This Transcript has not been proof read or corrected. It is a working tool for the Tribunal for use in preparing its judgment. It will be placed on the Tribunal Website for readers to see how matters were conducted at the public hearing of these proceedings and is not to be relied on or cited in the context of any other proceedings. The Tribunal's judgment in this matter will be the final and definitive work.

IN THE COMPETITION APPEAL TRIBUNAL

Case No. 1031/2/4/04

Victoria House, Bloomsbury Place,

London WC1A 2EB

29th April 2004

Before:

SIR CHRISTOPHER BELLAMY
(The President)
THE HONOURABLE ANTONY LEWIS
PROFESSOR JOHN PICKERING

Sitting as a Tribunal in England and Wales

BETWEEN:

ALBION WATER LIMITED

Appellant

- and -

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF WATER SERVICES

Respondent

DR JEREMY BRYAN, MR MALCOLM JEFFERY and MR DAVID KNAGGS appeared on behalf of Albion Water Limited.

MS VALENTINA SLOANE and MR HUW BROOKER appeared on behalf of the Director General of Water Services.

MS SUYONG KIM and MS RONA BAR-ISAAC appeared on behalf of the Intervener Dŵr Cymru.

MR FERGUS RANDOLPH and MR SIMON GARDINER appeared on behalf of the Intervener United Utilities Water plc.

Transcribed of the Shorthand notes of Harry Counsell & Co.
Clifford's Inn, Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1LD
Tel: 0207 269 0370

PROCEEDINGS

Thursday, 29th April 2004

THE PRESIDENT: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. Just let me see who we have got here. Have we got Dr Bryan here?

Good morning, Dr Bryan.

DR BRYAN: Good morning, sir.

2.2

THE PRESIDENT: And we have Ofwat, here. Good morning Ms Sloane.

MS SLOANE: Good morning, sir.

THE PRESIDENT: And we have, I imagine, United Utilities. Good morning, Mr Randolph.

MR RANDOLPH: Good morning, sir.

12 THE PRESIDENT: And Dwr Cymru. Good morning, Ms Kim.

MS KIM: Good morning, sir.

THE PRESIDENT: Our normal procedure is it to take the agenda for this Case Management Conference and to, as it were, work through it. I think we just need to sort out two points at the outset.

First of all, we take it that there is no objection to Dr Bryan representing the Appellant, even though he is not legally qualified, for the purpose of these proceedings? (No reply) There being no objection, we take that as read.

DR BRYAN: Thank you.

THE PRESIDENT: Secondly, we are provisionally of the view that both Dŵr Cymru and United Utilities have status to intervene. Is there any objection to that intervention on your part?

DR BRYAN: No, sir.

THE PRESIDENT: Very well. We give both those parties permission to intervene. So we can now consider ourselves, as it were, properly constituted.

I think before we go to the detail of the rest of the agenda, we need to have now some general discussion -- I am looking more at the moment in the direction of Ofwat -- as to where we are in this case and what is the expected timetable for delivery of what is apparently now anticipated to be a final final decision, if I can put it like that, a draft of which was apparently sent out on 7th

April. Have you got an indicative timetable you can give us, Ms Sloane, for bringing this matter to a conclusion? Sir, I can give you a very broad timetable; I MS cannot give you any dates by which the final decision will The Tribunal will have seen from the papers put before you and from the written observations that this is a wide-ranging complaint. There has been voluminous correspondence and a thorough investigation of the issues. On 7th April, the very day (unbeknownst to the Director) that this appeal was lodged, approximately 200 pages of draft decision were sent to the Appellant and the Appellant has been invited to submit comments on that draft. Let me just take instructions on the date by which those are expected. (Pause) The recollection is that the Appellant has been invited to provide comments on that draft within four weeks. The draft has been sent to Dŵr Cymru as well, with the same invitation to provide comments within that time.

THE PRESIDENT: Four weeks, is that right, Dr Bryan? That will take us to early May.

DR BRYAN: That is correct, sir.

- MS SLOANE: The Director's position is then, taking into account the comments of either side----
- THE PRESIDENT: Sorry, just forgive me, for my note, that is Albion Water and Dŵr Cymru?
- MS SLOANE: Yes. The Director is then committed to producing the final decision as soon as practicable after that, obviously taking into account the need to take account of comments provided by Albion Water and Dŵr Cymru.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

1617

1819

20

21

22

2324

2.5

26

2.7

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

39

- MS SLOANE: I am instructed that there may also be extracts, which I think were sent or are due to be sent to United Utilities shortly, with an invitation for them to comment on those extracts within the same sort of time frame.
- THE PRESIDENT: What has been the reason for the delay in sending this to United Utilities?
- MS SLOANE: It has been a matter of confidentiality. The first draft was sent to Albion Water so they could comment on any confidential matters on that, the same with Dŵr

Cymru. So now, once confidentiality issues have been sorted out, the extracts have been sent to United Utilities. Sir, I should explain that, within a much shorter time frame, Albion Water and Dŵr Cymru were invited to come back to the Director and inform him of any confidentiality issues. I think the deadline for that has already passed. Yes, the deadline has passed for Albion Water and my understanding is that Dŵr Cymru is the due to respond by today.

- MS KIM: If I can, I may add that we have discussed this and obtained an extension for letting the Director have our comments on confidentiality tomorrow.
- THE PRESIDENT: I am sorry, I did not quite catch that?

2.7

- MS KIM: They have agreed to have a short extension. We have agreed to supply our comments on confidentiality for tomorrow, with Ofwat's agreement.
- THE PRESIDENT: Right. How long after you have got these comments in, on the assumption that by now quite a lot of issues have been fairly thrashed over, is it reasonable to suppose the Director might take a final decision?
- MS SLOANE: I cannot give an undertaking on a date.
- THE PRESIDENT: We are not seeking an undertaking, although we may in the course of morning ask for an undertaking. We want some feel for how long the Director needs to deal with this.
- MS SLOANE: (Pause) My instructions are that it is very difficult to say. In the past when the Appellants have been asked to provide comments, voluminous comments have been received and the Director has been keen to address those. The Director can only say that he is committed to issuing the decision as soon as practicable, taking into account the comments received.
- THE PRESIDENT: Dr Bryan, what sort of extent of comments on this draft that you have received do you anticipate making, bearing in mind that it is very much, I would have thought, in your interests to now have the final decision as soon as possible?
- DR BRYAN: Indeed, sir. The observation is that it took twelve months from the acceptance of our section 47

application to produce the first draft decision of June last year. At that point, it was scheduled it would take a further six months, November last year, to produce the final decision. It has actually taken almost twelve months to produce a further draft decision, and that is clearly not in Albion Water's interests.

Were the Tribunal minded to require the Director to produce a final decision as the most expedient and fair way of dealing with this matter, then it would be our intention to offer no comment whatsoever on the basis that the revised draft is so flawed that any comment would be substantive and would delay the process still further.

- THE PRESIDENT: So, for the purposes of today, are we to take it that, as at presently advised, you do not intend to make any comments?
- DR BRYAN: That is true, sir. We would not intend to make any comments on the draft.
- THE PRESIDENT: Right. There being no comments from Albion Water on the draft, is there any particular difficulty in the Director proceeding to take a decision pretty rapidly? If you want a moment to take instructions.
- MS SLOANE: (Pause) Sir, if Albion Water is not going to make any further comments, that is obviously helpful and will help to expedite the issue of the final decision. The Director will obviously still have to take into account comments provided by the other parties to which the invitation has been sent.
- THE PRESIDENT: Though we have not seen the draft, and we are not particularly asking to do so at this stage, our understanding is that this is a draft adverse to Albion Water and it is rather hard to see why you need much time to consider the comments of Dŵr Cymru and United Utilities.
- MS SLOANE: No, it may be it will not be much time. But, having invited comments, the Director would of course wish to take into account any which are produced.
- THE PRESIDENT: Shall we look at the situation we have got here at the moment provisionally in little more detail, looking at the appeal as we have got it? As I think

emerges from the Tribunal's previous case law -- I am thinking of decisions we have taken on admissibility and I am thinking also of the decision I took in Freeserve on the extension of time -- the Tribunal attaches high importance to complaints being decided expeditiously and to a proper system of remedies being in place. situation that emerges in this case is that, for whatever reason, and I am not taking a view on what the reasons are at the moment, this particular case seems to have taken a very long time to reach a point of decision. And there may be cases -- the Tribunal is not saying this is one -in which a reasonable time extends itself over into an inordinate delay. We, I think, as the Tribunal, therefore, have to consider, and I think would consider if this case as at presently constituted were to continue, what is the right legal framework for the Tribunal to exercise jurisdiction in a case such as the present? Do we accept that there is simply a gap in the legislation that the prospective Appellant has no way of extracting a decision from the regulator, or that the Appellant's only remedy is by some other route, or what? If we look at this case, at least provisionally,

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16

1718

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

3334

35

36

3738

39

despite the submissions that are made in the Director's observations for this conference today, it does not seem to us, at the moment, entirely clear that there is no decision at the moment and there are various routes, I think, that would need to be explored in argument as to how one might arrive at that view. One route is that there have, or it seems to emerge from the correspondence that there has, been a succession of promises to produce a decision by various dates, the latest one being by the end of March, and there may, it seems to us, come a time when it is right for the Tribunal simply to imply a decision if a decision is promised and is not taken. connection, this case potentially raises a very wide-ranging point, which is: at what point should the Tribunal deem the decision to have been taken so as to give rise to jurisdiction? We are now, as from Monday, even closer allied to the European regime than we have

 been before, with Regulation 1 of 2003 coming into force which, under the EC laws, very clearly implies a procedure for deeming decisions to be taken and giving the prospective Appellant the right to go to the court to challenge the decision; that, in turn, being a view that is consistent with Article 6 of the Convention and so So if the appeal as constituted cannot, in our view, be regarded, at this stage at least -- and, as I say, we are not expressing any view -- at first sight it does not seem to us to be regarded as manifestly unfounded or not an appeal which is capable of giving rise to So there is that procedural aspect. It may jurisdiction. very well be that, in a case of extensive delay of this kind, that is the right case in which this sort of issue should be explored in the interests of seeing what sort of system we have got, whether it gives rise to some remedy, and, if it does not, whether anybody else should do something about it by way of amendment to the rules, for example. That is quite important.

Equally important from the Appellant's point of view is to come to grips with the issues with which the Appellant is concerned on the merits that are now apparently the subject of this further draft. Given the events that have happened, it is probably very much in the Appellant's interests to want to come to grips with those events as soon as possible.

So the question arises: what should the Tribunal do? As at present advised, in many ways there are considerable attractions in dealing with the procedural issues that arise in the present case with a view to taking a fairly wide-ranging decision of principle as to the extent to which regulatory delay can continue without any appealable decision being taken. From the point of view of the system, there are attractions in that approach.

From the Appellant's point of view, however, that may not be a particularly fruitful use of the Appellant's time as the Appellant has no particular abstract interest in seeing how the system works and

wants, we assume, to arrive at the decision of his case. From the Appellant's point of view, it may be more desirable for the decision to be taken and for one to get on as fast as possible with the substantive issue. If a further decision was to be taken within a short time, then that might mean that we would not need to deal with the procedural issue and could wait for another case in which to deal with it.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16

17

18 19

2.0

21

22

23

24

2.5

2627

28

29

30

31

3233

34

35 36

37

38 39

There would then be a further issue which would be, if there were a further decision, whether that decision could be addressed in the context of this case by some procedural route to be explored or whether one would need a fresh appeal against that new decision. Claymore, which is admittedly not completely analogous but has some resemblance to this case, effectively what we allowed the respondent authority to do was to plead in its defence the "decision" that he had taken but not really explained very well in the letter of rejection, so that the Appellant had, in the defence, the full bounds of the case against him, and we then allowed the Appellant to amend the Notice of Appeal to attack the relevant decision, thus obviating the need to go back to square On the other hand, depending on what the nature of this draft is -- it sounds, from what I gather, a fairly substantial document -- it may be cleaner just to restart the clock. I do not know.

But really I think it all depends, from the Tribunal's point of view, on when this final decision might be taken. I think it might be too difficult for us to simply do nothing until we are a bit clearer as to when specifically in relation to dates we might expect this matter to be concluded.

MS SLOANE: May I take instructions on that?

THE PRESIDENT: I do not know whether you would like us just to retire for a few minutes while you have a little discussion, Ms Sloane? I think what we are feeling for and looking for at the moment is some pretty concrete indication, in light of the fact that Albion is not going to make any comments, as to when a final decision can

reasonably be expected?

DR BRYAN: Sir, if I can make an observation about your comment about the procedural issues?

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

1 2

2.7

 DR BRYAN: Yes, of course it is in Albion's interests that this matter is resolved as soon as possible. However, I would draw to the Tribunal's attention the fact that there are several other similar cases which have been held up in Ofwat awaiting something which amounts to an appealable decision and where I think we and others in this area would welcome guidance from the Tribunal on this matter. I would also note that Ofwat, since the Act came into effect in 2000, and despite complaints which I think must number over one hundred, has only ever made one appealable decision in Albion -v- Thames Water. That was subject to a section 47 notice over a year ago and no word has come from Ofwat about that.

So, much as I would like to get to the substance of this specific case, I do believe that there are wider issues and that we need to take the wider interests both of Albion and the industry to heart.

- THE PRESIDENT: I see. Just to take two points from that which you have just said there: there is one decision, as you rightly say, under the Competition Act, I think it is on the Director's website. You say there is a section 47 request outstanding in relation to that.
- DR BRYAN: Yes, sir. There was an initial section 47 request that gave rise to the formal decision----
- THE PRESIDENT: I mean a request to vary.
- DR BRYAN: Yes, indeed. Then, subsequent to the formal publication of that decision, there was a subsequent request brought to vary which I believe has now been outstanding for the best part of a year -- I do not have the precise date -- and no information is forthcoming on the progress of that.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I think perhaps I ought to ask the Interveners whether they have any position on the matters at the moment?

Mr Randolph, we are discussing quite informally

- and I am not taking any position but just exploring parameters.
- 3 MR RANDOLPH: Absolutely, sir. I would need to take
 4 instructions. One thing I can assist the Tribunal with, I
 5 think, is with regards to the time it would take for my
 6 client to respond to the extracts -- not the 200 pages but
 7 the extracts. We were sent extracts before and they were
 8 fairly short extracts. A lot was excluded and there was
 9 relatively little for us to comment on. I deliberately
- 10 specifically took instructions----
- 11 THE PRESIDENT: You are expecting to get some more, are you?
- 12 MR RANDOLPH: We will get some more. We have just been told
- we will get some sometime soon in the light of other
- 14 comments from Albion and Dŵr Cymru. Just so that the
- Tribunal will know, we will turn that round as quickly as
- 16 possible because Dŵr Cymru want this matter sorted, Albion
- 17 want it sorted, Ofwat want it sorted and we want it
- 18 sorted.
- 19 THE PRESIDENT: Yes, it is in your interests.
- 20 MR RANDOLPH: It is. The wider issue is obviously hugely
- 21 important because it will range across the jurisdiction of
- this Tribunal in whatever area.
- 23 THE PRESIDENT: Yes.
- 24 MR RANDOLPH: I would like to take specific instructions, if
- I may, as to what my client's position is on that. It may
- 26 well be we share common ground with Albion in terms of
- 27 wanting to have clarification as to what Ofwat must and
- 28 must not do and what does and does not constitute a
- decision. Obviously we are in the same industry and it
- may be in other areas we would like to press on and deal
- 31 with matters we bring to their attention. However, I
- 32 simply do not know. Those are my comments so far.
- 33 THE PRESIDENT: Thank you very much, Mr Randolph. Yes, Ms
- 34 Kim.
- 35 MS KIM: Sir, on the issue of timing, the comments back from
- my client Dŵr Cymru, we also would like to push forward as
- fast as possible. Whilst we have been given formally a
- deadline of 21st May in which to give our comments on the
- 39 draft decision, I have taken instructions just now and I

- think we could also speed that up. We anticipate we would not need much more than a two-week period from now.
 - THE PRESIDENT: Two weeks from now would take us...
 - MS KIM: I am being cautious on that and we may be able to do it faster than that.
 - THE PRESIDENT: That is an indicative indication. Today is the 29th, so that is May 13th.
 - MS KIM: In essence, we bring forward that deadline by one week. Possibly, if we are even more successful, it may be even sooner than that.
- 11 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Are you expecting to get any more stuff 12 so far covered by confidentiality or have you had 13 everything you are expecting to get?
 - MS KIM: We have had everything we are expecting to get. We do have substantive comments on confidentiality we will go back to.
- 17 | THE PRESIDENT: That is vis-à-vis United Utilities.
- 18 MS KIM: Yes, and in the sense of being a third party----
- 19 THE PRESIDENT: And for publication?

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

14

15

16

23

24

25

26

2.7

28

29

3031

32

33

35

- 20 MS KIM: And for publication. There are also some confidentiality issues vis-à-vis Albion Water we might have.
 - THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I see. I do not know if you can help me, Ms Kim, or those with you, how much more are you expecting to send to United Utilities once you have sorted out confidentiality? (Pause) Ms Kim, when you said a moment ago you said you needed two weeks from now and you could speed up, we understood initially that the document had been sent out on 7th April with comments due in four weeks' time from that.
 - MS KIM: No, in fact that was the version of the draft decision that was sent to the Appellant. We in fact received ours later than that.
- 34 | THE PRESIDENT: I see, so you have still got four weeks?
 - MS KIM: We received it on the 20th.
- 36 MS SLOANE: Sir, my instructions are that it will be a matter 37 of a few pages which United Utilities would be unfamiliar 38 with or not previously seen of the issues. There will be 39 more actually sent to them, but the rest of this they

would be familiar with.

2.7

 THE PRESIDENT: So not much? What are you saying: not much that they have not seen before?

- MS SLOANE: Not much which is new for them to deal with.
- THE PRESIDENT: Nothing really new; is that a fair paraphrase?

 I am just trying to understand.
- MS SLOANE: A few pages of new issues which they might wish to address.

THE PRESIDENT: Right. Well, I suspect that what we are still looking for is whether there is any chance, at least this morning or whether before we all part for the purposes of today, for some indicative timetable for the final decision so that we can decide on an informed basis what to do about the existing appeal.

The options I think are, as far as today is concerned, to make no order today on the basis of some understanding as to the timetable; or to set this case down for a preliminary issue, which would involve canvassing the points I have indicated; or to indicate that we do not rule out the possibility of a preliminary issue but we will review that decision as and when the main substantive decision on the merits is available. It is an important point. But, on the other hand, if it becomes overtaken by events because there is a decision, the Tribunal may not, in the end, decide whether to deal with the procedural issue in an appeal that has become moot, as the Americans would say. We will have to see.

What I would suggest is that we rise now for about ten minutes or so at least -- you can have longer if you want it -- just for everybody to think a bit about what we have said. We will come back in fifteen minutes unless you call us earlier and just continue this discussion.

(Short Adjournment)

- THE PRESIDENT: Yes, Ms Sloane, have you anything you can usefully add?
- MS SLOANE: Sir, my instructions are that, without knowing precisely what Dŵr Cymru is going to state in relation to the draft decision, no guarantee can be given as to the

date. In this regard I would say that it is notable that the draft does query Dŵr Cymru's approach on certain matters.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

MS SLOANE: So there may well be substantive comments on those. But the Director estimates, if all observations are received by mid-May, and is grateful to the position of the parties on that, that the decision could be issued in July.

THE PRESIDENT: July?

1 2

2.7

MS SLOANE: But that is an estimate.

THE PRESIDENT: Why is it, in a case that began originally in December 2000, and I know it has evolved since then, that the Director still needs two more months from now in which to come to the final view? There seems to be some reluctance to grip the nettle and give the Appellant the right of appeal which he would normally have.

MS SLOANE: Sir, that would be a matter of approximately eight weeks to take into account the comments and then for the Director to review the final decision, finalise it and then issue it.

THE PRESIDENT: What is it? I mean, are there new matters that even at this stage are going to take that sort of time? It is a decision apparently rejecting Albion's complaint. Albion has no comment it is going to make on the decision. Why can you not just take the decision?

MS SLOANE: Because the draft has now been sent to Dŵr Cymru and United Utilities. As I have said, it does make criticisms of Dŵr Cymru's approach on certain matters and has invited that party to come back with comments. Those comments are going to be coming in by mid-May, but the Director will have to take those into consideration.

THE PRESIDENT: But he cannot possibly need two months in order to take comments of a party against whom the decision is not being taken, as it were, can he, really?

MS SLOANE: Those are my instructions.

THE PRESIDENT: Those are your instructions.

 $\mbox{\sc Right,}$ let us go round the table and see the reaction.

DR BRYAN: I admit to disappointment but not surprise, sir. If the Director says July, then in our experience it will inevitably be 31st of or the early days of August. I say that without meaning to be at all spiteful. It is our experience.

2.7

I find it very difficult. My view was that if the other parties can produce responses by mid-May, I would expect a decision by the beginning of June and our inclination would be that that would be the best way of proceeding, to effectively start the appeal and to judge the matter on its merits at that point. But the end of July, which I think is what it will transpire, is something which with the best will in the world we cannot afford to do. I doubt we will be in a position to fight that appeal as strongly as we could now.

THE PRESIDENT: Do you want to just elaborate a little on that?

DR BRYAN: Yes, sir, thank you. At the moment, indeed since 1st May 1999 when the inset appointment came into effect, Albion has been deprived of any margin at all on sales of almost £2 million worth of water. We have, through the course of this, complained and, indeed, prior to 1999, under the provisions of the Water Industry Act, tried to get what we would see as a fair price. We failed in that matter.

The ability for Albion to fight this case has, in the first instance, been made possible by its former parent, Enviro-Logic. Enviro-Logic could not stand the strain and has now withdrawn from the competitive market. Albion, since late February, has now been acquired by Waterlevel -- the major shareholder of which you see before you -- and we are totally dependent in terms of income on the voluntary additional payments made by our principal customer, Shotton Paper, who pay currently a 3 pence per cubic metre voluntary uplift on our buying price for water, which also happens to be the market selling price.

Under the agreement that we have with Shotton Paper it was anticipated that this appeal would be

launched immediately following the decision that we were promised, the final decision that we were promised for November 2003, some three years after the complaint was lodged. That level of support lasts until June, at which point it was anticipated that the appeal would be complete or almost complete for a period of some seven months, and at that point the level of support halves to a point where we will still be able to meet Albion's statutory obligations as a water undertaker, but only that, and there will be no further funds available for the payment of the directors, who are already, and have been since Waterlevel became active in July, subsisting on a thirty per cent reduction on their previous salary and I have drawn no salary at all for the period July to March this year.

1 2

It is under those circumstances that this continuing delay is going to grievously damage Albion still further.

- THE PRESIDENT: To what extent is the Director, according to you, on notice of these particular instances?
- DR BRYAN: He is privy to them in a great deal of detail, sir. The process of extracting Albion from the ownership of Pennon, Enviro-Logic's joint venture partner, was something which Pennon insisted had Ofwat's blessing, and as part of that process Ofwat required a detailed business plan showing how Albion would finance its funding. As part of that business plan we made it very clear, and it is included in the skeleton that was handed round before----
- THE PRESIDENT: I am sorry, we have not had a chance to read
- 32 DR BRYAN: I do apologise for the lateness of that.
- 33 THE PRESIDENT: Do not apologise, it is just we have not had a chance to look at it yet.
- 35 DR BRYAN: The complete business plan is appended there.
- 36 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. What I am just searching for is
 37 information about the fact that the level of support goes
 38 down.
 - DR BRYAN: If you turn to page 25, sir, in that skeleton pack

you will see a spreadsheet. What I would do is draw your attention, first of all, to the line immediately above "Total Revenue" in the first block of figures. That line reads "non-Tariff contribution to CA98 complaint costs".

THE PRESIDENT: Oh yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16

17

18 19

2021

22

2324

25

26

2.7

28

29

30

31

3233

34

35

36

37

38

39

DR

BRYAN: That is the voluntary contribution that UPM, Shotton Paper, have made. You will notice, sir, that from May to June that contribution drops. It varies month by month because it is based on the volume of water used and that tends to vary. You will also see, if you look down at the first item under "Overheads", there is a figure there of a little short of £4,000. Those are the direct costs of the full-time employee that we have at Shotton and a contribution to the costs of another employee who looks after water quality matters, plus a small amount of input from the directors on higher level matters. you then look at the bottom line, and this is for Albion Water rather than Waterlevel, you will see that the contribution that Albion Water can make to Waterlevel drops to something in the region of £2,500 a month beyond June. With the efforts that we are putting into fighting the appeal, that represents pretty much the totality of Waterlevel's income.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

DR BRYAN: Ofwat were aware of this in November last year.

Indeed before then they were the ones who asked us to refine this model. They further asked us, as you will see in the attachments, page 11 through to 13 of the skeleton, for the correspondence between UPM and Ofwat confirming that level of support. I have to say----

THE PRESIDENT: Just let me catch up. I am sorry. (Pause)
That is the letter of 10th December?

DR BRYAN: Yes, sir.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes. That was provided to the Director when?

DR BRYAN: The correspondence on this matter began with the

BRYAN: The correspondence on this matter began with the Director in September 2003.

THE PRESIDENT: There is a letter of 24th January, it is on the following page, your page 12, in which Mr Mason, apparently on behalf of the Director, referred to the

letter of 10th December. Is that the one?

DR BRYAN: That is correct, sir. At that point, Ofwat were not entirely satisfied with the level of commitment given by the Managing Director of UPM and required him to confirm that he had board approval for such commitment.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

2.7

 DR BRYAN: I think, sir, that having spent the adjournment considering the wider issues, we are also of the view, no matter how important the procedural issues are that you have elaborated on, we cannot afford to delay resolution of this matter by exploring those. What we would, however, say is that there are other cases that I alluded to earlier which would make better candidates from our point of view for the exploration of these procedural issues and would have less immediate impact on the financing of the company.

That, with your permission, in due course, would be the route that we are likely to take.

- THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I see. Forgive me for not having picked it up if you have, but have you applied to the Director for any kind of interim relief pending his decision?
- DR BRYAN: We did explore the matter with Ofwat. I do not have the documentation to hand.
- THE PRESIDENT: No.
- DR BRYAN: It was made clear to us that such an application would delay the decision and it was clear from the response we got from Ofwat that such an application was unlikely to succeed. But I can indeed dig out that correspondence and submit it to the Tribunal.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes. In that regard it is probably worth observing in passing that quite a lot of things happen on 1st May 2004, and we one of the things that happens is that the Tribunal has jurisdiction in a case where the Director has refused interim measures if they have been asked for, which is a new provision. However, thank you for that.

Ms Sloane, in making this time estimate that you have just given us how far has the Director taken into account the fact that the support of UPM, the parent, goes

down substantially at the end of June?

MS SLOANE: (Pause) I am instructed that the Director is aware of the pressure that Albion Water is under and, as I have already stated, is committed to issuing the decision as soon as practicable. If there are no substantial comments from Dŵr Cymru, it may well be that the decision can be expedited, can come out before the end of July. Without knowing what those comments are, no guarantee can be given.

THE PRESIDENT: Interveners?

MR RANDOLPH: Sir, obviously, as I have already said, my client would like this decision as soon as possible. With regard, sir, to your three options----

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

2.7

 MR

RANDOLPH: ----we, too, having reflected outside court, have come to the decision that we would prefer to press on and deal with the matter on the merits when a new decision is taken, on the basis that the new decision, the final decision, is taken relatively rapidly. What we do not want to have is there to be some form of new delay, not deal with the interesting and important point on admissibility and issues of when is a decision not a decision, wait for the decision to come out and lose quite a lot of time thereby. Because I think, sir, you said your option three was you would not rule out the possibility of looking at the issue of the admissibility of the appeal, when a decision is not a decision, it might be moot, it might not be, but let us wait and see.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

MR RANDOLPH: We would prefer to go down that route on the basis that a decision taken, obviously it impacts on -the continuing uncertainty on this particular issue impacts directly on us because we abstract the water which eventually gets sent down to Shotton. That is not helpful in terms of planning and things like that.

So I think, on the basis that a decision is taken relatively quickly, that would make the most sense to us, it seems, because if there is a final decision which everyone agrees, Ofwat agrees is the final

decision----

2.4

2.7

THE PRESIDENT: You want to guard against the risk that, despite everybody's declarations, the final decision somehow slips.

MR RANDOLPH: Indeed.

THE PRESIDENT: By the end of July we are into the holiday period, then it is September and, before we know where we are, another six months has gone by.

MR RANDOLPH: Indeed. Of course, the Tribunal has the jurisdiction to call the parties back to the Case Management Conference if there is direction from the Director that he will not be able to keep to the timetable he has set out and the Tribunal could then come to a decision.

THE PRESIDENT: On a better informed basis.

MR RANDOLPH: On a better informed basis. It is rather difficult at the moment and I understand my learned friend's difficulties because obviously she does not know what Dŵr Cymru are going to say.

THE PRESIDENT: No, quite.

MR RANDOLPH: It does make it very difficult to set down something in stone when there are uncertainties flying around. That, sir, is our preferred course.

THE PRESIDENT: Thank you very much. Yes, Ms Kim.

MS KIM: I think we echo the comments of United Utilities. We believe also that an appeal on the substantive decision would by far be the cleanest course as long as, clearly, the interests of the Appellant are observed in having a relatively speedy decision.

As I mentioned before we adjourned, on Dŵr Cymru's side clearly we could be a potential log jam if we had a massive number of comments on the draft decision. As I indicated, we would hope to deal relatively swiftly with those -- I already indicated within the period of two weeks and possibly shorter if we can come to it quicker than this. We have clearly had the benefit of a very quick look at the draft decision and there are some issues on which we may well have comments, but we would hope not to have a vast array of comments.

THE PRESIDENT: I am just asking the question, I am not trying to suggest the answer — the answer may be fairly obvious: to what extent can you assure the Tribunal that, from Dŵr Cymru's point of view, that company is anxious to cooperate as far as possible to enable the Director to arrive at a speedy final decision?

1 2

2.2

- MS KIM: As you have had stated, sir, the draft decision currently is in the company's favour. It is a decision which finds that there has been no infringement. There is no reason why we would wish to delay the decision coming out and being issued. So, on the part of Dŵr Cymru, all expedition is what we would also be in support of.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes, very well. Right, do you want to come back on any of that, Ms Sloane, or have I effectively got your submissions?
- MS SLOANE: (Pause) No, sir. No further comment.
- THE PRESIDENT: Thank you. (Pause) The Tribunal will rise and then we will decide what we are going to do.

(Short Adjournment)

THE PRESIDENT: Before we finally decide what we are going to do, we have come to the view we do actually need a little bit more information to fit in one missing piece of this particular jigsaw, which does relate to Albion Water's application for interim relief and the financial situation of the company as just explained to us by Dr Bryan.

We notice, and this question is more for Dŵr Cymru, that there is a letter from Albion Water to Dŵr Cymru of the 21st April which invites Dŵr Cymru's comments on the question of interim relief. What we would like to know is whether there has been any response to that letter and, if so, what it is? Are you able to help us on that at all, Ms Kim?

MS KIM: I hope to a degree I can. If I may make one prefatory remark, which is that the position of Dŵr Cymru on the application for interim measures is that the bulk supplier agreement that had expired back in May 2003 has continued in effect, because the Applicants have been continuing to receive water under the terms of that old agreement and negotiations for a new agreement have been

ongoing for some time. There are clearly issues which now the Appellants have raised in relation to those negotiations, but, from our point of view, they are not the subject of the original complaint to Ofwat, nor are they, in our view, subject to any purported decision by Ofwat.

- THE Not subject of the original complaint. PRESIDENT:
- MS KIM: No.

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

37

38

39

- THEPRESIDENT: Nor subject to a decision, including, presumably, the envisaged draft decision?
- MS That is right. Clearly, we are talking about a supply of water and there may be some links between an access price and the bulk supply price as well, but they are not one and the same thing. We would say that the issue of the bulk supply is not part of the decision and, therefore, we would say, under Rule 61, it is not a proper subject of interim measures before this Tribunal.
- PRESIDENT: Sorry, I just need to look up Rule 61. (Pause) THEWhat about Rule 61(2)?
- MS KIM: Well, on that matter we would say that the Applicant has not pleaded to date. Insofar as we have not yet clearly seen the full notice of application, I, first of all, say that----
- THE PRESIDENT: No, I see, you are not in the picture yet.
- MS But we would dispute that they have a prima facie case in the first place, and they have not shown the relevant grave and irreparable harm that is required.
- PRESIDENT: Not met the threshold. THE
- That would be our position on that. MS

On the question of response to the letter from Albion Water, my understanding is that Dŵr Cymru has responded and the bottom line is that they have invited Albion Water to apply for the determination from the Director because it seems to us that that has not been pursued.

- 36 THE PRESIDENT: A determination as to the bulk price, you mean?
 - MS KIM: Yes, that was the route that was pursued when the original appointment came into being. Although the

Director did not have to issue a determination because the parties in effect went to the price he had discussed with them, there was a determination <u>de facto</u> of the original price. We think that is the appropriate route in relation to this current bulk supply renegotiation, so we believe it is not a matter that is relevant to the allegations on common carriage access.

- THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I see. Do you have any comment on that, Dr Bryan?
- BRYAN: If I may respond, sir. The original DR determination, or the Director has not called it a determination, it was the price he was minded to determine, it was made very clear to us that the only way we were going to proceed with the inset prior to 1999 was to accept that price. There was no negotiation about it. Subsequent to that decision, we did try to appeal that price with the Director under the provisions of the Water Industry Act that my friend has just referred to. Director declined to do so, effectively saying: "That was the price I decided back then and I am not going to revisit it now." Our view is that were we to agree to Welsh Water's request to ask the Director to determine the bulk supply price under the Water Industry Act, we would be back where we started with a price that we have always deemed to be inherently unfair.

It might help the Tribunal if I were to show the train of thought which led us to claim this particular interim relief. I will try and do so as clearly and concisely as possible. First of all----

- MS KIM: If I may interrupt, there may be items here that are confidential.
- 32 THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Would you be careful not to mention any figures.
- 34 DR BRYAN: I will be careful.

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

1617

18 19

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

26

2.7

28

29

30

31

37

38 39

- 35 THE PRESIDENT: Do not mention any figures and do not trespass on confidentiality.
 - DR BRYAN: If you would care to look at the enclosures file, tab 7, page 32, this document relates to the justification for the access price that lies at the heart of the

complaint.

2.7

 THE PRESIDENT: Tab 7, page 32?

DR BRYAN: Tab 7, page 32. At paragraph 3 on that page----

THE PRESIDENT: The attached appendix?

DR BRYAN: Indeed, and I do not think that there is any confidentiality associated with this, the second sentence in this provides the linkage between the access price and the bulk supply price. Fundamentally the difference between the two is that the bulk supply price includes the price that Dŵr Cymru paid to United Utilities for their water. It is their water at the start of the process. The access price excludes that cost, because the basis of our proposal is that we buy that water directly from United Utilities and use the Ashgrove system to transport it. So therein lies the linkage.

That is made very clear on page 34 of the same document, Schedule A. I will not refer to the figures, but if you look at the column headed "Non potable" and the column "Albion Water Common Carriage", you will see that linkage that I have just described. I would ask you in particular to reflect or remember the figures that are quoted there for the treatment and bulk distribution component; in other words, the two components which together comprise the common carriage access price.

Could I then ask you, sir, to turn to page 47 of the same tab -- sir, I am relying solely on evidence provided by Dŵr Cymru -- a letter to Beryl Brown of 16th January. This was withheld from us for a period of a further two months, but I am not sure what inference to draw from that. If you look at the body of that letter you will see that there are revised figures given for both the treatment costs and the transport costs.

THE PRESIDENT: Just a moment. Yes.

DR BRYAN: The difference between those two sets of figures leads us to the sum we believe that we have been overcharged, using Welsh Water's own evidence, for the period that this latter tariff, the letter of 16th January, was deemed to apply, namely from 1st April 2003 until 31st March 2004. That difference is significant.

We do not accept necessarily the validity of the latter figures, but what we do accept is that those figures demonstrate unequivocally that the earlier figures were too high. I think it is worth mentioning that Ofwat's draft decision makes it very clear — this is the decision of 7th April — that Welsh were in error in calculating those original figures that are the subject of complaint. Ofwat then goes on, in effect, to justify that action on behalf of Welsh and conclude that it was not breaching the Chapter II prohibition in so doing.

2.7

 $\,$ That, sir, is as clear as I can make the trail that leads us to the application.

- THE PRESIDENT: Yes. Does Ofwat want to make any comment on this aspect?
- MS SLOANE: (Pause) In short, Ofwat's position is, in essence, the same as that set out by Dŵr Cymru and as set in the Director's written observations. Taking very shortly the letter of 16th January which you have just been shown, I would draw to the Tribunal's attention the penultimate paragraph, which states:

"Should a similar application be made, the bulk prices that formed the basis of the start for any new applications would not include any other administrative and associated costs. It is not as clear-cut and as simple an issue as is being presented."

In any event, in Ofwat's position that is beside the point. These are not valid interim measures.

- THE PRESIDENT: There is no presently valid request before the Tribunal giving us jurisdiction to grant interim measures because what, because this aspect of the matter, according to you, is not the subject of the original complaint and has not been----
- MS SLOANE: Of any investigation or decision by the Director.
- THE PRESIDENT: Not been the subject of an investigation.
- MS SLOANE: Of a CA98 investigation by the Director. It is not even mentioned as the subject of any of the six identified and alleged matters of appeal in the Notice of Appeal.
- THE PRESIDENT: That has clarified, I think, our minds on

that. We will retire again. We will not be back until
shortly before lunch.

- THE PRESIDENT: Yes. I am not sure you actually need an order to that effect. We just serve the pleadings on the Interveners in the ordinary way. Thank you for alerting me to that, Mr Randolph. What I suggest is we simply extend generally the Interveners' time for serving any pleadings in response and we will revisit that question again at the next Case Management Conference on 2nd June, if we have to.
- DR BRYAN: Thank you, sir. I will indeed follow your guidance and be in touch with Ofwat.

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

THE PRESIDENT: Do not misunderstand, we have not given any

guidance, we have simply explained what the situation is.

DR BRYAN: I do appreciate that and it makes a great deal of sense. I have some concerns about the speed with which Ofwat will respond. We can doubtless come back to you if we need to.

Given the issue of timing, there is an application for disclosure. There are many documents that Ofwat have that would be helpful in terms of speeding us up. I am aware that Ofwat is arguing that our net has been drawn too wide and, rather than detain the Tribunal any longer, I would like to make a suggestion that we write to Ofwat about the specific documents that they themselves have identified as source material in their various draft decisions but that we have not yet had sight of and invite them to copy those to us so that no time is wasted. I wonder whether you would have an opinion on that.

- THE PRESIDENT: As a general rule, certainly as regards any documents that are referred to in the latest draft decision, documents that are referred to in a decision are normally relevant to the proceedings and normally discloseable, subject to the provisions of protecting confidentiality. So I hope that that issue can be sorted out by consent, with a reasonable attitude being adopted on both sides.
- DR BRYAN: Thank you, sir.
- MS SLOANE: Sir, taking the disclosure point first, it would be helpful if that letter could be copied to the Interveners in order to deal with the issues of confidentiality.
- THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

1 2

2.7

- MS SLOANE: The only other point outstanding is the service of the defence. We would seek an order, as perhaps would the Interveners, that that issue be decided, if necessary, at the CMC, but that time for service of the defence be extended until then.
- THE PRESIDENT: We will extend the time proportionately, taking into account the further CMC.

Thank you very much for your help, everybody. I

1 2 3 4	am sorry we have gone on through lunch and messed up everybody's lunch break. Thank you all very much for you help.	<u></u>