are amendments that don't 15 impact on the trial in July but relate to what comes 16 later, in the ordinary course one would give 17 permission because there is time to deal with it. As I understand it, the real concern is about the 18 19 weighted average interchange fees in Annex 1. Is 20 that right, Ms Demetriou? You have taken a 21 practical view that you are not going to object to the other amendments? 2.2 MS DEMETRIOU: That's correct, sir, and in relation to 23 those weighted average figures, Mastercard said in 24

correspondence that it seeks to make an amendment

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1 really in a forward -- for forward-looking reasons 2 for the purposes of any future overcharge trial. We intend to be pragmatic about that so we don't oppose 3 4 the amendments insofar as they relate to a future 5 trial, but we would oppose them if they were to be taken account of in this trial because we simply 6 7 don't have time to interrogate them at this stage for the purposes of this trial. 8

9 So I think that is a pragmatic response.
10 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.
11 MS DEMETRIOU: We would be opposing, to be clear, if they

12 were seeking permission to adduce them for the13 purposes of this trial.

14 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Do they affect the expert evidence? 15 Which you will both appreciate I have not looked at. MS DEMETRIOU: Yes. So they are figures which are 16 17 different to the figures that were before the 18 experts when they put in their expert reports. Now, 19 Mastercard says to that, "Well, Mr Coombs didn't 20 include in his correlation analysis figures for '92 21 and '93 anyway, so it doesn't matter." It is 22 correct that he didn't include figures for '92 and '93 but what he can't do in the time available is 23 interrogate the figures for '92 and '93 that have 24 been now put in the amended pleading. 25

1 So if Mastercard is content for these 2 amendments to take effect after this trial, then we 3 are not going to oppose. But if they are going to 4 rely on these amendments for the purpose of this 5 trial, including for cross-examination of Mr Coombs, 6 then we do oppose because we don't have time to deal 7 with them.

8 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, and what about the later figures 9 for 2002 and the changes, some of them are very 10 minor, but 2002 to 2006?

MR COOK: Sir, I don't think there is any opposition to 11 12 those because those reflect changes that had been 13 discussed in correspondence at least some time 14 previously. So that is bringing matters up to date 15 with prior correspondence. It is right to say the '92 and '93 and for the EEA MIF the '94 figure is 16 17 not something that has been dealt with previously in 18 correspondence.

19 MS DEMETRIOU: That's correct.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, I understand. Mr Cook you have
heard what Ms Demetriou says. What is the position
regarding the expert evidence and the July trial?
MR COOK: The starting position, sir, we would say -firstly Mr Coombs has made use of weighting averages
to do a correlation analysis. However, he has

1 excluded '92 to '93 from that, so it doesn't seem
2 those really take matters -- that that really
3 matters greatly at all.

In relation to what he did, though, sir, is 4 5 Mr Coombs went through a detailed (and it is about 6 25 pages in his report) analysis of weighted 7 averages. He did not take previous figures from Mastercard at face value, you will be surprised to 8 9 know. He went through, analysed weighted averages, 10 produced his own numbers for many other years and did not adjust some of the earlier ones. So he has 11 12 done his own analysis of all of these. In the 13 ordinary course we would be perfectly entitled to 14 cross-examination a witness who has produced his own 15 averages on the amendments that he has made and, you know if he has made some amendments, perhaps because 16 17 they help Mr Merricks, not other amendments perhaps because they don't, clearly those are matters that 18 19 regardless of what the pleading say we can 20 cross-examine him on. As a practical matter about 21 the only point that is going to be relevant is going to be the 1994 number for the EEA MIF where it is 22 now apparent in other bits of the pleadings, for 23 example, that are not contentious, that the previous 24 25 figure of 1 per cent simply can't be right because

there were a whole lot of reduced MIF categories.
 Those are things that are as much known to
 Mr Merricks' side as they are to ours.

4 Sir, as a practical matter the significance of 5 this then becomes the EEA MIF for one year. There are categories of reduced MIFs which are known 6 7 about. At most this is going to be two or three questions about why he has amended all sorts of 8 other weighted averages but not that one. But our 9 10 fundamental challenge to his weighted average analysis is going to be at a much more fundamental 11 12 level of principle.

13 Sir, it seems to us this is a point of 14 cross-examination which regardless of the pleadings, 15 we can cross-examine a witness on what he has done. 16 It is a single year in practical terms so it is very 17 difficult to see that Mr Coombs -- he is not going to be cross-examined for another three weeks or 18 19 so -- can't take account of that factor. He has got 20 warning of it. Sir, with respect, we just don't see 21 how this is going to cause anybody any problems at 22 all. It is certainly not going to be something, I 23 don't think in practice the end results of his analysis in any event, because it is only this one 24 year, it is going to make any difference at all to 25

1 the analysis, that he has identified some 2 correlation for some periods and not for other 3 periods, and that is going to be the scope of the 4 argument is does that correlation tell anybody 5 anything? MR JUSTICE ROTH: So as I understand it, if this is 6 7 allowed, you can give an assurance that the amended 8 figures for '92 and '93 are not going to be put to 9 Mr Coombs? It is only the amended EEA MIF for '94. 10 Is that right? MR COOK: Given they are excluded from his analysis 11 12 because he accepts they are not reliable, it doesn't 13 seem to me there is anything particularly we can ask 14 Mr Coombs about it and if it is necessary to give 15 that assurance, I think we can do so. MR JUSTICE ROTH: So Ms Demetriou, we are down to that 16 17 one figure in practical terms. MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, we do object. Just stepping back for 18 19 a moment, Mastercard assumed they had blanket 20 permission to amend. They don't, as you have just 21 clarified. So they do actually need to make an 22 application to amend to adduce these figures. If we were faced with an application, that would be 23 24 properly reasoned. Instead what we have are these 25 very opaque footnotes, so taking the figure for the

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1994 figure, you have footnote 15:

"Updated estimates based on the information now available about the EEA MIFs prior to 1 April 1995."

Then you have a very vague note about various discounted MIFs. So we actually have no idea what the information is on which this amended figure was based, so we can't interrogate it.

8 It seems to Mr Coombs that the figure is 9 flawed, but he can't interrogate it properly until 10 we have more information. So sir, it wouldn't be 11 appropriate, in my submission, just to allow this 12 amendment in and allow them to proceed on the basis 13 of this amendment for the purposes of the trial. We 14 do, with respect, say we would be prejudiced. We 15 would require further information so that Mr Coombs 16 could properly consider whether or not this amended 17 figure is sound but there is just no time. So that 18 is why we would oppose an application for permission 19 to amend, which just hasn't been made. If they want 20 to make an application, no doubt that would be 21 supported with a better explanation than we have got 22 in footnote 15 of why it is being made so late, what 23 the material is on which it is based, and the Tribunal would, as it would in the normal course, be 24 25 able to weigh all those matters up. But we are

1 simply not in a position to argue about it today. 2 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes. Mr Cook, if you were to provide 3 an account explaining how that figure was arrived 4 at, rather than saying, and it says, as I understand 5 it, it's still indicative only in the first place, 6 so it's not even a final figure. Then it says a 7 discounted rate has been applied where a lower floor limit was applied. So that has been taken into 8 9 account. So if you had to set out the way in which 10 the 0.9 per cent has been calculated, that presumably can be done quickly, can it not? 11 12 MR COOK: Yes, sir. If I can make two points briefly, 13 sir? I don't accept this is something that is not a 14 consequential amendment. Mr Merricks changed among 15 other things, all of his quantum numbers in his 16 amended claim form. That arose in part from the 17 Tribunal's ruling that he needed to take account of 18 who opted in and opted out and excluded people who 19 had died and matters like that. But all of his 20 quantum figures were adjusted, so we are responding 21 to an amended quantum case. As part of that 22 Mr Merricks previously had certain assumed weighted 23 average MIFs. He has changed that. So we are responding to a new amendment, you know, a pleaded 24 25 case against us.

1 If terms, sir, of this number, what we have 2 done in the footnote, sir, is identified with document references to the disclosure the four or 3 4 five documents that we rely upon. And we wrote a 5 letter yesterday which explained the basis of the 6 calculation, which is not very complicated, which 7 is, and I have to find the document quickly, sir, but it was explaining that our position is that at 8 9 least 20 per cent of transactions, and we had 10 identified various reasons why we think that 20 percent must be at least a bare minimum, would have 11 12 been at lower MIF rates, which would result in an 13 average below 0.9. So sir, we have provided the 14 explanation, which is we have given the document 15 references for the documents which show these reduced MIF categories, explained the best available 16 17 information on the proportion of transactions that would be in this kind of category and said it has 18 19 got to be at least 20 per cent and the numbers then 20 follow for themselves. So sir, we have given the 21 explanation. It is no more complicated than that. 22 There is nothing else in terms of documents we rely 23 upon and no further explanation that can be given because it has been given, sir. 24 MR JUSTICE ROTH: The letter you are referring to, I have

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1	got a letter of 20 June from Freshfields dealing
2	with this.
3	MR COOK: Yes.
4	MR JUSTICE ROTH: But you are saying there was another
5	letter?
6	MR COOK: Yes, sir, that would be 20 June.
7	MR JUSTICE ROTH: The day before yesterday.
8	MR COOK: Yes, it would have been the day before
9	yesterday, sir. It is 356 in the bundle and it
10	explains, in particular paragraphs 8 and 9,
11	responding to what is said against us that 1 per
12	cent must be the right number. We have set out
13	cross referred to the footnotes and the paragraphs
14	which set out and plead them. None of that is
15	objected to, particularly the paragraphs which plead
16	all the various discount rates. We have set out the
17	best available information on the number of
18	transactions that were electronic. If one is
19	looking at 94, one could probably justify a much
20	lower figure but we are being conservative here. It
21	is saying it is likely at least 20 per cent and the
22	figures we are looking at show 50 per cent
23	electronic and 50 per cent non-electronic. So it is
24	going to be a near miss of certainly no more than
25	0.9, so we have used 0.9. That is simply applying

1 the basic maths that if 20 per cent was at the 0.5 2 reduced level, the rest was at 1 per cent and 1.9. 3 It is as simple as that, sir. That explanation is 4 there in writing. It is very difficult to see how 5 Mr Coombs is going to need to spend more than a short period of time dealing with that point, 6 7 particularly in circumstances where he has gone 8 through and carried out his own analysis of weighted 9 averages throughout the period. He didn't make an 10 adjustment for this year for whatever reason, and we would like to ask him why not. So it is really not 11 12 a difficult matter for him to take account of those 13 couple paragraphs, a total of six documents all of 14 which they have had for many months for a couple of 15 questions to be asked in two or three weeks' time. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Ms Demetriou, looking at paragraph 9 of 16 17 the letter, it is not a very sophisticated 18 adjustment. 19 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, may I make a number of points in 20 response to Mr Cook? Because paragraph 9 of the 21 letter assumes 20 per cent of cross-border 22 transactions and we don't think that that figure is sound. We would need to interrogate it but we don't 23 have the disclosure at the moment on which to 24 25 interrogate it.

1		Sir, stepping back, can I just take you
2	MR	JUSTICE ROTH: Just one second. Yes?
3	MS	DEMETRIOU: Sir, we have explained this in a letter of
4		ours, can I just show you that so you can see the
5		point?
6	MR	JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.
7	MS	DEMETRIOU: It is behind tab 18 and if you go to page
8		350.
9	MR	JUSTICE ROTH: Is this your letter of the 21st?
10	MS	DEMETRIOU: No, it is our letter of the 19th.
11	MR	JUSTICE ROTH: An earlier letter?
12	MS	DEMETRIOU: Yes, an earlier letter.
13	MR	JUSTICE ROTH: Just a moment.
14	MS	DEMETRIOU: Sir, if in fact, if you've got that
15		letter
16	MR	JUSTICE ROTH: No, I don't yet. Just a moment. Give
17		me a moment because I am looking at something else.
18		So now you want me to go, this is in the
19		supplementary?
20	MS	DEMETRIOU: Yes, sir, sorry, behind tab 18 and if we
21		start with page 348. Just to remind you of the
22		background to all of this, you remember in the CMC
23		back in September, Mr Merricks sought disclosure of
24		disaggregated transaction data, and you may recall,
25		it is a while ago now, that Mastercard resisted this

request, saying it would take a long time to produce and that they weren't sure they had it. Then the Tribunal itself said during the course of the hearing that Mr Merricks would need volume data, so that was ordered, but Mastercard didn't disclose volume data for the majority of the claimed period.

7 So the starting point, sir, is that these weighted averages are definitely second or third 8 9 best in terms of what Mr Merricks was seeking. Then 10 what happened was that Mastercard set out weighted 11 average figures in its defence. There was 12 discussion about those, and on 4 May before the 13 expert report was drafted, Mastercard wrote to 14 Mr Merricks providing updated weighted average 15 figures. You see that in our subparagraph (f) and we call those the "May weighted average data". So 16 17 those were the figures. At the end of this long 18 process of Mastercard not providing disclosure, 19 don't forget that none of this material was in 20 Mr Merricks' hands at all, we were dependent on 21 Mastercard for this, on 4 May they provided amended 22 weighted average data and those were the data used 23 by Mr Coombs in his analysis. What is being said 24 now is now we are amending it again after the expert 25 evidence has been put in. Mr Cook says, "Well, yes,

we have got a very simple explanation for that", but we don't think that that explanation stacks up and we are not capable of interrogating it.

4 We explain that on the next page, on page 350, 5 we explain that at paragraph 8. We say that we 6 don't think, for example, we don't think it likely 7 that 20 per cent of transactions were occurring at discounted rates and we explain why, including by 8 9 reference to the fact that the petrol discount only 10 applied to a small merchant category in circumstances where specific technical requirements 11 12 were met, we say in order to explore this issue we 13 would need disclosure. Then we say the figures at 14 paragraph 9 don't match the figures that Mastercard 15 itself provided to the European Commission during 16 the investigation. It is not good enough simply to 17 say this is our asserted explanation for the figures and we can now cross-examine Mr Coombs on them, this 18 19 close to trial, in circumstances where he is unable 20 properly to investigate whether these figures are 21 correct. We would need further disclosure. That is 22 why we are prejudiced.

23 Sir, we do say Mr Cook is absolutely wrong to 24 say that these are responsive amendments in any 25 sense of the word. These are amendments to figures

1 that they provided in May which have been used by 2 our experts in good faith. So sir, I am not -- they 3 do need to make an application to amend. They have 4 not made one. Had they made one, then we would have 5 responded to it in the normal course. But all I can 6 do now is point to the correspondence saying that we 7 would need to investigate and interrogate this figure further and would need disclosure and it is 8 far too close to trial to allow for that to be done. 9 10 MR COOK: Sir, if I could come back on that? As my learned friend is well aware all of the categories 11 12 of disclosure mentioned in her letter are ones that 13 have been previously canvassed, have been largely 14 ordered by the Tribunal and to the extent that 15 documents existed, they have been disclosed, which 16 is why we point to a couple of documents which show volumes at different types of transactions. By the 17 nature of this case, sir, going back 30 years there 18 19 is very little information available. There is not 20 some additional category of material that can be 21 searched for, because these searches have already 22 been done pursuant to the Tribunal's order. So we 23 are all at the stage of looking at the best information available, which is imperfect yes, but 24 it is what is available, and Mr Coombs has done that 25

1 throughout most of the analysis that he has done, 2 which is not simply to take Mastercard's numbers. He has substituted a whole number of his own, 3 4 identified all sorts of contemporaneous documents 5 from disclosure that he thinks justify different 6 numbers. And in relation to this, it appears that 7 he hasn't made an adjustment where documents support one. Sir, that is simply the point that we will 8 make in cross-examination. But there is no more 9 10 disclosure that can be done, sir, because the exercise that is available has been completed 11 12 already pursuant to the Tribunal's order. Despite, 13 you know, many sort of attacks in correspondence, 14 there has been no application to the Tribunal saying 15 that Mastercard's disclosure exercise is in any way 16 flawed. We have done the best we can going back 30 years, sir, and there is nothing more we can do. 17 18 MR JUSTICE ROTH: How significant, Mr Cook, is this 19 particular figure for '94? 20 MR COOK: Sir, we don't think this actually changes the 21 correlation analysis at all, or is going to make any 22 practical difference. It is something that in any 23 event, sir, we will be making submissions to the Tribunal, because it is there on the documents, 24

there is no objection to the bits of our pleading

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1 which made these points, that there were a variety 2 of discounted MIF rates for the EEA MIF, which is 3 one of the reasons why we will say it shows that it 4 didn't have any effect upon the UK MIF, or UK 5 interchange fees for this stage which had completely 6 different categories, et cetera. So we will be 7 making these points in any event, sir. All that is really left is what proportion took place. We don't 8 see this as being a significant point. We were 9 10 concerned that on the pleadings there is a number that we now do not consider to be right and that, 11 12 you know, Mr Coombs has made adjustments where they 13 appear to help the argument, not on this one, but it 14 is going to be a very short point, sir. 15 MR JUSTICE ROTH: When you say that it is likely, or 16 highly likely, that at least 20 per cent attract a 17 reduced MIF, what is going to be the evidential basis for that statement? 18 19 MR COOK: Sir, as is set out in the letter I took you to, 20 what we do have is paragraph -- so it is 357. What 21 we do have, sir is in paragraph 9, we have, there 22 are contemporaneous documents that show that 56 per cent of transactions were electronic. Electronic is 23 one of the discounted categories. Then we have a 24 25 1996 data for cross border transactions which show

1 50 per cent are electronic. We are obviously now at 2 the moment looking at '94. In those circumstances, 3 I think, being very conservative of saying at least 4 20 per cent are likely to have been electronic in 5 the previous year.

6 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I see. So just to interrupt you, so I 7 understand it, an electronic transaction attracted a 8 reduced MIF, did it?

MR COOK: Sir, well there was an electronic category that 9 10 attracted a reduced MIF, that is 0.5, sir. There was a requirement that all electronic transactions 11 12 were subject to authorisation and again there are 13 indications that that was the case at the time. MR JUSTICE ROTH: I see. I am just absorbing this. So 14 15 that was 0.5, the other was higher and so --16 MR COOK: A base MIF of 1 per cent, sir, and electronic 17 MIF of 0.5 and we have got figures of 56 per cent 18 and 50 per cent for -- the 56 then is the following 19 year, 50 per cent is two years later. We are saying 20 it has got to be at least 20 per cent in '94. It is 21 rough and ready, sir, but you know, it is what is 22 available. I certainly can't see it is going to 23 take Mr Coombs more than a few minutes to form his own view on -- there is no doubt a trend which one 24 could see of electronic increasing during this 25

1 period, which is why we accept it is going to be 2 probably a little bit lower the previous year. But 3 sir, all we are doing is drawing common sense trend 4 lines and saying it is going to be a bit lower. At 5 least 20 per cent seems to us to be an absolutely bare minimum, sir. Mr Coombs will, if he has a 6 7 different view, no doubt say that when he is asked a 8 question about it, sir, but it will not take anyone 9 any time to prepare for it or deal with it at the 10 hearing sir.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: It doesn't really matter at this point 11 12 whether there should have been a separate 13 application, there certainly should for some of the 14 amendments. We are where we are, we are not going 15 to have another hearing. I think the point has been ventilated. I don't think it is right to hold 16 17 Mastercard to a figure which they now think is wrong 18 and expect them to stand by it at a trial.

19 The explanation is a simple one. It may or may 20 not be right, but it is one that that is the basis 21 of the change. I think Mr Coombs clearly will 22 understand it and will be able to comment on it. So 23 I don't think that he is prejudiced by this and if 24 it is said that this is all just speculative, well 25 that will be a criticism that Mr Merricks can make.

So I will allow the amendment to Annex 1 on the basis that the figures for '92 and '93 are not going to be put, the amended figures, to Mr Coombs in any cross-examination, and that the '94 figure is as explained in -- the explanation is in paragraph 9 of Freshfields' letter of 20 June.

MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, I am not seeking to dissuade you from
the ruling you have just made, but can I just raise
one practical point in relation to this?

10 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.

MS DEMETRIOU: Because we do -- we only have a very scant 11 12 explanation. Mr Cook spoke very quickly that he 13 focused on the electronic discount and didn't 14 mention the petrol discount which this is also based 15 on. Sir, the point, the practical point here is 16 that all of this, the information they rely on was available to them all along, and yet they have 17 18 produced it now after the joint expert meeting. So 19 if they are going to be putting to Mr Coombs points 20 based on the revised 1994 figure, then I think out 21 of fairness to him, they should give him advance 22 notice of the cross-examination that they are going 23 to be advancing to him on that figure. As you know, that is something the Tribunal does sometimes order. 24 25 It really isn't appropriate for an expert to be

1 put on the spot when he had no opportunity to 2 canvass it or discuss it at the joint expert -- with 3 his counterpart in relation to the agree/disagree 4 statement. He simply hasn't had an opportunity to 5 discuss this. So we would like advance notice of 6 the questions that are going to be put to him so 7 that he can consider them. I think that is only 8 fair given the late stage as which this has been 9 amended.

10 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I was going to say that if Mr Coombs 11 wants to put in a supplemental note to his report, 12 addressing the -- just on the question of the 1994 13 EEA weighted average MIF, it seems to me he should 14 be allowed to do so because he wrote his report on 15 the basis of the 1 per cent and he now sees what is said. I think he should be able to do that and if 16 17 he says in that, "This matter of the discussion with 18 my counterpart was on the basis that we are dealing 19 with 0.9 per cent and I did not have this 20 information and therefore I make the following 21 additional point." I think he should have an 22 opportunity to say that in his own words before any 23 questions. Unless you don't want it, but it seems to me it is only permission, you don't have to use 24 25 it, he should do that. I think if he has, at least

ten days to do that, that should be sufficient time on the basis he no doubt has other things to do apart from this case.

4 I don't think you need to go so far, then, to 5 sort of give advance notice of the questions so he 6 can prepare his answers. I think if he explains how 7 he views it and any criticisms he makes of this, I think we are making a bit of a mountain out of this 8 one figure amidst a lot of other figures. So 9 10 permission to Mr Coombs, and Mr. Cook I am glad you 11 are on that, but it does seem to me right that 12 Mr Coombs should have an opportunity to comment on 13 this because he was working on a different figure. MR COOK: Yes, absolutely sir. 14

MR JUSTICE ROTH: So ten days permission, specifically on this point, within ten days.

17 On that basis, the amendments are allowed. So 18 this is in fact an order that goes back to, I think 19 what we do is we incorporate in the draft order a 20 recital dealing with this CMC and then Mastercard 21 has permission to file and serve, is it a re-amended 22 defence I think, in the form of the document filed 23 with the Tribunal, on condition that as regards Annex 1, table 2, the amended figures for 1992 and 24 25 1993 are not put in cross-examination or used for

1 the purposes of cross-examination in the July trial. 2 That is the amendment. I think then we come to, there's provision about the costs of the 3 4 application. This is paragraph 11 of the order. I 5 think this is the costs of the amendments, 6 presumably, not of the application, because there is 7 the other application. I would think the costs of the amendments, should they not all be costs in the 8 case? 9 10 MR COOK: Sir, that is what I would suggest, given we are in front of you. 11 12 MS DEMETRIOU: In relation to that, we would be content 13 with that, save for the costs arising from this late 14 amendment on the figure which we think should be 15 Mr Merricks' costs, Mastercard should pay those 16 costs in any event. Because there is no good reason 17 why the amendment was made this late after they submitted evidence. 18 19 MR JUSTICE ROTH: We can say that the costs of any 20 supplemental report from Mr Coombs be paid by 21 Mastercard. 22 MS DEMETRIOU: Thank you. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Right, then there is this question of 23 24 causation and the causation issue, which we did 25 spend some time on, on 6 June. It is a rather

1 elaborate formulation here, which I don't find 2 attractive:

3 "The Causation Issue is limited to the question
4 whether there is a causal link as a matter of fact
5 without recourse to any counterfactual enquiry."

I don't know what, sort of historic fact,
actual fact. It becomes quite metaphysical. The
real important point is what follows, identifying
the bits of the pleading that we are dealing with.

10So I think the first sentence can be much11simpler:

12 "Causation is limited to the question whether 13 there is a causal link as a matter of fact without 14 recourse to any counterfactual enquiry. Applying 15 that, the court shall determine whether the 16 averments ..."

17 Yes, 102A and B are basically just, they are 18 not really particularly averments at all, are they? 19 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, I think the problem comes on the 20 pleading and it's a point that we did ventilate at 21 the last hearing. I think the problem arises in 22 relation not to 102A and to 102B so much, which are 23 just setting out our understanding of the rules, but in relation to the following parts, 103 and so on. 24 If I could just explain the point in a 25

nutshell? Those paragraphs all allege a causative
 link.

3 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.

4 MS DEMETRIOU: As we debated at length last time, that 5 does require, on any view, an exploration of the counterfactual in order to work out whether the EEA 6 7 MIFs were a but for cause. So it is not possible to lump those paragraphs into this order because it is 8 inaccurate, it doesn't reflect where we ended up at 9 10 the last hearing, which is that but for causation is not going to be determined at this trial. 11

12 Our proposal was rather than -- we are 13 certainly not saying this shouldn't be bottomed out 14 now. We were the ones who were very keen at the 15 last hearing, you will recall, to bottom it out. 16 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.

MS DEMETRIOU: We don't agree with how it has been 17 18 formulated, and rather than having a lengthy debate 19 now going through paragraph after paragraph of the 20 pleading. We do think that is an unhelpful 21 approach, and that instead it's possible to set out 22 the principle that was determined, which is that 23 this trial, if the order has to contain something reflecting what was decided, if for some reason that 24 25 is not clear on the face of the transcript or clear

1 to everyone, then it should simply say that this causation is limited to whether, as a matter of 2 fact, in the factual world, or something like that, 3 there was a causal link and it will not consider 4 5 matters relating to the back of the counterfactual and will therefore not consider, will not determine 6 7 but for causation or legal causation, which is where we ended up. But it is, with respect, impossible to 8 include some of these paragraphs that Mastercard 9 10 purports to include because they do allege causation and therefore require a determination of but for 11 12 causation. 13 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It is very important we all go into the 14 trial knowing what it is about and we don't then 15 have -- you've got your evidence in now, you've got

17 in.

16

18 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, sir.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: I am just looking, where in the electronic bundle is -- I have got it separately, I think. So if I go to 103.

your expert evidence in, the additional evidence is

22 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, if we go to 103 and if we look, for 23 example, at 103B, that is maybe a clearer example. 24 So the causative effect of those arrangements was 25 that the intra-EEA MIF operated as a floor and/or

1 guidance and/or benchmark. That is our but for causation plea, that is our but for allegation. To 2 work out whether or not it is well founded one does 3 4 need to also look at the counterfactual, because one 5 is asking whether the infringement had that causative effect. So it would not be right to 6 7 include it in paragraph 12 of the order. 8 MR JUSTICE ROTH: We need to establish whether this did 9 operate as a floor, don't we, or guidance or a 10 benchmark, in what happened? MS DEMETRIOU: Yes. Perhaps it is easier to explain it 11 12 in this way. For example, it may be that --13 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Can I interrupt you, just so I am quite 14 clear what is really going on here. If paragraph B 15 said -- it didn't say the causative effect of those arrangements as found in the decision as aforesaid 16 17 was that, but simply said, "The intra-EEA MIF 18 operated as a floor and/or guidance and/or a 19 benchmark", then you would have no problem. Is that 20 right? 21 MS DEMETRIOU: I think one has to be very careful, because of this. What this trial can determine is 22 whether, in the real world, the UK MIF was 23 determined by reference to the intra-EEA MIF. 24 So for example, did Mastercard have regard in the real 25

1 world to the intra-EEA MIF when setting the UK MIF? MR JUSTICE ROTH: "Having regard" is a very loose term. 2 3 We need to know whether it operated as a floor. 4 Nobody has ever pleaded "have regard". We need to 5 determine what is a critical issue in the case is 6 did it operate as a floor or guidance or a benchmark 7 or a minimum price recommendation, all the things you said. 8

9 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes.

10 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Is that the way they did it? Not what 11 they would have done if the EEA MIF had been 12 different. That we can't do, and we have agreed 13 that, but what we do need to determine is what was 14 going on. So I don't actually see, this is looking 15 at what was going on in the real world, what 16 actually happened, how was the domestic MIF set? MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes, how was the domestic MIF set, we 17 agree that is for this trial, but whether or not 18 19 there was a causative effect can only be determined 20 by looking at the counterfactual. I gave you the 21 example at the last hearing of the 75 per cent rule 22 in relation to the later period. So if there was a 23 75 per cent rule in relation to the later period and it might well be that in the real world, in the 24 later period, the UK MIF was not set by reference to 25

the EEA MIF at all. But if in the counterfactual 1 2 world of the intra-EEA MIF being zero, the banks 3 would have invoked the 75 per cent rule and 4 collapsed the UK MIF, then one has but for causation. 5 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I see that, but equally, if the 6 7 intra-EEA MIF operated as a floor and guidance, well 8 then you are happy. If it is found that it didn't 9 operate as a floor, it doesn't stop you then saying, 10 "But if the intra-EEA MIF had been zero, then it 11 would have operated as floor." I understand that 12 and that is a point you want to preserve. MS DEMETRIOU: Yes. 13 14 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It is about causation in the actual 15 world of did this do what you say it did of actually happening. If we are not going to establish that, 16 17 we are wasting our time. MS DEMETRIOU: I think it is reference for causation 18 19 which, speaking for myself, it is difficult to 20 envisage how causation can be determined other than 21 in a but for way. I think what we can agree is that 22 it did. So the factual question, did in the real world the intra-EEA MIF operate as a floor and/or 23 24 guidance and/or a benchmark, I think that would be 25 okay.

1 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, that is what I was asking.

2 MS DEMETRIOU: Because if we start introducing causation 3 into this, then we are in trouble, because we don't 4 accept you can determine causation without looking 5 at the counterfactual, because it is inherently a counterfactual question. 6

7 MR JUSTICE ROTH: If you ask did it operate as a floor 8 that involves an element of causation, doesn't it? 9 I think it is clear that what we are looking at is a 10 causal link as a matter of fact on the basis of the EEA MIF that existed, and not whether the same 11 12 situation would have applied with a much lower EEA 13 That is what one is dealing with. MIF. MS DEMETRIOU: That is what one is dealing with, yes. 14 15 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think that is clear and, as I say, 16 you get into an almost a metaphysical discussion of the real world and actual fact, and so on. I think 17 18 one can say, and one need not go through, as you

quite rightly say, it is not productive and we 20 haven't got time to go through each paragraph, 21 without resource to any counterfactual enquiry and 22 say in particular the trial will not consider what 23 the position might have been had the EEA MIF been significantly lower. 24

19

MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes. I think that if we are going to 25

go down this route of including the paragraphs of
 the pleading, then we will need to make, I fear,
 lots of caveats.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, so I don't think that is helpful. 4 5 As you know, the trial generally isn't conducted by 6 extensive reference to the pleading. In fact, in 7 many trials pleadings are not referred to. It is 8 conducted on the evidence and what are really the 9 key questions. What we are saying is, it is a 10 matter of fact, without recourse to counterfactual, in particular, the trial will not consider what the 11 12 position might have been had the EEA MIF been 13 significantly lower. That is really your point, 14 isn't it?

MS DEMETRIOU: That's our point. We can't agree to reference to all of these paragraphs because that would require significant caveating for these pleadings being drafted, which is what we canvassed at length at the last hearing.

If you turn to the transcript, I think we are actually all on the same page as to what this trial will be determining. We just don't agree with the way that paragraph 12 has been drafted. But if you look at the transcript of the last hearing. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Let's not worry about that, we have got

- 1
- a lot to do. Mr Cook, if it says simply:

"The Causation Issue is limited to the question
whether there's a causal link as a matter of fact,
without recourse to any counterfactual enquiry, in
particular the trial, or this trial, will not
consider what the position might have been had the
EEA MIF being significantly lower."

8 Will that cover the point, so we just know what 9 we are arguing about without doing a forensic close 10 examination of each subparagraph.

MR COOK: Sir, I am concerned about that and the reason 11 12 we are concerned is, that this is not a conventional 13 trial because it is not a full trial, this is a 14 trial which is restricted to certain issues, and we 15 have got lengthy pleadings and we think it would 16 help everybody to simply know which bits of the pleadings we are focused on. Ms Demetriou has 17 18 repeated and you, sir, have repeated your answer to 19 it from the last hearing, which was at paragraph 106 20 of the transcript, supplemental bundle 207, which is 21 almost verbatim the exchange we have had today, sir, 22 which is Ms Demetriou said, "You can't deal with causation without but for", et cetera, and you said, 23 "No what we have to deal with is, did the EEA MIF 24 act as a benchmark, for example, as a matter of 25

1 fact."

2 We keep coming back on the same arguments and 3 unless there is clarity on these paragraphs that are 4 relevant for this hearing, then we are going to have 5 the same disagreement in closing submissions, which 6 would be a waste of very valuable time in that 7 process.

8 With respect, sir, we don't see, and frankly it shouldn't be necessary, for grown up parties to do 9 all this in front of the Tribunal. We have 10 identified all the paragraphs which raise factual 11 12 questions about what was in fact the alleged impact 13 of the EEA MIF. If there is some disagreement about 14 particular paragraphs, and we recognise that some of 15 them have a little bit of counterfactual in them, that is excluded by the first set of words which 16 17 makes clear we are not dealing with counterfactual.

So we do think it is very helpful for everybody 18 here at the trial to know that we looking in 19 20 pleadings which are 50, 60, 80 pages long, to know 21 in practical terms we are looking at three or four 22 paragraphs in the middle as being the relevant paragraphs for this causation hearing. With 23 respect, we can't see how it can be difficult for 24 25 Mr Merricks to go through that list, which is not

that many paragraphs, and say yes those are all the factual points that are in issue at this hearing. If there are more, they can tell us. If there are particular other points we do not think the Tribunal needs to be involved in that process.

6 So what we are concerned about is that suddenly 7 we are going to end up with other bits jotting in here, there and everywhere in closing submissions 8 9 and we will have the same argument again for a third 10 or fourth time. So sir, it should be very easy, and then everybody will know. I think it would help in 11 12 a case like this for the Tribunal to be able to see 13 in your pre-reading, "Right, what we are focused on 14 is paragraph 103", for example, read through it, 15 fine. Those are the five or six allegations which 16 you know you will need to consider, and you will be 17 able to then hopefully see in the opening submissions. You will see what Mr Merricks says in 18 19 support of them and you will see our answers to 20 them.

For a preliminary issue trial which is narrowly confined to know exactly what the issue is by reference to a very limited number of paragraphs, it seems to us, sir, to be obviously helpful for everybody and anything else is a recipe for us 1 having this argument in closing submissions. With 2 respect, we don't see that there is a need to do 3 detailed caveats. If we know which paragraphs it 4 is, we have got the clear ruling it is the factual 5 issues not the counterfactual issues, and we just 6 deal with those paragraphs on the factual points and 7 it should be very simple, clear and helpful for everyone, sir. 8

MR JUSTICE ROTH: Look, what I think we should do is I am 9 10 happy to include, which Ms Demetriou did not express any disquiet about and I don't think you object to, 11 12 in the order to simplify the first sentence and say 13 in particular, "The trial will not consider what the 14 UK MIFs might have been had the EEA MIFs been 15 significantly lower." So that makes clear what -that's the counterfactual. 16

17 I think what I would ask you to do, rather than 18 necessarily by paragraphs in the pleading, but using 19 that as your starting point, just to prepare a 20 series of factual questions drawn out of them that 21 will be determined at the trial. So we have already 22 got them. So rather than saying it is paragraph 23 103B, without the first two lines, or whatever. Just to say, did the intra-EEA fall-back MIF operate 24 as a floor and/or guide, et cetera. That is one 25

1 question.

2 So you can draw them out of these paragraphs, 3 and it did seem to me that clearly some of these 4 paragraphs are going to be very relevant and equally 5 that the paragraphs, such as paragraph (d), is clearly not relevant, because that is clearly a 6 7 counterfactual subparagraph and you have left it out. Similarly, (e) is clearly a counterfactual 8 9 paragraph. If you just, rather than putting it in 10 the order and arguing about it now, you can seek to agree a list of the questions that we have to 11 12 address and I would think can be done on one side of 13 paper. That would be very helpful. Then you will 14 both know, the parties will know, the Tribunal will 15 know, and if you can't agree, you can submit alternatives. But I think we have all got the 16 17 general principle in mind. Ms Demetriou, are you content with that? 18 19 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes, subject to one practical point, 20 which is that our written opening is due on Monday, 21 and we are also digesting 100 new pages of evidence 22 that Mastercard has just given us. MR JUSTICE ROTH: You don't have to do it by Monday, and 23

I think we all understand what it is, so it is just getting it into a crisper formulation.

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MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, quite.

2 MR JUSTICE ROTH: So we don't start arguing about 3 subparagraphs of the pleading in closing speeches. MS DEMETRIOU: I think that's fine, and just to explain 4 5 why, we are not being obstructive here, but why Mr Cook's submission is misconceived is that of course 6 7 these paragraphs were drafted as conventionally would be the case to allege causation, which is a 8 counterfactual question. So inherent in lots of 9 10 these paragraphs is a consideration of the counterfactual --11 12 MR JUSTICE ROTH: There is no criticism by anyone of the 13 way it has been pleaded and we all understand that 14 it was pleaded, of course, as a total case and now

we have extracted for this stage of the trial part of the case, so it doesn't immediately align with the way it is framed the pleading.

MS DEMETRIOU: Yes. That is why, sir, it is misconceived as an approach to say these paragraphs are in or out, because inherent on this the very basis for these paragraphs was but for causation which we have all agreed can't be determined at this trial. I think that is a way forward.

24 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.

25 MS DEMETRIOU: We can list out factual issues that we say

can be determined at this trial and hopefully agree
 them.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: But drawn from the pleading, and the factual, the actual factual causation in the way I have described it, what happened. Of course it involves an element of causation, we did this because of that. That is causation. It is not but for causation, but it is causation in the ordinary sense.

10 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes, it is a part of but for 11 causation, a step in the but for causation analysis, 12 but we can certainly list out the issues drawn from 13 the pleadings. We are not going to be seeking to 14 add new issues in at this stage.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: Even start reframing and rephrasing the whole thing. I think you should stick closely to what we have got.

18 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: So that is what we will do with the order. I don't think there is anything, is there, left in the order that is in dispute and it can be drawn up?

Then there's an issue, a small issue, I think
about the trial timetable before we get to
disclosure on limitation.

1 MS DEMETRIOU: That is resolved, sir, I think we now have 2 an agreed trial timetable and Mastercard has agreed 3 to that various of their witnesses will be warned. 4 My concern was we have now got a lot more new 5 evidence.

6 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I appreciate your concern and I am 7 sympathetic, and I appreciate the fact that you have 8 now agreed it.

9 The other thing to mention on the timetable is 10 I have not as I indicated earlier, looked at the expert reports, nor has the economist on the 11 12 Tribunal because, as you will appreciate, Professor 13 Waterson will be back, it won't be Lord Ericht, who 14 came in because of the Scots law point. Whether it 15 is sensible and appropriate to have a hot tub, either in part or in whole, for the two economists, 16 17 is not something we can address yet. We will let you know by the time -- well, probably at the start 18 19 of the trial but that would give over a week to 20 consider. That may save some time on the experts, 21 if it is possible. It can do, but I have no idea at 22 the moment whether that is appropriate. 23 Good, does that conclude everything that is

24 relevant to the trial?
25 MR COOK: I am afraid, sir there is one additional point

1 that I would like to mention in relation to the July 2 trial. That relates to cross-examination of 3 Mr Dhaene. Sir, you made an order a few days ago, a 4 week perhaps, ordering some additional disclosure on 5 Mr Dhaene and at the end of the order that you said that Mastercard is limited to cross-examining by 6 7 reference to those documents. We understand that of course we can't cross-examine by reference to 8 documents that haven't been produced by now, or by 9 10 the date you have given us for additional disclosure. 11

12 Sir, the wording of that -- on its literal 13 wording, I think it indicated we could only 14 cross-examine by reference to the documents you have 15 just ordered. We have, of course, provided a lot of 16 documents previously and we just wanted to formally 17 check that the Tribunal -- it was common ground that 18 we will be entitled to cross-examine by reference to 19 that full suite of documents that we have provided 20 over time and it wasn't simply the new documents we 21 were producing that we can cross-examine by 22 reference to, because actually that's only a limited 23 subset, sir. MR JUSTICE ROTH: I am a bit concerned about that 24

25 Mr Cook, because if you start cross-examining on

other documents where the disclosure, it may be said, is not complete, then we go into the fact that what do those other documents deal with, are there yet further documents going to those matters which have not been disclosed? And it opens it all up.

6 This cross-examination, as I understand it, is 7 all about credibility. It has got nothing to do with his substantive evidence, which of course you 8 9 can cross-examine him about. It seems to me that as 10 far as that is concerned, it is to do with the 11 circumstances in which he left, there is apparently 12 an argument whether he was dismissed or resigned or 13 constructively dismissed or what, and then the 14 litigation that was conducted.

15 Beyond that, what he may have done and so on, 16 it seems to me we start straying into areas that are 17 not appropriate and if they are to be explored, then there has to be full disclosure of them. I don't 18 19 think it is right that then Ms Demetriou has to sort 20 of re-examine the witness where perhaps the 21 disclosure and matters raised by the other 22 documents, they would have wanted more documents. 23 MR COOK: Sir, I fully accept that the only two areas of cross-examination are going to be whether he was 24 25 dismissed and the litigation he brought against us.

1 My concern was simply, sir, that we had given a certain number of documents about whether he was 2 dismissed and also about the litigation previously 3 4 and we wanted to check. It is simply, sir, almost 5 reading the order indicated that we were limited to 6 cross-examining on the documents you had ordered 7 disclosed and in practice they had been given in two tranches, previous documents and new documents we've 8 been ordered to disclose. We just want to be clear 9 10 as long as they fall within those two categories or whether it was previously produced or will be 11 12 produced at the end of this week, that doesn't alter 13 our ability to cross-examine on them, sir. MR JUSTICE ROTH: As I say, I am a bit concerned about 14 15 that. I don't see why you need to cross-examine on 16 further documents. Obviously I have not seen them, 17 but if you are, then there's the question of whether there should be full disclosure of matters raised by 18 19 those other documents. 20 MR COOK: Sir, these are only documents that would fall 21 within the categories defined in the order, but it 22 is just we had already produced them. 23 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I may have misunderstood you. I thought the order said insofar as not already 24 25 disclosed or provided.

1 MR COOK: Yes, it does.

2 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Of course, if they have been provided 3 previously and they come within those two 4 categories, you can cross-examine on them. But you 5 may have provided other material, such as some 6 internal note I think I saw, which you have provided 7 but you can't cross-examine on that just because Mr Merricks' team has seen it. 8 MR COOK: Sir, that is understood. Then confusion was 9 10 only that the order said we could only cross-examine Mr Dhaene by putting to him documents -- we weren't 11 12 allowed to put documents other than those covered by 13 the order and it wasn't clear that if they had been 14 previously disclosed, they would be covered. It was 15 just a fill-in point. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes. Ms Demetriou, is that clear? 16 17 MS DEMETRIOU: I think that is clear, subject to one 18 point, which is they disclosed a note from Loyens 19 which we say they waived privilege in and we would 20 want --21 MR JUSTICE ROTH: No. We are not going to look at any 22 other documents and they can't use them. Okay, you 23 have had that document for what it is worth, but they are not going to be able to use it. 24 MS DEMETRIOU: Thank you. 25

MR JUSTICE ROTH: Right. I think we should look at the 1 2 subject matter for which this hearing was arranged, 3 which is the Redfern Schedule. I don't know if we 4 should take, because the hearing is being 5 transcribed, just because we are online, remote 6 doesn't make a difference. May I just check with the Referendaire, should we take a short break? 7 8 REFERENDAIRE: Yes, please, sir. 9 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Very well, we will take a ten minute 10 break and come back -- it will give us one hour to 11 get through that. I hope we can achieve it. So we 12 will resume at noon. 13 (11.50 am) 14 (Break) 15 (12.00 pm) 16 Redfern Schedule 17 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Can we resume? I have got the Redfern Schedule on the basis of which this is proceeding 18 19 and the first question is temporal scope. Is that 20 right? 21 MS DEMETRIOU: That's right, sir. 22 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Ms Demetriou, I can see that there may 23 not be a complete cut-off, the point where you say the limitation period would have kicked in and that 24 something post that point may be relevant, but 25

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equally, I think 2008 is quite disproportionate.

2 My provisional view is that it should go to the 3 end of June 2002, which is when Europay was dealing 4 with it. And not thereafter, when it went to a 5 different -- the organisational structure changed. That would give you several years post-June '97 in 6 7 which you can see what is there because as you say, there might be a certain dearth of documents for the 8 9 earlier period. Is that something that would meet 10 the concerns in the right way? MS DEMETRIOU: I think that yes, it largely does, 11 12 although we have come across some documents in the 13 disclosure we've been given from 2006, for example, 14 which is why we have sought the longer period. But 15 it may be that we can agree on the end of 2002 and then follow up with any specific applications for 16 17 disclosure in relation to documents that we have found in relation to the later period. 18 19 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It is always a balancing exercise, 20 isn't it? Because you can never say that one can be 21 absolutely sure there's nothing later that's 22 relevant hence the whole concept of proportionality. I would have thought it is actually the end of June 23 2002, that's when I think the arrangement changed. 24 25 Mr Cook, are you going to push against that?

1 MR COOK: No, sir, I am not.

2 MR JUSTICE ROTH: So we will say the temporal scope is 3 the end of June 2002, but clearly, if there's a 4 particular document that leads to an application for 5 specific disclosure, that can be pursued. 6 Then the next one is the subject matter scope. 7 As I understand it, Mr Merricks is asking for all European MIFs, domestic MIFs and the interregional, 8 international MIF. Is that right? 9 10 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, I think the only dispute about is international, the interregional MIF. The reason 11 12 that we are concerned about that is that you may 13 have picked up in relation to the causation trial 14 that there is a dispute between the parties as to 15 what the international MIF related to. So there are documents referring to the international MIF and our 16 17 case, as you will see at trial, is that that refers to the EEA MIF and Mastercard's case is that it 18 19 refers to the interregional MIF. So we are 20 concerned and their own witnesses agree that there 21 is confusion about the terminology. Is that is why we want the disclosure to extend to the 22 23 interregional MIF. MR JUSTICE ROTH: We can sort out the confusion over 24 25 terminology so it is clear what one is talking

1 about, but there the international MIF, which deals 2 with, as I understand it, transactions with merchants not in the EEA, but in the US or Canada, 3 4 which I think was set by a completely different 5 entity in the Mastercard organisation. That is what 6 they say is irrelevant. If some people call a 7 European MIF an interregional MIF, clearly it is still the European MIF. 8 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, they call it the international MIF. 9 10 So there is an interregional MIF which applied in relation to transactions with the US and there is 11 12 the intra-EEA MIF and, we say, that what people call the international MIF is the intra-EEA MIF and that 13 14 is going to be a dispute between us at trial. 15 We make two points really --16 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Can I interrupt you. The interregional 17 MIF that applies to North America, whatever people 18 call anything, you are not seeking disclosure for 19 documents concerning that one, are you? 20 MS DEMETRIOU: Well, we are seeking disclosure concerning 21 that one. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Why? 22 MS DEMETRIOU: For two reasons. First of all, because 23 24 Mastercard's attitude towards secrecy in relation to that MIF is going to be relevant to its attitude 25

1 towards secrecy and confidentiality generally, and so one can make -- if there are documents showing 2 3 that they wanted to keep the interregional MIF or 4 aspects of it secret or confidential, one can infer 5 from that that one can say they were taking the same 6 approach to the intra-EEA MIF. So we do seek 7 disclosure on that basis. But there is also, as I was explaining, a supplementary reason, which is 8 9 that there is a terminological confusion in the 10 documents which Mastercard's own witnesses agree. So Mr Hawkins agree there is confusion about 11 12 terminology. So if one restricts the disclosure, 13 then there is a very strong chance that relevant 14 documents would be missed, so we do rely on both of 15 those reasons for saying that the scope of disclosure should extend the interregional MIF. 16 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Mr Cook, I am not attracted by the 17 18 first point, so you need not address that. But it 19 is important that one gets documents regarding the 20 EEA MIF and if people called it something else, that 21 is not a reason, clearly, that those documents 22 should not be found. I think the second concern of the Merricks side is that if the search is by key 23 words or whatever, and if interregional is not 24 included, they will miss documents because the terms 25

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were used somewhat loosely.

2 MR COOK: Well, so what there are as a matter of fact is 3 there is an interchange fee set by Mastercard 4 International in New York, which was for 5 transactions between regions and as a matter of fact 6 there was an interchange fee set by what at the time 7 was Europay, which was a separate organisation, in 8 relation to cross-border transactions in Europe.

9 Then what my learned friend refers to, is an 10 argument about what the rules mean by referring at various times to the international MIF and how that 11 12 might apply. But in terms of disclosure searches, 13 it is very clear that, we say, we should not be 14 looking in New York, quite apart from anything else 15 because that would require us to do a document gathering exercise in New York, for documents in 16 17 relation to the fee set by Mastercard International. 18 We will be looking in relation to the fee set by 19 Europay within Europe, which are -- so that is the 20 distinction that we are very keen, sir, to avoid 21 having to go out and gather documents for the first 22 time in relation to Mastercard in New York.

23 So within that, sir, as a practical matter, we 24 don't think there is going to be any difficulty in 25 identifying from Europay documents, references to

1 the fee that it was setting. But nonetheless, those 2 are documents that we have gathered and those can be 3 searched through. The most important part for us is 4 not to have to embark on a new document gathering 5 exercise, sir, but certainly we don't see there to 6 be a problem, given the extensive material we have 7 already gathered and disclosed for the purposes of the causation trial, such as all the documents that 8 went to the Commission, which was investigating the 9 10 intra-European fee, the OFT, for example, scheme rules, matters like that. So we are looking in the 11 12 right places and that is what is important for these 13 purposes.

14 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes. Ms Demetriou, given that I am not 15 prepared to order disclosure from other parts of 16 Mastercard on the basis there is some possible 17 indication of an approach that might be inferred as 18 the same approach in Europe, I think that goes way 19 beyond what's proportionate. So they won't be 20 looking at MCI documents. Does that mean that you 21 are going to get the EEA MIF documents however the 22 EEA MIF was described? It seems to me it is where 23 you look, rather than the description of the MIF, 24 really.

25 MS DEMETRIOU: So long as international MIF is included

1 in the searches because, as I say, we say that 2 references to that are to the intra-EEA MIF. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, so it is the intra-EEA MIF however 3 described? 4 5 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes but there is a dispute as to how it is 6 described, so we do want searches for international 7 MIF because as we say that refers to the intra-EEA MIF. There is a dispute about that between the 8 parties. 9 10 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It will look at Europay's and I don't know what has been agreed about the national 11 12 entities, but approach to all the documents relating 13 to the MIFs which it set, whatever they were known 14 as. 15 MS DEMETRIOU: I am not sure that I am in a position to 16 say where the repositories are. That is really for Mastercard. The key point, I understand you are 17 18 against me on the first point, the first argument I 19 made, but on the second point, wherever these 20 documents are located, we want documents that refer 21 to the international MIF because we say that that is 22 a reference to the intra-EEA MIF and so if they don't conduct searches for the international MIF, 23 then we think our case is that documents will not 24 be -- will be missed. 25

1 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think one has got to leave it to the defendants. It is the EEA MIF however described or 2 known that they have got to look for, but I am not 3 4 going to order them to look for all documents 5 concerning international MIFs, when that clearly will also cover a whole lot of other things which 6 are not the EEA MIF; indeed, mostly. It seems to me 7 that the EEA MIF is going to be in Europe, it is not 8 going to be with the American entity. 9 10 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, the difficulty from our perspective

is, take the earlier period, the rules say that the 11 12 default was the international MIF and there is 13 then -- so our case, and this is what is going to be 14 one of the key issues, for the trial, our case is 15 that that means intra-EEA MIF and Mastercard say, "No, no, we think that that refers to the 16 17 interregional MIF." So there is a fundamental dispute as to what the default the relevant rule 18 19 says. If we are right on that point and 20 Mastercard's own evidence says that the evidential 21 picture is ambiguous and mixed, then if they don't search for documents that refer to the international 22 23 MIF, they are just not searching for documents which relate to the default rule on which we rely in these 24 proceedings. 25

1 MR JUSTICE ROTH: What is the earlier period that you say 2 the rules were? 3 MS DEMETRIOU: It is from 1992 through to 1997. 4 MR COOK: Can I say, sir, the practical thing here is we 5 are going to look for the cross border European interchange fee set by Europay, however described, 6 7 because that is the basis of the infringement found in the Commission decision is that interchange fee. 8 That is what we are looking to see whether we 9 10 deliberately concealed any facts by reference to that. That would capture if somebody casually 11 12 refers to that as the international MIF but it will 13 be obvious from the document they are talking about 14 the one set by Europay or a completely separate 15 interregional MIF set by Mastercard International. 16 So the important thing is that we will be looking in the repositories in Europe, because that is where 17 18 the only relevant MIF for these purposes, because 19 that's the basis of the infringement, was set. But 20 however it is described, we will be looking for 21 documents relating to that. 22 MR JUSTICE ROTH: The rules that Ms Demetriou is 23 referring to for that earlier period are rules of Europay, are they? 24 MR COOK: They are rules of both Mastercard International 25

1 and Europay, but they are dealing with what was the 2 default at the time. The point being, sir, we say, the rules made the default the interregional MIF. 3 4 My learned friend wants to say the rules made the 5 default the EEA MIF. So that's a point that goes to 6 the causation trial. But what we are looking at 7 here, sir, is only the question of limitation disclosure. So what was the deliberate concealment 8 of facts referenced, relevant to the infringement. 9 10 The only infringement is the EEA MIF, so that is what we should be looking for, is concealment of 11 12 relevant facts in relation to the EEA MIF however described. 13

14 If we are right on how the rules work, then it 15 simply means there was no default to that EEA MIF 16 which is the subject of the infringement. If my learned friend is right then there was a default to 17 It becomes, that is a construction point, it 18 it. 19 has no relevant scope for the purposes of, what is 20 relevant to the question of what we concealed, or 21 not, in relation to the EEA MIF which is the subject 22 of the decision.

23 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.

MS DEMETRIOU: If I may just briefly respond to that, the difficulty with that submission, sir, Mr Cook says,

"We will search for the intra-EEA MIF however
described", but their case is that it wasn't
described as the international MIF and that is a
fundamental point of dispute between us. So if that
means they are not going to be searching for
documents referring to the international MIF, that
is no good for us.

8 The second point is that there is common ground 9 between the parties that the relevant default, it is 10 not just Europay, but it was also set by Mastercard 11 International, so one can't just hive off Mastercard 12 International from the disclosure obligation.

13 MR COOK: Sir, with respect, that submission is 14 completely confused because the only infringement is 15 the EEA MIF set by Europay. That is it, sir. That 16 is what we are looking for disclosure in relation 17 to, not in relation to any other MIF. So sir that 18 is what we intend to search for.

19If we came across documents which are concerned20with MIFs set by Europay and somebody described that21particular MIF as the international MIF, clearly we22would disclose that, sir. So what we are looking23for is MIFs, cross-border MIFs set by Europay,24however described. That should capture everything.25MR JUSTICE ROTH: If you are using search terms as part

of that disclosure, are you including, going to
 Europay sources, international MIF as one of those
 terms?

MR COOK: Sir, we have no objection to doing that. We
would not look for interregional, because that would
be a term that would absolutely make clear that it
was the Mastercard International MIF, but we are
certainly happy to look for international MIF as a
search term within those documents.

10 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Ms Demetriou, it seems to me that 11 should be adequate and I think the construction of 12 the rules, the argument on that does seem to me a 13 slightly different point from the deliberate 14 concealment point that is what the January trial is 15 about.

MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes. I understand that they are 16 17 different points. If Mastercard search for international MIF, then that's of assistance because 18 19 that deals with the terminological point. Of course 20 we are concerned about excluding Mastercard 21 International from the searches because of course we don't have disclosure from the banks. So 22 communications between the banks and Mastercard 23 International are going to be important in relation 24 to deliberate concealment. 25

1 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It will be the banks, the acquiring 2 banks or issuing banks won't be dealing with Mastercard International on EEA MIFs because it has 3 4 got nothing to do with them. Of course Mastercard International will have a lot of communication with 5 6 banks, well banks across the US apart from anything 7 else and maybe Canada and so on, but I can't see how that is relevant. 8 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, I fear it is not as straightforward 9 10 as that because the rules that -- I think it is 11 common ground looking at Mastercard's pleading that 12 the rules that applied include rules set by 13 Mastercard International. They are not just Europay rules. 14 15 MR JUSTICE ROTH: In the period '92 to '97? Mastercard International set the EEA MIF? 16 MS DEMETRIOU: Perhaps we could take it from their 17 18 amended pleading. 19 MR COOK: Sir, the answer is Mastercard International 20 never set the EEA MIF, sir. 21 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, that was my understanding from --22 MR COOK: I just ought to caveat that, sir. It didn't during this period. It may be true that in 23 2006-2007 it may have done so. 24 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, after things were reorganised. I 25

1 am looking at your re-amended defence, which goes 2 into this in considerable detail. I think you explain the setting process. Is there anything? 3 4 It's really for you, Ms Demetriou, that you want to 5 show me that suggests that in that early period MCI 6 were involved? 7 MS DEMETRIOU: Can you just give me a moment, sir, to 8 take instructions? MR JUSTICE ROTH: Of course. 9 10 MR COOK: Sir, if Ms Demetriou is going to take instructions, there is one point I want to clarify. 11 12 We had understood that they were not pressing for 13 disclosure in relation to European domestic MIFs other than the UK one. 14 15 MR JUSTICE ROTH: That was my understanding because I 16 asked you about that, Ms Demetriou, and you said the 17 only issue now is the interregional -- international 18 MIF. 19 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, that's correct. 20 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think from memory the decision goes 21 into some detail about how the MIFs were set because it was a whole question of whether it is an 22 23 association of undertakings. MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes. Our understanding is that, for 24 example, on 22 June 1994, Europay's board -- as at 25

1 that time the international interchange fee applied 2 as the applicable fall-back rate, pursuant to the 1993 Mastercard International rules. So we do say 3 4 it is difficult to -- we do say that the MCI rules 5 were applicable and so it is not the case, it is not 6 the case that it was simply the Europay rules that 7 were relevant to establishing the default. So that is really the key problem in simply Mastercard 8 seeking disclosure, or rather excluding MCI from the 9 10 disclosure process. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Wasn't the application of that 11 12 fall-back a decision of the Europay board? 13 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes. 14 MR JUSTICE ROTH: So it was the Europay organisation that 15 decided, "We are going to have a MIF that may have been determined elsewhere." 16 MS DEMETRIOU: That's correct, but then by that decision 17 18 you are then bringing into play the Mastercard 19 International rules. You will see, just by scanning 20 their defence that they refer throughout, both to 21 Eurocard rules and the Mastercard International 22 rules. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, but if we are looking at the 23 question of deliberate concealment, which is the 24 only point we are concerned with, it will be then 25

what happened with the adoption of the MCI rule, but in Europe.

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3 MS DEMETRIOU: Once the MCI rules are in play, then 4 clearly MCI is also in play in terms of its policy 5 whether or not it was directing concealment. MR JUSTICE ROTH: The question is whether these matters 6 7 were known at all and if they were not known, whether there was any deliberate attempt to keep 8 9 them confidential. That will be by the parties 10 applying them in Europe, as an EEA rule, won't it? MS DEMETRIOU: No, not necessarily, which is our point. 11 12 So it won't necessarily be by the entity in Europe, 13 given that by their decision, they have then, as it 14 were, deferred to the MCI rules. So we do say that 15 you can't just excise MCI from the disclosure 16 enquiry. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Mr Cook, how does this work? 17 MR COOK: Sir I think my learned friend is confusing the 18 issues that are relevant to the causation trial with 19

20 the what is relevant to deliberate concealment 21 purposes. The infringement found in the decision is 22 the European cross-border default. My learned 23 friend agrees with me that that was set by Europay. 24 Any concealment of facts associated with that is 25 going to be Europay dealing with European banks. So

1 the fact there were two sets of scheme rules because 2 there were two schemes at the time, doesn't indicate 3 that there is going to be any sort of relevant 4 dealings by Mastercard in New York concerning 5 concealment of the EEA MIF. Simply sir, it is a 6 fishing expedition because Mastercard International 7 set the interregional MIF, which is not the subject of the Commission decision. So with respect, sir, 8 9 we do say the EEA MIF is the only basis for 10 infringement as found. Relevant facts associated with that, in those circumstances, sir, it is just 11 12 completely disproportionate, I think was the point 13 you accepted sir, to look somewhere else on the off 14 chance that an organisation which didn't set the EEA 15 MIF has anything relevant to show on the subject. 16 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Ms Demetriou, I am sorry, I think that 17 is right and if they incorporated something else, it's still -- that becomes the EEA default and 18 19 that's the matter that then one has to see whether 20 in doing that in the way it was done, it was being 21 deliberately concealed. So no, we stick to the EEA MIF, but the search term will include international 22 MIF and there doesn't have to be a search of 23 Mastercard International. 24

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Right, next we go to number 1. This is what

Mastercard considered to be confidential and 1 2 quidance and direction on confidentiality. 3 Mastercard says that if there was any guidance, that 4 will be in the scheme rules. You say, well, it 5 might not and that if there are documents setting out what can or cannot be shared with third parties, 6 7 produced by the Mastercard defendants regarding the 8 EEA MIF, such documents are relevant and should be 9 disclosed. 10 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes, we say that goes to the very

11 heart of our case.

12 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.

13 MS DEMETRIOU: To say we are just looking at the rules 14 themselves, it is obviously much more likely that if 15 there are going to be documents setting out what 16 shouldn't be said, that they are not going to be in 17 the rules, but they are going to be in separate communications. Indeed, we have said in the Redfern 18 Those 19 Schedule, given some examples of those. 20 documents are clearly relevant.

21 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I see that. Mr Cook, there may not be 22 any, but if there is guidance, it is not 23 self-evident that everything is in the rules. There 24 may be guidance documents to members or 25 communications to members, or circulars to members 1 saying, "Don't forget that these figures, this
2 material, this decision is very confidential." It
3 does seem to me that any such documents would be
4 relevant.

5 MR COOK: Sir, the point we make is this. If it was 6 given in written correspondence, I think one of the 7 categories we were asked to address previously was written correspondence with the banks. So what we 8 9 are saying, sir, is that we have given disclosure of 10 the rules. We were also required to look at 11 correspondence with the banks and we have done that, 12 sir.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think here it is -- I assume it would come in correspondence, but if you produced any guidance notes or circulars to all acquiring banks, all issuing banks, all instructions as to what they should tell their merchants, that should be disclosed. I would have thought it should have been disclosed already.

20 MS DEMETRIOU: Or internal documents, sir, which talk 21 about what their policy is going to be. So it would 22 also capture internal documents setting out what 23 information Mastercard considered to be 24 confidential.

25 MR COOK: I think we have already agreed in

correspondence, sir, to provide anything to do with 1 2 transparency. So we have got guidance on 3 transparency being provided to the banks, we have agreed to disclose that. 4 5 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Guidance on transparency and the 6 converse, guidance on confidentiality, any guidance 7 to. 8 MR COOK: Yes. MR JUSTICE ROTH: And any internal documents considering 9 10 what should be kept confidential. MR COOK: Yes, sir. 11 12 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think that is clearly relevant. 13 Right, so you get that. 14 Then we go to 2: 15 "Standard disclosure of Mastercard's business secrecy rules in relation but not limited to 16 17 interchange." I really didn't understand that request, 18 19 Ms Demetriou. They might have business secrecy 20 rules for all sorts of things, such as salary scales 21 or what mergers and acquisitions they might want to make and how that evaluation is to be kept secret. 22 It is completely irrelevant. 23 MS DEMETRIOU: I see that point, sir. I think if we 24 25 tweak that so it says, "In relation to interchange

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fees", we would be happy.

2 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think that is pretty much covered by 3 what we have just dealt with it, isn't it? When you 4 said internal documents as well that is about 5 secrecy -- confidentiality/secrecy, same thing -- in 6 relation to interchange fees.

7 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes.

8 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Then you say guidance as to what is not 9 for minuting. Highly unlikely there is any guidance 10 of that sort, in my view, but if there is, it comes 11 into the category of internal guidance of what 12 should be confidential.

13 MS DEMETRIOU: I think that what that means is if you 14 look at (ii), so instances, documents recording or 15 indicating instances in which there was in fact no minuting so that gave guidance. We have set out 16 17 examples of that in the third column, examples where 18 we have got documents already within that category. 19 So if you look at the first bullet, you see there 20 those are minutes of a meeting which then says, 21 "Extremely sensitive so no papers." So it's things like that which would fall -- documents like this 22 would fall within this category, but we wouldn't, I 23 don't think, fall within the previous category. So 24 25 we do want those.

1 MR COOK: Sir, with respect to that, sir, to the extent 2 there is anything relevant that will already have 3 been disclosed because we have already been ordered to disclose all the documents from the Commission 4 5 and OFT investigations, all of the MMF documents, all of the documents associated with the setting of 6 7 the UK MIFs and the EEA MIFs over the various period. So if there was -- if there were minutes or 8 9 not minutes of a meeting in relation to these, we 10 would have found them and disclosed them. That is the reason why my learned friend has points to make. 11 12 Since it is now a common ground that the limit is 13 going to be by reference to the EEA MIF and not any 14 other form of national MIFs, interregional MIF, then 15 they already have all the board and committee meetings, minutes of those, at which the EEA MIF and 16 17 also the UK MIF was ever set. So they have a 18 comprehensive category of everything. There is no 19 reason for us to then go through that category again 20 to try and see if there are any examples of what my 21 learned friend seeks, because she already has those 2.2 documents.

23 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Ms Demetriou?

24 MS DEMETRIOU: I think the difficulty is that we don't 25 know if we have got a comprehensive set of documents

because obviously we have got what has been disclosed, but we are asking them to conduct searches to see if there are additional documents indicating that discussions in relation to the interchange fee weren't minuted or were otherwise kept secret.

7 MR JUSTICE ROTH: What you have just been told is you've 8 got all the documents concerning the EEA and UK 9 MIFs, so if any of those documents say, "No further 10 minuting", or "This to be kept confidential", you will have got it. So they have been through all 11 12 those documents and they have provided them and, 13 hence, all your examples. So to say they have got 14 to go and look and see if they have not missed any, 15 but they have done that exercise. I think that is covered. I think you've got that. 16

17 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, I think --

18 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Right, number 3. I am not entirely
19 clear what this is really asking for.

20 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, yes. This relates to the test, the 21 legal test. It is our pleaded case. I can take you 22 back to the pleading. These are documents which are 23 directly relevant to our pleaded case and 24 Mastercard's only response is to say the first time 25 it was asked to disclose these documents was in our

1 amended reply. So be it, but that is our pleading. 2 So there no suggestion that these documents are not relevant. They are plainly relevant to our pleaded 3 4 case and to the test, to the statutory test. 5 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, but I am not quite clear what sort 6 of documents you here have in mind that are not part 7 of documents that address the EEA or UK MIF, the setting of the MIF and the communications with 8 9 others and the internal documents about it. Because 10 insofar as they considered a duty to disclose information about them, that will be in their 11 12 internal documents about those MIFs, won't it? I 13 agree the fact they say it is the first time it was 14 ever suggested is not particularly relevant, but the 15 real question is what additional sort of documents are these beyond the broad categories already 16 identified? 17 18 MS DEMETRIOU: For example, any internal discussion as to

19 whether or not they owe a duty of transparency to 20 the public or to consumers. If you think that that 21 would be caught by the previous categories, then so 22 be it, but that's what we were seeking to include. 23 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I would hope it was caught, even if it 24 hadn't been specifically pleaded, because if there 25 are documents dealing with Mastercard's approach to

1 confidentiality, this is very much part of it. 2 Mr Cook, am I under a misapprehension? 3 MR COOK: No, sir. I mean as you said, sir, we are 4 ordered to provide disclosure of documents which involve our internal consideration of disclosure and 5 transparency and secrecy. It is difficult to 6 7 envisage how there could possibly be a discussion, of the kind my learned friend is talking about, 8 without it occurring in that context of somebody 9 saying, "We should disclose more because we feel 10 under a moral duty, apparently, or we shouldn't 11 12 disclose more for whatever reason." The reasons 13 would be it, yes. 14 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It clearly should be covered and that 15 is now on the record. It is relevant and you will get it. But I don't think it needs a separate 16 17 category, because it is part of the previous 18 category. 19 That's (i). Then there's (ii) under 3. Now, 20 there Mastercard says -- this is about 21 confidentiality -- they would be preliminary, 22 wouldn't reflect any decision. You've got the minutes and anything else is preliminary. Well, 23 there can be internal documents prior to, board 24 minutes, which are fairly succinct. I'm not quite 25

1 sure that is a helpful explanation Mr Cook in 2 relation to 3(ii), you say you agree in principle any relevant information, documents relevant to any 3 4 review is potentially relevant. 5 MR COOK: Sir, I think this category has been overtaken 6 by events because you have made clear, sir, that we 7 do need to give disclosure of internal correspondence of these matters. It is difficult to 8 9 see how this could add anything to what you have 10 already said, sir, is the appropriate disclosure. MR JUSTICE ROTH: So these will be provided. 11 12 MR COOK: Yes. 13 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Right. I think 4(i) and (ii) are 14 agreed and then we have got 4(iii) and (iv), and 15 (iii) is OFT and (iv) is European Commission. You 16 are getting the correspondence of everything 17 exchanged with the Commission and Mr Merricks is asking for what the internal deliberations behind 18 19 this. Is that what it is, Ms Demetriou? 20 MS DEMETRIOU: Sorry I was on mute. Yes. So the 21 internal deliberations behind this and any -- so if 22 we start with (iv), so documents and/or correspondence in relation to the confidentiality 23 claims. So it is the internal consideration or 24 correspondence relating to confidentiality claims. 25

You will recall that this is a plank of our pleaded case that even in their dealings with the regulators, Mastercard was keen to keep details of the interchange fees confidential, so we do say this is plainly relevant.

6 MR JUSTICE ROTH: You get the correspondence, that's 7 agreed. Therefore you will see what Mastercard was saying to the regulators has to be kept 8 confidential, but you won't in addition, as I 9 10 understand it, as it were, what, all the drafts of these letters, the internal discussion with 11 12 Mastercard and its lawyers about what it can 13 reasonably ask to be kept confidential. It seems to me it goes far beyond what's really necessary. 14 15 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, in a sense it goes to the heart of our case, because it really highlights. So what 16 17 Mastercard considered had to be kept confidential is 18 that the documents relating to that really go to the 19 heart of our case. Because in their interactions 20 with the Regulator, if they were saying in the 21 background, "We think that this has to be kept 22 confidential because we don't want the public or we don't want merchants to know this so we want to make 23 that confidentiality claim", then that kind of 24 internal explanation is obviously highly relevant to 25

what their attitude was in terms of concealment. 1 2 So the upshot in terms of what the Commission agreed to be confidential doesn't really take you 3 4 very far. What we want to see is the internal 5 deliberation about it all because that's what really 6 sheds light on what Mastercard's position was in 7 terms of concealing these things. MR JUSTICE ROTH: It is not confined to what the 8 9 Commission agreed should be kept confidential, but 10 if Mastercard didn't ask for certain things to be kept confidential, even if someone at a meeting had 11 12 said, "I think we ought to", but then Mastercard 13 didn't, why is that relevant? MS DEMETRIOU: Sorry, sir, why is it relevant to have --14 15 can you just repeat the last? MR JUSTICE ROTH: I see it is not limited to what the 16 17 regulators actually decided should be kept confidential. 18 19 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes. 20 MR JUSTICE ROTH: And it goes beyond to look at what 21 Mastercard asked should be kept confidential, even 22 if some of its requests were turned down. But to go yet a stage further and say, "We want to know about 23 24 what individual views there were within Mastercard

as to what one might claim confidentiality for and

might not", as I said, as one may have said, "I
think this should be kept very confidential, we
ought to make that point", and then others say, "No,
we shouldn't", and they don't. What's the relevance
of that sort of internal discussion and

deliberation?

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7 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, that internal discussion is, in a sense, most likely to shed light on their attitude 8 to concealment. Because if they were saying, "It's 9 10 important to keep this confidential because we don't want merchants to find out X", then that's not going 11 12 to be reflected necessarily in what the Commission 13 is told. So it's precisely the internal reflection on why they are making the confidentiality claims 14 15 that is likely to be most pertinent to our 16 deliberate concealment allegation.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: Have you had the documents, the 17 18 communications about confidentiality with the OFT 19 and the Commission yet? Has it been disclosed yet? 20 MR COOK: Yes. Sir, yes, that was disclosed in October 21 and November last year, sir. That's the Commission 22 file and the OFT file, so they have all exchanges, 23 so far as they are on the file, with both, sir. MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think it is far too broadly framed. 24 There is a general failure to grapple or take on 25

1 board the Tribunal's practice direction on 2 disclosure, which makes very clear that it has got to be -- emphasises proportionality by reference to 3 4 the article of the damages directive. I think you 5 go through the correspondence you've got. If there is a particular claim for confidentiality made to 6 7 either Commission or OFT and you say, "We would like to see the internal documents that led to this 8 claim", then you can ask for it. But I think a 9 10 blanket -- there would be a huge amount of internal documentation and e-mails generated by these 11 12 investigations and to have to go through all of that 13 to see everything there I think goes far beyond 14 what's appropriate.

15 So conduct your search of the correspondence 16 you've got. That will tell you quite a bit about 17 their attitude to secrecy. They will have to 18 justify their requests for confidentiality to the 19 regulators. If you then think this letter begs a 20 lot of questions, then you can say, "We would like 21 to see any internal documents that led to the writing of this letter." But I don't think a 22 23 blanket disclosure is appropriate. Right, 5 is agreed. 6. 24

25 MR COOK: I think that's sort of a moot point, sir, we

1 dispute -- actually they already got all of the 2 correspondence anyway. 3 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I see. They say in their reply the 4 right-hand column, "Mastercard can provide the relevant Bates numbers." I don't know what the 5 6 Bates numbers are. 7 MR COOK: Basically they are the numbers on the 8 disclosure system that are given to the each 9 document, sir. So this a request for us to go 10 through and basically review the documents to find the ones that engage in this correspondence. With 11 12 respect, that is absolutely not a justifiable 13 approach. 14 MR JUSTICE ROTH: It looks as though you have had all 15 this, Ms Demetriou. MS DEMETRIOU: That's what's being said. We weren't 16 17 clear we had had all of the correspondence, but if Mr Cook is saying, "You have had had all the 18 19 correspondence with the European Commission that 20 fits within this category", and they are clear 21 having conducted searches and they are happy to confirm that on the record, then we have had it. 22 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, you can't expect them to go 23 24 through it and tell you what are the most useful documents. 25

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- MS DEMETRIOU: No, sir.

2 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think you have confirmed that,3 haven't you, Mr Cook?

4 MR COOK: It is covered by disclosure searches we have 5 already done, sir.

6 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Was there anything else on the Redfern? 7 MR COOK: Sir, there was only the question of timing. At the last hearing you sort of stayed the deadlines 8 9 for limitation disclosure on the basis there was no 10 point of us doing an exercise without knowing what it was. There is a question now we have clarity, it 11 12 is 22 June, when should this exercise be done. So 13 my suggestion, given obviously what is going on for 14 the next four weeks, is that matters are very 15 pressed and the team is going to be very, very busy 16 indeed on both sides, which is both important in 17 terms of us doing the exercise, but in terms of 18 whether there is a need for anyone at the other end 19 to see documents because they are not going to be 20 doing much with them.

21 So I would suggest this is something that a 22 deadline in early August would be -- 26 August, sir, 23 is our suggested deadline on the basis that that 24 would then, basically it would allow us to start the 25 exercise properly once the causation trial is over, complete it, and I think the next deadline is one in
 late September for my learned friend to review the
 documents we provide and amend their reply to the
 extent they wish to do so. So that still gives them
 plenty of time to complete that step, sir.
 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes.
 MS DEMETRIOU: It absolutely does not give us plenty of

8 time. This was disclosure that was meant to have 9 already been completed and we have to review the 10 documents and replead by, I think 18 September, so it is completely hopeless to be dumped with 11 12 documents at the end of August and expect to review 13 them and replead within about three weeks. This 14 should all have been done already. That is why we 15 pressed for this hearing now. The end of August is 16 hopeless.

MR JUSTICE ROTH: When are you going to be dealing withthem, is the question in practice?

19 MS DEMETRIOU: As soon as possible.

20 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Presumably, in July your team is very 21 engaged with the trial, is it not? Or have you got 22 another team?

23 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, the team is largely involved with the 24 trial, but there will be members of the team that 25 can be usefully engaged in this. So we are

1 certainly not saying that July is a dead month 2 because of the trial. We really do need as much 3 time as we can get to review this disclosure. 4 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes. Well, Mr Cook, is there a way 5 this can be done in stages, so that -- first of all, 6 I haven't even looked at the matters that are agreed 7 and have been agreed for a little while, so that you have known, I don't know when the agreements were 8 reached, but in any event. 9 10 MR COOK: Sir, we have provided a number of tranches, I think one tranche of disclosure already at the end 11 12 of May, sir, where those were stand-alone 13 categories. Of course, while the categories, some 14 of the later ones, were agreed, they were subject to 15 the overriding issue of timescale, i.e. time period, 16 and also whether they cover the interregional MIF. So even the areas of agreement, you know, there were 17 18 still those overarching points to be resolved. So 19 we have given some disclosure already in relation to 20 this, and obviously a lot of the answers we give to 21 this is to say we have already given disclosure of 22 very large amounts of material for the purposes of 23 the causation trial, which almost completely overlaps with this, such as the entire OFT file, the 24 entire Commission file, all of the documents 25

1 relating to the setting of UK and EEA MIFs. So we 2 do not expect there is going to be a huge volume of 3 material here, sir, because all that is left to look 4 for is effectively bits around the edges, were there 5 some policies at some time, was there the exchanges and discussions of some policies at some time. That 6 7 is still a big issue to look for, sir, but in terms of the product, we are not going to be talking 8 thousands of documents, sir, by any means. 9 10 MR JUSTICE ROTH: The major issues of scope and time have been largely resolved by this hearing in your 11 12 favour, so your burden is to that extent very 13 curtailed. It is generally the case that while 14 everyone is incredibly busy now, once one gets close 15 to trial, the burden moves to counsel and the experts and the solicitors and paralegals who have 16 17 been beavering away on disclosure, that has all been done for the July trial. To say that, therefore, 18 19 they can't be continuing this because everyone is 20 involved in the trial, I can see you are and maybe the partner is, and so on, but you wouldn't be doing 21 22 this exercise anyway.

So I do think we need to make some progress
before the holidays.

25 MR COOK: Sir, the problem of course with this case, sir,

1 is that we have not had the luxury of a clear 2 six-week preparation time that one might normally 3 hope for in litigation. So we are going to be 4 leaning very heavily on solicitors who actually are 5 familiar with the documents in the run-up to trial. So they are the ones who know the documents best, 6 7 sir, and they are going to be important in that 8 process. That's going to be true leading right up 9 to preparing cross-examination and cross-examining 10 witnesses, particularly the expert. It is something 11 where this has ended up being a very compressed 12 process where we have not had the clear separation 13 you might thing sometimes arises, sir. So we do 14 think this is something that would be best a process 15 started after the causation trial has completed, so if you feel it should be done a bit faster than I 16 17 suggested, then sir, if you set a deadline, we will have to set a deadline. 18

19 The deadline in any event for the completion of 20 this, sir, was 26 July so my learned friend is wrong 21 to say this should all have been done already. That 22 was the prior deadline in circumstances where it was 23 thought there would be clarity on the categories by 24 April. So there was always an expectation this 25 would be a two or three month process. With

respect, sir, we do say we should be given the opportunity to focus on this properly once causation is over and that should not cause my learned friend great problems because what is left to be disclosed here cannot be any means be a large volume of material.

7 MS DEMETRIOU: Can I just make three points just to 8 correct a couple of things that Mr Cook has said. 9 He spoke blithely of tranches of this disclosure 10 that have will have been provided, but we have received a grand total of 12 documents. 12 11 12 documents, I wouldn't describe documents as 13 "tranches", plural. He also says this disclosure, 14 in any event, had to be completed by the end of July 15 but he omits to say that there were set dates for 16 the tranches from May, so it wasn't all to be 17 provided at the end of July. Then he says there is 18 not going to be much of it anyway. With respect to 19 him, and his omniscience in relation to these 20 matters, he is certainly not in a position to say 21 how much disclosure there is going to be before the 22 searches have been conducted. He is certainly I 23 hope not prejudging the results of those searches. It causes enormous difficulty if they are provided 24 25 late and they have a very, very large document

review team, we know from previous evidence they
 have submitted, and they should really just be
 getting on with it.

4 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I think 26 August is too late. If 5 people are keen to work on things through August, or some will have to. It seems to me there should be a 6 7 little time after the end of the trial if matters have to be reviewed at more senior level. What I am 8 thinking of, Ms Demetriou, is 11 August for 9 10 disclosure. If you need then an extra week for 11 your -- trial is not till January. You say you've 12 got to plead an amended reply by what date? 13 MS DEMETRIOU: 18 September, sir. MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, and then which order is it that 14 15 sets out our timetable? Is it the October order, or is it the -- no, it doesn't seem to be. 16 17 MS DEMETRIOU: It was the February order. I am just trying to find it in the bundle but it was amended. 18 19 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I have got the February order. Yes, 20 just a minute. 21 MR COOK: I think that has the same deadlines, which is 22 core 1317, sir, paragraph 14 is the reply 18 23 September. We either consent to it, if we do we can then serve an amended rejoinder by 20 October, 24 witness statements 27 October, reply statements 17 25

1 November perhaps unlikely, and then skeletons at the end of December. There are not a -- the deadlines 2 3 after that are relatively limited, in practice. It 4 is pleading back from us and witness statements. 5 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes. Just bear with me a moment. Looking at that, it seems to me that if the 6 7 re-re-amended reply is done by 25 September, that's paragraph 14 of that order, it is an extra week, 8 9 paragraph 15 defendants confirm whether they consent 10 by 5 October, you are just considering it and 11 deciding where you consent or not. I think the 12 other dates can stand, it seems to me. 13 MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, we may need more than a week. Taking 14 into account that disclosure was supposed to be 15 completed by 26 July and we were supposed to have 16 tranches in May and June, then it may be that we 17 need more than a week. It has all got to be 18 reviewed, so it is all coming at once, it has all 19 got to be reviewed and the re-pleading has to be 20 done. 21 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Are you having a June tranche or not? 22 MS DEMETRIOU: We have had a grand total, I think, of 12 23 documents. MR JUSTICE ROTH: But I don't know if that includes the 24

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June tranche.

1 MR COOK: Sir, you stayed all additional steps on 2 disclosure on this at the last hearing, sir. There 3 has been one tranche. It was 12 documents because 4 as I indicated there is not likely to be a great 5 deal of consideration of these matters. So the next 6 tranche --

7 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Disclosure you said of the OFT and all 8 correspondence with the OFT and the European Commission that's already been given, hasn't it? 9 10 MR COOK: Yes, sir, so as part of the main disclosure 11 last year, sir, the OFT file, the Commission file, 12 all of the minutes of the meetings, all of those 13 matters were disclosed last year. That's why I am 14 saying we don't anticipate there is going to be a 15 great deal because this is sniping around the edges of something more informal in terms of a policy or 16 discussion. 17

18 MR JUSTICE ROTH: I will say 11 August. I will put it 19 back by a week to 25 September and paragraph 15, 20 this is the order of 10 February that is being 21 varied. So the date in paragraph 15 is put to the 22 25th and the first sentence of paragraph 14 is 5 23 October. I am not going to make any other changes. 24 There is liberty to apply.

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I think you have a lot of material already and

1 I would be surprised if a huge amount of additional 2 material comes on 11 August, but you will see and 3 then you can then decide whether really you need 4 more time. But 11 August, I expect some people will 5 be away, you have then got most of September to consider the reply. I think that should be 6 7 adequate. So that is what we are going to do. MR COOK: Thank you, sir. 8 9 MR JUSTICE ROTH: As I said, I would sit till 1 o'clock. 10 It is now five past. Is there anything else? MS DEMETRIOU: Sir, my instructing solicitors ask me to 11 12 clarify one point on disclosure which I think we had 13 agreed, but because I am being asked, can I be 14 certain. That Mastercard is being ordered to 15 disclose communications relating to what they do and 16 don't record. I think we agreed that I think, but I 17 just wanted to make doubly clear. 18 MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes. If there are any sort of policy 19 documents in relation to, which apply to interchange 20 fees about what should be kept confidential, then 21 they are to be disclosed. But if they are not 22 recovering interchange fees, but other matters, then 23 they need not be disclosed. So they might have a policy about how they disclose employee reference 24 25 files or how they disclose decisions about annual

bonuses, but I don't think -- those are quite 1 2 plausible matters that may be subject to a certain 3 confidentiality and they are completely irrelevant. Be so it is not all policies on what is kept 4 confidential, only insofar as it relates to 5 interchange fees. 6 7 MS DEMETRIOU: Yes, so relating to interchange fees but 8 not just policies, also communications. So, "Don't 9 note that because we want to keep it" --MR JUSTICE ROTH: Yes, if there are any documents 10 11 regarding the setting of the MIFs, that would 12 include things saying, "We shouldn't note this" because something is noted, mainly the fact that we 13 14 don't note it. So that will have been provided is 15 what you have been told. 16 MS DEMETRIOU: Thank you very much. 17 MR JUSTICE ROTH: We have got to stop. Very well. That's the end of this hearing. 18 19 MR COOK: Thank you, sir. 20 (1.09 pm) 21 (The hearing concluded) 22 23 24 25